TRUBNER'S ORIENTAL SERIES

EASTERN

PROVERBS AND EMBL

ILLUSTRATING OLD TRUTTES

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THE REV J LONG MENTER OF THE BENGAL ASIATI SOCIETY FRAGE

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PREFACE.

THE materials from which this little work has been compiled are scattered over more than 1000 volumes, some very rare, and to be consulted only in libraries in India, Russia and other parts of the Continent, or in the British Museum. The field has been so wide and the materials so immense, that the work of condensation has been almost as difficult as that of collecting, many statements are, therefore, simply suggestive, amplification would require several volumes. The Author has spared neither time nor labour in collecting and classifying the treasures drawn from the rich and new storehouse of Eastern Emblems and Proterbs with the view of helping those who have neither the means of collecting a large reference library nor the time to spend in the search

This work begun a quitter of a century ago in the jungles of India for the instruction of peasants and women, is designed to afford some help to the following classes—Orientalists, Lovers of Folk Lore, Teachers and Preachers. The former desire to open a visia into the recesses of Eastern thought on moral and religious subjects especially in relation to women and the masses, the latter are anxious to fix in the school the pulpit, or the pross great spiritual truths by means of einhlems and illustrations drawn from the depths of the popular mind. Those classes may,

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in the pithy and pointed illustrations of Proverbs, find a quarry out of which to draw some of their materials

Orientalists are at last recognizing the truth that Proverbs are as deserving of their research as coins and inscriptions, and that whereas the latter refer chiefly to kings and the upper classes, Proverbs throw a light on the dark recesses of seeml life, ou archrisms, old customs, listory, and ethiology. Lien the Zenana, barred to the stranger, opens its portals to let man have a peep in and sp) out the thoughts and feelings of woman, who, in the East, depicts her feelings and thoughts in Provents and racy sayings.

The Proverbs selected in this book, though limited to those serving to illustrate moral and religious subjects, show how widely scattered nations under similar circum stances have come to similar conclusions, many of these resemblances arise from the identity of human nature, or are a portion of the spiritual heritage which men brought away with them from the cradle of the human race, and improved on by subsequent communication, by shewing the acute observation and sharp moral sensibility of the masses, they prove God has not left limiself without witness in the human breast, they, therefore form a basis for those who are labouring to bridge over the gulf between Eastern and Western thought.

The nuncteenth century is pre-emmently distinguished for the attention it gives to elevating the misses by knowledge conveyed to them through the acceptible medium of parable and illustration. On this one point East and West concur—that, to tell on the minds of millions we must make full use of illustrations from Niture and

uere before books—they come from the great books of Nature and common sense—from powers of observation, not blunted by book-cram; hence among the Proverbs in this book, though principally Eastern,* there are very few that are not intelligible to the European mind; like the Proverbs of Solomon, the Psalms, Bunyan's "Pilgrim's Progress," and the Arabian Nights, they speak in a language "understanded by the common people."

While illustrations by Emblem and Proverb are indispensable as media for conveying instruction in the East, they are highly valued in Europe also The following observations of Archbishop Trench will find a response with all those who have aimed at winning the attention of the working classes, the peasantry, and "the Arabs of Society:"—

"Any one who by after investigation has sought to discover how much our rustic hearers carry away, even from sermons to which they have attentively listened, will find that it is lardly ever the coarse or tenor of the argument, supposing the discourse to have contained such; but if anything has been uttered, as it used so often to be by the best Puritan preachers, tersely, pointedly, epigrammatically, this will have stayed by them, while all the rest has passed away. Great preachers to the people, such as have found their way to the universal heart of their fellows, have ever been great employers of proceche"

The Author will feel greatly obliged for any corrections or additions to this work forwarded for him to the Publishers

 Many Russian Proverbs are given, which were collected by the Author in Moscow; but the Russians are a semi-Oriental people, and their Proverbs have an Eastern ring about them.

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EASTERN PROVERBS AND EMBLEMS.

PART I

The Ant teaches the Sluggard,-Prov 6 6-8

ANNALS teach us—thus the ass knowing his owner while man knows not God Is 1 3 the croix hiving no barns, yet God provides for it, the scallow knowing his time to emigrate but mun forgets his time for departure from the world Jer S 7, and the ant here teaches Chanalyza strets the lessons which the dog teches us are— of con tentmentwith hitle—vigilint witching gratitude and fortitude the power of patience in difference to cold and heat The crow teaches providence for the future and agility, the cock—early rising sharing food and protecting women.

With respect to Ants their uniform care and promptitude in improving every moment as it passes the admirable order in which they proceed to the scene of action the perfect harmony which regime in their bands the eagerness which they discover in running to the assistance of the weak and the fatigued the readiness with which those that have no burden yield the way to their follows that bend under their load or when the grim happens to let on heavy cut it in two and take the half upon their own shoulders furnish a striking example of midustry, becardence and concord. The skill and region which they display in degring underground in building their houses in constructing their cells and their

prudence and foresight in making use of t

prudence and foresight in making use of the proper seasons to collect a supply of provision sufficient for their purpose are admirable

Hebrew —As rust comes on 100n, so do weeds on a field

Persian —Water long stagnant becomes putrid Arab —A well is not to be filled with dew

Telugu —I ame in the village on intelope in the jungle

If you talk of work my body becomes heavy

If you talk of d nner my body swells with delight

Italian —An idle brain is the devil a workshop

Badaga —The sluggard like the peaced is afraid of rain.

Tamul —The horse opens the mouth when one says oats, shuts it when one says bridle

Annearances Deceitful -- Gry 13 10-13

Bengal — How long does a dam of sand last?

Tamul — A face lile the moon a mind of deally poison

Oriental — Trust not to appearances—the drum which makes

much noise is filled with wind

Turk —Be the pig white or black it is still a pig

Russian —Tile cow has a long tengue, but she is not

allowed to speak

Tanul — While squatting a cut when springing a tiger

Turk — The resset leans, but her cohise is straight

Turk —The reset learly, but her course is straight

Clina —You may draw a tiger's skin not his bones

- may know a man's face but not his mind

Avoid the appearance of Evil - 1 Taxes 5 **

Japan —In a field of melons do not pull off your shots
Under a palm tree do not adjust your cap

Bengal —I ven a hols cow, if found in company with a stolen one way be impounded

I asque -Cover yourself not with the shin of a wolf if you would not be considered a wolf

Tri ye One associating himself with the vite will be runed, it is the drinking milk under a palmtree i.e. where, lowever innecent, it would be suspected be was drinking toddy The Angry Fool as a Bear robbed of her Whelps Prov 17 12

The female hear is emment for intense affection to her young and dreadfully furious when deproved of them Di regarding every consideration of danger to herself she attacks with intense ferocity every animal that comes in her way and in the latterness of her heart will attack even a band of armed men. The Pussians of Kamt schatka never venture to fire on a voung bear when the motler is near, for if the cub drop she becomes enriged to a degree little short of madness and if she get sight of the enemy will only quit her revenge with her hie

A she bear destroyed the forty two children who mocked the prophet 2 Kings ? 24 Gods fury with the idolatrous Jews is compared to a bear bereaved Hos 13 8 David had to defend himself against a bear 1 Sum 17 34-36

Sail I Sam 20 30 and Herod Wat 2 16 age striking examples of a fool in his wrath

Jacobs so is like a bear for one man's faults destroyed a whole city Gen. 24 Sail aimilarly destroyed the innocent priests I Sam 22 II-19 so Ach cladic ar when he heated the furnace seven tunes Din 3 1,-10

Be igal -Scratching the itch only produces a wound Telegu -Pouring ghi on fire

Guerat - Inger and water descend

Tamul - The practible is like a man on horseback without a bridle

Bengal - A fire in the thatch is quickly killdled so anger Badoga - If a jackal howls will my old buffalo die? If an

augry man curses me what shall I lose?

Ta n!—Like the man who would not wash his feet in the

tank because le was angry with it Wodern Creek -The rancour of a camel is unforgining

Tul -The torrent (anger) passes the sand remains

Man a Wild Ass's Colt -Jon 11 12

The wild asses commonly inhalat the deserts of Great Tartary they migrate to feed in summer to the north and cast of the Ard Sen in winter they retreat towards India they go also to Persa. Like wild horses they are very slip, they will suffer the approach of man for an instant and will then dart off with the utmost rapidity, fleet as the wind. The vast salt desert is their home they scorn the multitude of the city, the wild as sauffith up the rand at her pleasure Jor 2.24. The European ass is an emblem of obstinacy and immobility, not so the wild one. The Tartar asses exceed horses in speed and are never cought after Job 39.5—8.

Ephraum is compared to a wild ass Hos 8 9 as its triversed the desert as ermestly in pursuit of idols as the wild untamed ass did in search of his mate Jer 14 6. The asses suff up the wind like dragons are seek the air for want of water to cool their internal heat Job 24 5. Robbers are called wild asses so the Bedouins, the desolute with a work wild seek Jer 21 4. Which are desolute with a work wild asses.

Tehmad is called a wild man like an ass Gen. 16, 12

Robbers are called wild asses so the Bedomins, the desolute city a poy of wild asses Is. 32 14 Nibuchadar ar lived among wild asses, Dan 5 21

The natural tenacity of sin is also compared to the

The natural tenacity of sin is also compared to the Ethiopians skin, Jer 13 23

Turk —In washing a negro we lose our soap

Tamul —Though le wash three times a day, will the crow

become a white crane?

Kird—Out of a dog s tail you cannot get fat

Teman - No man a disposition will after neither can a dog a tail be made straight, the stubbern woman will

even put her husband in a basket and sell lim

Ten an—If you take a hear skin and wash it ever so long

will it instead of its intine blackness ever become white? If you best a wooden image, will it hence acquire any good quality?

Badaga -- Eren if you give milk to a young snake, will it leave off its labit of creeping under the hedge?

Syruce-If ye would be king (master of yourself) become a wild ass, i.e., retire to solitude in the desert

Beauty in the Ignorant as a Jowel in a Swine's Snout -Prov 11 22

A body may be beautiful, but the soul loathsome—such were Absalom and Jezebel

Chanckyea — A handsome youth of high family, but without learning, in like the pulse (Butea froncosa) tree, fur to see, but without seent

Hindu Drauatist — Men are foolish in cherishing the gry blossoms of the pales, whilst they neglect the fruitbearing amon, because its flowers are insignificant

Drishtanta Shatak - 1 bad person, though decorated, remains the same as cowdung, which, though it be fertilizing, does not become pleasing

Eengal — Outside smooth and painted, inside only straw like Hindu idols sinfled with straw

Russian — 1 head without a mind is a mere statue

Ledi —The feut of the colorynth is good to look at, not to

taste
Tartul — An ignorant man is despised even by women
4f/han — My friend is black, but so is molasses black, i.e.,

which is the best recitions for the wounded Persian—The diamond fillen into the dunghill is not the less precious, the flust Pilised by high winds to heaven is not the less vile.

Malay -Like a broom bound with a silk thread "

.iral -Thorny trees product gnm

Turk -- Van's perfection is interior, a beast's, exterior

SansArtt —The beauty of the cuckoo is the voice, of women, chastity, of the deformed learning, and of ascetics, patience

Hebreic — The bee is bitle among such as fly her fruit is the chief of sweet things

Beginning and Unable to Finish, not Counting the Cost -LUKE 11. S

Bengal —The bird cannot fly, it flaps its wings in vain
Panyali —Art, too big for his hole ties a blanket to his back
Panyali — A rat, having found a bit of turmeric, set in as a
druggest

Sanskrit -In the fighting of she gorts in the gutlering of clouds at the dawn, in the squabble of husband and wife, the beginning is great and the doings

Bengal -Digging for a worm up rose a scale ie, said when quarrels arise from jesting

Telugu -Make the hedge when you have sowed the seed

The Glutton's God his Belly -Puit, 3 19.

The Bengalis call a glutton one all belly The I gyp tians on embalming a body, threw the belly into the river, as the cause of all sin Meat itself is not smful but the mordante desire of it longing after delicacies eating at misersonable times I ce. 10 16 17 (ating too much Inke 21 34 injuring the understanting I rot 23 21 Solomon says jut a knufe to the throat if then be airen to appetite Prov 23 2 Isane's appetite was a mane to him Gen 25 28 27 4 so Lanus, Gen 25 30 , Llis sons I Sam 2 17, Belshazzar Dan 5 1 not so Daniels Dan 1 8-16

Teman - Why suffer anxiety for the belly? As to I wing a belly, the frog that lives in a rock is thy equal Twint -The epicure d gs his grave with his teeth China - His eyes are bigger than his stomach +

Russian -A full stomach is deaf to instruction Fool come to thrash-my stomach is aching

Fool come to take wine -stop let me take my caftan (coat) from the nail-

se he is great at drinking alow at work Tal and -The hon roars not in a crib full of straw, but in one

full of flest te, fulness of bread leading to pride Arab -The belly of a mun is his enemy

Afglans express their behef that the evils of gluttony arise mere from the man tlan the food by the following Though the food was another s the mouth is your own se you eat too much and

you throw the blame on the food Telugu -He slipped, fell and then said the ground was unlucky

^{*} We have the same in English—which was ile first used "

- Talmud -Eight things are difficult to enjoy in abundance, but in moderation are good Labour, sleep, riches, journeyings, love, warm water, bleeding, and wine
- Afghan -The full stomach speaks Persian, 10, makes one proud Persian as spoken only by the learned adds to their pride

Book Cram -- 2 Tru 3 7

Mrichhalate - Nature is woman's teacher, and she learns more sense than man, the pedant, gleans from

Tulmud -He is a box of books, ie, learning without judgment, or use of it

Tamul - He who is very learned is a learned fool

Persian -One pound of learning requires ten of common sense to acquire it

Sinskrit — Is the man possessed of books a pandit?

Sanskrit — Women are instructed by Nature, the learning

of men is taught by books

Teldgu -Though he bave read all that can be read, and be an acute disputant, never shall the hypocrite attain to final happiness. His meditations are like those of a dog on the dunghill

Sanskrit -Learning in the book is not learning, and money in the hand of another is not money, in a time of need

Anger rests in the Fool's Bosom -Ecc 7 9

The bosom is the sent of love so Christ carries the lambs of the Church in his boom Is 40 II The beggai rested in Abrilian's bosom, Luke 16 22

Christ took on him our natural infirmities he west, and was angry, on the Subbath question Wark 3 5 in driving away the money-changers John 2 13 17 which shows there might be gill in a dove pission without sin fire without smoke, and motion without disturbance for it is not bire agitation, but the sediment at the lettoth which troubles and defiles the water, and when we see it winds and dusty, the wind does not in the but only

S

raises, a dust, true anger, like the sword of austice, is keen but innocent, Lph 4 26, it spirkles like the coal on the alter with the ferrous of pity Anger passes through a wise man's heart, but does not rest in it, as it did with Cun Gen 4 5-8, with Jacob's sons, Gen 34 7, and with Herod, Mat 2 16 A gust of anger puts holy feelings to flight, as with David, I Sam 25 Elijah, 1 Kings 19 4, Job, 3 1, Jonah, 4 4, Paul

Telugu -Getting angry with a rat and setting a house on

Bengal -Cutting off one's nose to hinder another s journey Rengal -His anger exploded like gunpowder

Bengal -Should an angry man retire even to the forest there is no peace for him

Malay -Anger has no eyes

Modern Greek -Anger is the list that grows old Arab -Three things are only known in the following way-

a hero in war, a friend in necessity, and a wise man in anger

Arab -Anger is the fire of the heart Prov 25 28 Teluau -A man ignorant of his own powers and those of his opponent blustering in wrath, is like a bear performing the torch dance, se, in which of course he will be burnt

And -Cure your anger by allence

Sanskrit -A good man's anger lasts an instant, a meddling man's for two hours, a base man's a day and might, a great sinner's until death

Braving a Fool in a Mortar-Prov 27 2-

Vennu compares the trying to produce good qualifies in a crooked heart to I ouring milk and sugar over bramblein a croosed holing them, which will give no flavour. In Turkey great criminals were beaten to pieces in higo Turkey given in which they usually pounded their morters of iron in which they usually pounded their morters of from an arrange state pounded their rice. The Jens were in Bubylon under captivity, 3ct were their proud hearts not humiled, God sent them me their productions and treated them, the Chaldeans come,

yet they bound the Prophet Ezekel Ezek, 2 3 The plough breaks the earth in many places but does not better it if nothing is put in , if nothing be sown, thorns and thistles will come up so afflictions may break our estate vet if God do not sanctify these afflictions they yield only the harvest of tares. Mere affliction changes not the disposition as the fire softens not a stone, pour winegur from ve. cl to vessel it never becomes wine, Is 1 5

S nelete - Whoever treats leadly a bad man, ploughs the sky, paints a picture on water, and bathes the wind with water Tit 3 10

Telugu — To man's disposition will alter, say what we may, neither can \(\text{a} \) dog \(\text{s} \) tail be made straight, the stubborn woman will put her husband in \(\text{a} \) basket and sell him

Sanskrit —It is possible to stop an elephant with a Lick, for everything there is a remedy, but no cure for the headstrong

The Shameless have a Brow of Brass-Is 48 +

Ern.s is a strong metal hence the brazen serpent in the wilderness was made of it Num 21 9, so were the gates of Babylon. The sumers obstancey is compared to a brow of bra.s, while the righteons on the other hand set their faces hike a fluit against sum of the former were Pharroh. Ex. 5 1, Saul 1 Sum. 15 9-23, Jeroboum 1 Lings 12 28-33—of the latter, Jacob Gen. 32 24-28, David 1 Sum. 17 45, Stephen Acts 7 9, 1

Sinners are also said to have a hard or stony heart a seared conscience to be past feeling they are his ned to the deaf adder which will not hear the voice of the serpent charmer. Such were Samuels on I Sam 2 25, 6 11. Jerusalem Ez 9 9 10

5, 0 11, serusuem 12.9 9 1

Finnish—The pig does not blush for its face
Shants Shatal—Dogs delight to desons human bones which
are so disgusting filled as they are with worms
and mosture and they eagerly liek the putrid

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juice as if it was palatable. Thus do mean people appear shameless when perpetrating vile actions, 2 Pet 2 22.

Decentful Brothren as a Brook -Jon 6 15

Job hved in the barren dry desert of Arabia where no river is and water is scarce, there are torrents in winter, swelling from the melting of the snow on the hills as the Ganges does tery noisy but in summer dired up or absorbed in the sand. The Arabis call a false friend a mirage, or a torrent, swelling noisy in prosperity but soon absorbed in the sand. Valleys in Arabia that have a quarter of a mile wide of water in winter, are yet quite dry in summer.

Tyre trusted in its walls and port and is now become only a place for fishermen to dry their nets on. The rich fool trusted in his wealth Lule 12 19 and it left him Solomon states. Confidence in an unfaithful man in time of trouble is hi e a hisken tooth and a foot out of joint Prov 25 19. That affection which is kint in God alone is indissoluble. The Jews trusted the Left put tians who proved hi e a broken reed (Is 36.6) which not only fails the band that leans upon it but pierces and wounds it.

Hengal —A loose tooth and feeble friend are equally bad Bengal —A dam of sand and the love of the vicious have the same fate

Chanak — A wicked persoo, though sweet spealing is not to be trusted, honey is on his tongue, but in his heart poison

Busybody, as One taking a Dog by the Ears -1 see -6 17

From it idle whim or a foothendy venture a main thinks to show his prowess fancying that he is able to master the dog which off ers scarcely dare come near When he has taken it by the ears he finds his folly, for, if he continues to hold it, his time is lost, and if he lets it go, it will fly at him before he can get beyond its reach He has exposed himself both to pain and ridicule by a foolish attempt to get credit for courage and dexterity Of the eleven Apostles, as Peter spoke most, he erred most Mat 16 22, 26 74 Paul condemns tatthing women. 1 Tm 5 13

Telugu - Like a snake in a monkey's paw, i e , Jacko finds it difficult to hold it, and dangerous to let it go

Bengal -Oil your own wheel first

English -He that intermeddles with all things may go shoe the goslings

Persian -A babbler, a dog without a tail

Bengal -I hand him and he shricks out, I loose him and ho

wants to fight with me Tuil -One rushing between two camels is kicked by both To live in perce one must be blind, deat,

and mute Persian - Whoever pats scorpions with the hand of com

passion receives punishment Jajan -If dogs (busybodies) go about they must expect

the stick China -It is not as safe opening the mouth as keeping it

shut Tanul - Why should a man meddle with a hatchet Iging on

the road and burt his foot? Arab -God grant us not any maghbour with two eves

China -Let every man sweep the anow before his own doors, not busy himself with the frost on his

neighbour a tiles Kurd - When your house is of glass do not throw stones

at your neighbour s house

Congalese -Th man without clothes busying himself in making jackets for dogs

Telugu -The take bearer is the assiciate of the villain a stripling is a fit minister for an infl xible king, and the monkey is the only companie i for the baboon

Hebreic -Gire the water no passage neitler a wicked momen liberty to read absord

The Hypocrite's Words smoother than Butter -Ps 55 21

These words were applied by David to his son Abralom, who drove him from Jerusalco, 2 Sam 15, which made the futher wish for the wings of a doice to Hi away and be at rest as the dove, sent forth from the ark found no rest for the sole of her foot. Such a hypocrite was Judas, who betraved Christ by I ssing lum

Bengal — hypocrate a makhala fruit, beautiful outside, bitter within, a tiger in a talks grove, outside smooth and painted, lossed only stram, se, lile the Hindia idols stuffed with straw toside. The crow and the cuel on have the same colour, but a very different voice

Raghuvansa—They concealed their inger under signs of jov, is a lake with tranquil surface hides in alligator

Bengal —The attachment of the insincere a razer's edge Afghan —Under his arms a Koran, he casts his eyes on a hullock

Malaj -He sits like a t ger withdrawing his claws

Telt gu - 1 bear s hug

Telugu — At home a spider (demure) abroad a tiger
Russian — He kicks with his hind feet, licks with his
tongue

Walay -To plant sugar cane on the lips, 10, a pleasing manner, a false heart

Modern Greel —The mien of a bishop with the heart of a

miller
Sanskrit — I face shaped like the petals of the lotus. a

otice as coold (pleasing) as sandal, a heart like
a pair of seisors and excessive humility—these
are the signs of a rogue

Strife from Wrath as Butter from Milk -Prov 30 33

In Arabit and Palestine butter is made from null put mits a gent skin, tarmed made out pressed to and from one uniform direction till the metacous parts are separated Jol 29 6. An angry man is compared to a city whose walls are Iroken down such were Samson Judg 16,

Sul, I Sam 20 30-33, the mob at Ephesus, Acts 16 28-34, Christ was different, Mat 27 I4 The fools writh is heavier than a stone, Prov 27 3

Shants Shatak —The soul excited by anger is like furious elephants breaking the cords with which they are bound

Turk —Anger is suppressed by sweetness, as a great wind by a little run

Malabar — Anger is as a stone cast into a wa p's nest Gingalese — Provocation is a stone east at a cobra

Japan -The cracked will break, se, people at variance waiting for an opportunity to split

Arab -The highest government is governing anger

Talmud —Passious are like iron thrown into the furnace, as long as it is in the fire you can make no vessel out of it

Malay - Smouldering like burning chaff, se, nourishing resentment

Modern Greek - The rancour of a camel is unforgiving

Caste Honour all Men.-: PET " 17

Telugu -Tho elephant is an elephant whether on high

ground or low

Canara —Does a light in the house of a low caste man nor

Canara - Does a light in the house of a low caste man not burn?

Turk —White or black, a dog remains a dog Veman —Why should we constantly revile the Parish?

Yeman - Way should we constantly review the Farman - for not his flesh and blood the same as our own? And of what caste is He who percades the Farman as well as all other men - Acts 17 26

Persian — Contenn no one Regard him who is above thee as thy fither, him who is thine equal as thy brother, and him who is below thee as thy

Bengal — Why not a squerrel instead of a cut of it catch mice o

Ceremonialism -Mar 1, 20

China — He sought his own ass though he was sitting on if Prabodly Clandroday — If funeral oblations nourish the

deceased, why is not the flame of an extinguished taper renovated by pouring on oil? I Kings 18

Veman —Those who morthy their bodies, calling themselves sunts, are yet unable to cure the impurity of their hearts. If you merely destroy the outside of a white-unt hill, will the serpent that dwells therein perish;

Veman —A thref if he goes to a holy place will only pick the pockets of the comers, he has no lessure to draw near and bow to the God If a dog enters a house will he tend the hearth? 2 Pet 2

22

Veman —Religion that consists in contriving various postures and twisting the limbs, is just one straw inferior to the exercises of the wrestler Is

Telugu — Though a man may remove the distance of fifty miles his sin is still with him Gen 42 21

Veman — Will the application of white askes do any tho smell of a wino pot? Will a cord cast over your neck make you twice born?

Canara—Is a screent killed by beating its hole? Is sal vation obtained by castigating the body? Is 58 6

Cingalese — Charcoal cannot be made white even though you wash it with milk

Cingalese - Your hands and your feet are the same even though you go to Tutocorm

Telugu—Those who roam to other lands in pilgrimage to find the God that dwells within them, are like a shepherd who scarehes in his flock for the sheep he has under his arm John 4 20-24

Telugu — Even a goat can attain to such "corpored perfection" as consists in hving on leaves how apt men are to fall into foolish whims!

In ull -Will a crow become n swan by bathing in the Ganges?

Lrdu — Thin is got rid of by washing but not bad habits

Tan ul — Though one carries in thousand shells to Benares

his aim sticks to him

The Wicked are Chaff-War 3 12

Chaff is light and easily curred away by the wind, such are sinners, light in their behaviour, and easily curred away by the wind of temptation and persecution. It is of little value, and therefore given over to the fire, Mat 3 12. A pound of wheat is worth a hundred-weight of claff, the liusk, or claff, however, is of use to the corn in protecting the group, so the world sometimes protects the good. Grown together with the wheat for a time, the fluid in threshing separates it so the Judgment Day will for ever divide the sheep from the goats, Mat 25. The wicked are also compared to bad money Jer 6 30, to bad fish, Mat 13 48, to moth cater clothes, Is 50.0, to valle without water, 2 Pet 2.

Bengal -The white ant, the cat, and the wicked spoil good

Lengar — Inc white ant, the cat, and the wherea spoil good things

Feman — Profitless are some men, and what though they

be born in the world, and what though they die?

Are not the white ants of the hillock born also, and do they not die also?

Bengal — The but threshing the chaff, *e, labour in vain Tamul — Though a kalam of chaff be pounded, it will not become rice

Veman — Even the poison not and the bitter margosa are useful as drugs, but the unfeeling vilo wretch is utterly unprofitable

Sanskrit —To address a judicious remark to a thoughtless man is a mere threshing of chaff

Cheerfulness -Prov 17 13

China —A hut of reeds with mirth therein is better than a palace with grief therein

Modern Greek —A hungry belly has no ears

Tamul —Food without hospitality is a medicine 2 Cor 9 7

Turk —Vinegur given is sweeter than honey

The Body a Clay House crushed before the Moth Jos 4. 19

These words were spoken by a spirit from the other world, who addressed Job at midnight

The grave is called the house appointed for all living, Job 30 23. The body is compared to a house of clay which is easily sie pt army by torrents, the walls of which, owing to rents, are the abodes of snakes. Swallows make their houses of clay.

Manu cells the body "a mansion with lones for its rafters and beams, such a mansion let the soul cheer fully quit, as a tree leaves the bank of the river, or as a bird leaves the branch of a tree, thus he has his body delivered soon from the ravening shirk the world."

In Arabia the houses in general are built of white clay, and covered with reeds. Their foundations are laid in the dust of sand the country affording no firmer briss on which to build, they are exposed to all the accidents of that climate such as violent winds, and large moving pullars of sand, called sand floods by which they are hable to be blown down, or overwhelmed and crushed to the ground together with their inhabitants, unless they cur effect a timely escape.

These desoluting culamities more generally begin about surrise, and usually continue till towards evening, and thus men perish from the morning to evening, without any one regarding it

Robbers easily dig through the walls of houses of clay, as is the case very often in Bengal Tob 24 16

The moth is a small meet which noiselessly and gradually cuts through garnents, though very feeble, lob 27 18. The rich are no more spared than the por lat it especially attacks things not kept clean, and does its works scretly spoils by degrees, so God gives cleamers of teeth the pilmer worm the pestiliace,

Amos 4 8, the moth cuts the inside when the outside is good so Suppon said when his locks were gone, I will rise up, Judg 16, 20, so the Jews, 2 Kings 15

Small insects are a great plague. In Arabia and parts of India people drink bad water, from which comes an egg that produces a worm in the body, from which often comes pulsy, gangrone, death

The clothes moth as of a white, shining silver, or pearl colour It is clothed with shells, fourteen in number, and these are sealy. This insect eats woollen stuffs, it is produced from a grey speckled moth that flies by night, creeps among woollens, and there lays her eggs which, after a little time are hatched as worms, and in this state they feed on their habitation, till they change into a chrysalis and thence emerge into moths The young moth, or moth worm, upon leaving the egg which a supulio had lodged upon a piece of stuff, commodious for her purpose finds a proper place of residence, grows and feeds upon the nap and likewise builds with it an apartment, which is fixed to the ground work of the stuff with several cords and a little glue From an aperture in this habitation the moth worm devours and demolishes all about him, and when he has cleared the place, he draws out all the fastenings of his tent, after which he carries it to some little distance, and then fixes it with the slender cords in a new situation. This perishing condition of a rioth caten garment as also of the insect itself, is referred to in Isa 51 6 8 "The earth shall wax old as doth a garment, and they that dwell therein shall die in like manner '

He who builds his fortunes by methods of injustice is by Job 27 18 compared to the moth which by eiting into the garment wherein it makes its habitation destroys its own dwelling. The structure referred to is that provided by the insect, in its larva or caterpillar state as temporary residence during its wonderful change from a chirvalis to a winged insect. Urdu -The body is a skin filled with wind. Bengal -Plastering an old hut

Tamul —The body is an inscription on water.

The Wicked are Clouds without Weter -Jrpr 12, 13

Wieled life clouds without water in four points—
Clouds without water may be of some use in giving shade, but they do not fertile: the land, which full clouds, called the bottles of Hernen, Job 38 37, do, they are empty, and easily carried away, as is seen in famines in India arising from droughts, they dard in hersen, hence the day of the Lord is called clouds and darkness, when storias and lightning arise, the clouds are God's christ, and He holds the winds in His fist, Prov 30 4. Christ is the bow in this cloud, as he was the pillar of cloud in the

wilderness, the guide of His reople, which had o dark side to the enemy and o bright one to friends Clouds are sometimes very benutiful, but useless, so a bad person doing well in the world

Malay —I lourishing like a weed beside a cesspool

A Boaster like Clouds without Rain.—Prov 2, 14. Such were the builders of Bubel, Gen 11 4-0

Bengal —A pedlar in ginger getting tidings of his ship

Syriac —Mount not a horse which does not belong to you—

se, boast not of an art you are ignorant of

Tumul—He is on foor, his words are ignorant of
Tamul—He is on foor, his words are in a palankin
Tamul—If a low bred man obtain wealth he will carry an

Tamul—If a low bred man obtain wealth he will carry an umbrella at miduight

Bongal —A devotee of yesterday, with matted hair down to his heels

Tumul —A gold vessel does not sound, a brass one does

Bengal —A truly wealthy man, one plough to seven tailless
oven

Russian —Boast of the day in the evening, Jas. 4 13

Sanskrit — The little fish splashes in even a mouthful of water

Arab —A learned man without work is a cloud without rain

The Fickle like the Morming Cloud and Early Dow.— Hos 6 4.

The Lalita Vistara compares life to an autumn'l cloud. The Shanti Shatal says "As the lightning by its flashes merely drives away the darkness for an instant, so are those who decide for a while to root out sensual desires from their minds" The morning cloud is very beautiful with its golden hues, and colours shifting and changing every minute. Early in the morning every blade is glistening with the early dew, and the light clouds are painted with all those gorgeous colours by which they seem to prepare themselves for the return of their absent king, the sun! Thus beautiful is early picty, as in Samuel's and Timothy's case, though it did not pass away But how soon do those hues and those newels of the carly morning pass away! Long before the sun has attained his meridian height, the sky has become cloud less, and the parched land seems in vun to thirst for the refreshing dev and the kindly shower

While in Egypt at runs sometimes only once in two years, were at not for the dews of night and insulations of the river, all vegetation would perish. Peters resolution not to deny Christ passed away as a morning cloud before the sun of temptation, so did Judas before the sun of gold.

Telugu -- Lake the post fixed in the mud, which swings to

China — Who stands still no mod sticks in it

Tamul — A plinnt thorn will not penetrate

Bengal — One foot on land, the other on water

Polish — The stone often moved gathers no moss

Milay — Lake a srw with a double edge

Thuru — Waking the ruster, group the third a stick

A Forgiving Spirit as Coals of Fire on an Enemy's Head.—Prov 75 21, 22

Metal is difficult to multipliced by the top of a fire of burning couls, it may be placed at the sides still ZΩ

no melting, but put the coals on the top or head of the vessel, and the metal soon flows down in a stream So your enemy's hostility to you may be softened by I mdness in every way, as fire to the metal, so kindness to an enemy The Italians, however, say, revenge of a hundred years old has still its sucking teeth-ic never grows old

The sandal tree, most sacred tree of all, Perfumes the very axe which bids it fall

Forgiveness, like fire, consumes the dross of passion purifies the metal of the soul, melts and makes malleable the hardest metal of envy

The hardest metals are melted by heaping coals of fire upon them Such was Saul, I Sam 24 16-21, whose hard heart was melted by David's spirit of forgiveness A forgiving spirit, or charity, covers many sins. Prov 10 12

Tumul -The rock not moved by a lever of iron will be opened by the root of a green tree

China -The more we approach an enemy, the more the tigers of the beart become lambs

Turk — Provoke the bees, they only sting

Arab — Punish your enemy by benefiting him

Arab — The generous can be known by his eyes, as the

horse's ago by its teeth

Russian —Love will teach even a priest to dance

Russian -Sweet words break the bones Russian -Bread and salt humble even n robber

Sads -The sharp sword will not cut soft silk

Sads -By gentleness you may lead an elephant by a bair Tamul -The tree affords shelter to him who fells it, the

earth supports him who digs it Welsh -Faults are thick when love is thin

Mahall erat - Conquer a niggard by generosity, a har by truth, a cruel man by patience, and a had man by goodness

Sanskrif -With fire, fire is kindled, I John 4 19 Tomul -A fracture in gold vanishes when exposed to fire,

the auger of the good in like manner passes away

Contentment with Godhness, Great Gain.—1 Tix 6 6

Contrast Paul in prison, Phil 4 11, 13, 18, with Ahab in a palace, I Kings 21 4 He is poor that wanteth more

Chanalyea —Contentment with little, sound sleep, vigilant watching, gratitude and fortitude, are virtues inherent in the dog, and are to be learnt from it, Job 12 7.

Arab — The world is a corpse and those who seek it are dogs

Afghan — Like a mad dog, he snaps at himself

Malay — Will the dog be ever satisfied, however much nee you might give him.

Tanul - Wash a dog, place him in the middle of the house,

he will wag his tail, go out and eat filth Sanskrif — Who has reached the limit of desire?

Malabar — Though you dip in the sea, you receive only as much as your vessel will hold. Ph 4 II

much as your resset with noid, In 4 11

Arab — The ass went seeking for borns, and lost his ears

Telugu — If you are content with a gridle, no poverty will

distress you, 1 Tim 6 S

Arab - Food supports life, contentment the soul, 1 Tim

6 8

Perman -Live contented, you will be a king, I Tim 6 6

China — Tanks may be filled up, but man's heart can never be closed

Telugu — When a Jangam (faku) was told his house was on fire, he said, I have my bag and my bowl with me

Arab -To abstam from desires is riches

Tumul —A contented mind is a specific for making gold

Talmud —Who is the rich? He who has subdued his pas

sions Who is the wise? He who learns from all

Who is the hero? He who subdues his passions

Badaga—He had nothing and was content He became
rich and is discontented, Eccles 6 9

A Threefold Cord of Brotherly Unity-Eccl. 4. 12

There is more pleasure in what is shared with another, and help is often necessary—if one man as Joseph is in a pit he requires some one to take him out. God sail

22

of Adam in Paradise, "It was not good for man to be alone," Gen 2 18 Tho Ramsanchis, a sect of Western India, say regarding society, ' A solitary lamp, however brilliant, easteth a shadow beneath it, place another lamp in the apartment, and the darkness of both is dissipated"

Soldiers' union is their strength A father, on his death-bed, represented unity by a bundle of sticks

Love, like fire, streams forth by natural results and unavoidable emanations, like the vine, it withers and dies if it has nothing to embrace

The Apostles were sent forth two by two, Luke 10 1, in the body all instruments of action are by pairs-hands, feet, eyes, ears, legs Tho live coal left alone soon loses its

vital heat Iron sharpens iron Prov 27 9, 17, Ex. 18 7, 9 Bengal -With men of one mind even the sea might be

dried up Bengal -Love, like a creeper, withers and dies if it has nothing to embrace

Turk -The vessel which trusts to a single anchor is soon wrecked

Badaga -A single coal does not burn well, a comprisionless traveller finds the journey tedious, Ecc 4 Q

Russian - With one hand I do not even tie a knot Tamul -Gruel served in the house of a united family is

enjoyable

Afghan -You cannot clap with one hand alone

Mahalherat - Kinsmen resemble firebrands, separato they smoke, united they blaze

Mahabharat - Those well united trees which stand together in a clump, resist the fiercest winds owing to their mutual support

Sanshrit -A chariot will not go on one wheel

Sanskrit -Stay with five, * walk along with five, eat along with five, with five there is no sorrow

Worldly Joy is the Cracking of Thorns -Fcci. 7 6 Thorns at first bluze under a pot as if they would give out a mighty heat but the water in it is cold. Such is

· Referring to the Paucl a jat, or Indian jury of five persons

worldly enjoyment all noise and smoke—no heat, cold as moonbeams. Such is drunkenness—a sweet poison. The wicked are compared to thoms because they are very troublesome and useless, and often cause great pain, while the crackling is quickly over and with little effect, as thorns when blangs, though they make such a noise and fire, give little heat to the water. Similar is the Bengali proverb, a five of rags, or the Bisque, a five of trace.

All earthly things are like the carth, founded on nothing, they are like Absalom's mult they will most ful us when we have most need of them, 2 Sun 18 9, a volvet shipper cannot cure the goat

Dried cow-dung was the fuel commonly used for firing but this was remarkably slow in burning, a very striking contrast to thorns and furze, speedily consumed with cruckling noise. On this account the Aribs would frequently threaten to burn a person with cow dung as a lineering duth.

Worldly jors are short like a fly buzzing about a candle Herod the king was gorgeously arrayed so that the people worshipped him but he was soon after dewored by worms Acts 12 23 Queen Jewel, a hundsome woman enjoyed her grandeur but a short time and was caten up 1y dog., 2 Kings 9 10 35 Belshezzir in his grand bunquet at Bubylon a city lurger and mighter than Delin had his empire taken away at once as foreshewn by a bandwiring on the well Dan. 5 5, 6

Syrian -Girl, do not exult in thy wedding dress, see how much trouble lurks belund it

China — Look not at the thieves eating flesh, but look at them suffering punishment

Cingalese —Like getting on the shoulder of a man s.nking in the mud

Tal nud — The world is like a wheel with buckets attached —the empty become full the full become empty Bengal —The actors promotion is nothing, only lasting

two hours

EASTERN PROVERBS AND EMBLEMS 24

Arab .- The worst day for a cock is when his feet are washed-i.e., previous to being killed, Jas. 5. 5.

Persian .- No honey without a sting, no rose without a

thorn. China .- Dragging for the moon reflected in the water.

Radaga.—For the nourishment of a day he sacrificed the

food of a year. Badaga.-In trying to save a drop of gli (butter) he upset

the ghi-pot. China .- To gain a cat but lose a cow.

Telugu,-Like going to Benares and bringing back dog's bair.

Telugu .- Like a bag of money in a looking-glass, Ps. 73. 20. Ching.-To fell a tree to catch a blackbird.

Talmud .- The thorns make a loud noise in burning : not so wood.

Shanti Shatak .- The stomach is satisfied with little food. even with vegetables; but the heart, although cratified with the fulfilment of more than an hundred desires, is incessant in pursuing after more, Eccl. 6. Q.

Courteousness .- : Prr. 3. 8.

Afghan,-Be it but an onion, let It be given graciously. Sanskrit .- Complaisance empties the purse.

A Cruel Man troubles his own Flesh,-Prov. 11, 17; 12, 10.

The tender mercies of the wicked are cruel. Pilate, Luke 23, 16. Joseph's brethren illustrated it in their treatment of their brother, whom they cast into n pit, Gen. 37. 24. Adonizebek had his barbarity in cutting off men's toes visited on himself, Judg. 1, 6, 7, Haman's cruelty involved his own sons, Esth. 9. 25; on the other hand, David showed his kindness by rescuing a bunb, even endangering his own life for it, r Sam. 17. 34.

Afghan .- The kid's bleating is the wolf's laughter. Urdu .- Boy's play is death to the birds.

The Cursing of the Wicked Vain -Prov 26 2 Bulaam's curse came not on Israel, Neh. 13 2, nor Goliath's, I Sam 17 43

Badaya -The jackal howls-will my old buffalo die ?

Turk -The dog backs-still the caravan passes Cingalese - Will the barking of the dog reach the skies? Bengal -A dog's bite is below the knees

Tamul -If a dog bark at the mountain, will the mountain be mured, or the dog?

Badaga -If the cock crow, daylight will appear, will it he so if the dog barks? Therefore do not listen to a faal

Bad Company the Unfruitful Works of Darkness -EPH 5 11

Shanti Shatal states "Oh ye mind like fish swim not in the waters of woman's beauty for women are like nets ' The Tilurus say 'Unle s you had touched garlie, your fingers would not have smelt .' among a hundred crows what could one cuckoo do?" "what does a weaver want with a young monkey? bid company is friendship with a snake fencing with a sword Veman compares 'entertuning a bad man in your house to a fly entering the stomach, will it not torment you? How should the saint minele with men? When a drop of water is converted into a pearl will it again unite with 7its former wave?

Pad company is called the unfruitful works of dark ness, they turn God's grace into Insciviousness Jude 1 lile the soldiers who said Hail, king yet spat in Christ's face Tellowship with the wicked is necessary in lusiness i Car 5 to, the tures and the wheat are together in the Church, Christ went however as a physician, not as an associate, such as Joseph in Laypt Nehemish in Persia Lot in Sodom Daniel in . Lal vlon

Anthuranse -A good woman beset by evil women is like the chaste munosa surrounded by poisonous herbs

Bengal - Ho who goes to Ceylon becomes a demon Arab - When the crow is your guide he will lead you to the corpses of dogs, Mat 23. 16

Malabar - When we strike mud we get smeared over, 1 Cor 15 33

China -The stag and the tiger de not stroll tegether

Arab -A torrent mixed with mud flowing on in darkness, Pa 5 9

Arab -Follow the nwl, he will lead you into a ruined

place Talmud -No man can remain with a snake in a cage

Persian -Triendship with a fool is like a hear's emorace Chanal -Shun a wicked person, though endowed with Lnowledge A serpent, though adorned with

gems, inspires terror. China -The stag and the tiger denot tread the same path A friendship between coal and ice

Talmud -To the wasp we must say, Neither thy honey nor thy sting-ie, with some people have nothing to do

Arab -Converse with the bad is going to ara Perman -Yoke not a camel and a cat together Afghan -A bear's friendship is to scratch and tear Turk -Yoko not to the same carriage a camel and an ox Afghan -Who lives with a blacksmith will at last go away

with hurnt clothes Bengal - You only stink your hand by killing a mush

Modern Greek -If you sit down with a lame man, you will learn to bult

Bengal —The ram has entered the horse's stable—1 e , a fool among the intelligent

Tamul -The fowl brought up with the pig will eat dirt Polish -Inquire after a neighbour before you purchase a house, inquire after a companion before you

make a journey Bengal -Blackness leaves the coal when the fire enters-

se the improving effect of good company Talmud -Near to the perfumer is fragrance

Persian -One scribby goat infects the flock Urdu -No twisting a rope of sand. Is the hullock's sore

tender to the crow? Tilugu —Among a hundred crows what can one cuckoo do? Telugu — The bullock pulled towards the sun and the buffulo towards the shade

Malay - Will oil mix with water?

Kurd - Who talks with the smith receives sparks

China —Near putrid fish you will stink Though conversing face to face, their hearts have a thousand hills between them

Telugu -- If you drink milk under a date tree, they will say it is toddy

Modern Greel —If you set down with one who is squinteyed in the evening, you will become squint eyed or cat eyed

Sanskrit — 1 had man, though adorned with learning, is to be shunned Is a snake adorned with a gem not to be feared?

Owe no Debt but Love -Fox 13 8

See Parable of Debtor, Matt 18 28

Bengal -The goat tied up is at the will even of a child-

te, the debtor, Matt 18 30

Turk -Rather hungry on going to bed than debts on rising

Telugn —Rice, water, and salt without debt are good Jopas —An angel in borrowing, a doul s face in returning Basque —He shuts one hole by opening another—i.e, he pays his debts in opening new loans

to be sulky and do nothing when the boat has spring a leak

Decision.—No Serving Two Masters —1 kros is 21 Malay —We don't I el cold on going into the deep water Arab —It is hard to chase and catch two hares Afjhan —Do not take hold of sword grass, but if you do,

grasp it tight

Modern Greek —I wo water melons cannot be carried under
one arm

Russian —Better not to fire on the tiger than to wound her Syrac —Be not writer, taking the tint of all colours Galic —Strike at every tree jet none is filled Malay —To be out of temper with water in the holl—t.c.

23

Tulmud -To the wasp we must say, Neither thy honey nor thy stm ;- re , with some people have nothing

Basque --- Who goes quickly goes twice

Telugu -- Before cutting down the forest, is it necessary to consult the axe?

Deeds, not Words -Jan 2 6

Afrhan --- Who loves, labours

Telugu -Sweet words, compts hands
Telugu -Your mouth a sweet plum, your hand a thorn bush

Urdu - A lofty shop, but trateless sweetmeats

Urdu - Lindness, but no milk

Turk -I hough they are brothers, their pockets are not sisters Turk -To speak of honey will not male the mouth sweet Turk -It is not by saying Honey, honey, that sweetness

comes into the mouth Bengal -By words ho softens the minds, but words will not

soften the rice Galic -The nodding of the head does not make the boat

to row Telugu -Ilis words leap over forts, his feet do not cross the threshold

Telugu - Great words, but small measure

Russian -A talo is soon told, a deed is not soon done Italian - Words are women, deeds are men

Teluau -It is easy to talk, but bard to stay the mind, we may teach others, but cannot ourselves understand, it is easy to lay hold on the sword, but

hard to become valuant, Matt 7 26 Russian - Many counsellors, few helpers

Telugu -If you do not ask me for food and raiment, I will care for you as my own child

Canara - Knowledge consisting of words is an earthen vessel with holes

China -We do not cook rice by babbling

The Double Minded.—Unstable as a Wave.—Jas 1 8 There are double tongued, 1 Trm 3 8, the double-

minded, as tepid water, to be spued out, Rev 3 16

Malaj —Do not emhark in two boats, for you will be spht and thrown on your back, Luke 16 13 Arab —Riding two horses at the same time

Turk — Who stands heatating between two mosques returns without prayer, Matt 6 24

Pussian —He hunting two hares does not catch even one

Arab — Doubt destroys faith as salt does honey, Rom

Bengal —He sees Jagannath's car, and cells plantams at the same time

Modern Greek - 1 rolling stone gathers no moss

Tilugu —A double minded man is a post in the mud swing ing to and fro—i e one who wakes the master, and gives the thief a stick

Cast not Holy Things to Dogs -Mart " 6

Sacrifical remains were not to be given to dogs as they were counted so unclean.

The wieled resemble dogs in ten points -

- 1 Differ an disposition and size yet all are dogs. The young man that Jesus loved was a sinner as well as young the Phanasee as well as the publican Mark 10 21.
 2 Some are all leastly cat dead bodies in the river licked Lazaruss sores Luke 16 21, Ahabs blood I kings 22 38 Such are men enslaved to diverse lists.
- 3 Churlish snappish has at the moon so the Jews gnashed on Stephen with their teeth Acts 7 54
- 4 B te and tear men so do bloodhounds buildogs Jer 15 3, such was Paul before his conversion Some bark and bite not, others bite but bark not, so some murrcountly while chairs are necessary for year ferro ones

secretly while chains are necessary for very fierco ones
5 Some used as linters so the devil used persecutors Ps 22 16

6 I ite each offer, so the Egyptians destroyed on hother as well as the Jews so in the case of Babylon and the Jews.

7 Creedy Is 56 11, never satisfied

8 Perome sorretimes mad, then great muchief arises, Phil 3 2 o Lazy, hence the proverb, A deg's life, hunger and

ease,' the productl son fed on husks, Inko 15 16

to Shut out of doors Without are does, Rev. 22 15 Some dogs watchful, loving, and protecting; yet all does throw up when sich a louthesome vomit and swallow at again, so those who turn back to sm, Prov 26 11, applied to the Gentiles by Jews, Matt 15 27

Beware of dogs, Phil 3 2, unfaithful ministers dumb dogs, Is 56 10 A false teacher, so called, I Sam 24 14 , so the Sodomites, Pharnoli,

Changl -What use of science to a man without sense,

or a looking glass to a blind man? Telugu -What does a bullock know of the taste of

parched grun? What does an ars know of the smell of perfume?

Bengal -Krishna's name in a crow's mouth. Teeding a dog with pulse

Arab -The world is a carcase, and they who seek it are dogs Telugu - Will a dog recognize the priest, it will only snap at him, seize and tear the calf of his leg, Mat

Teluga -If authority be given to a low-minded man, he will chase away all the honourable can a dog

that gnaws shoes tasto the sweetness of the sugar-cane?

- Bengal -The thief and hog have one road-i e . impurity

Mook as a Dove -- NATT 10 16

A soft tongue breaketh the bone, Prov 25 15 David, suffering from the wicked, wished to live the wings of a dove which flies very rapidly, and loves freedom like the dove impresoned in the ark, I's 55 6

The miel resemble a done in four points -

I Harmless in the midst of a crooked generation, Plul z 15, yet he is to be wise as a serpent, Matt 10 16

- 2 Hates impire things not like the crow or juckal, the Holy Spint in the form of a dove descended on John at his laptism. Matt. 3, 16
- 3 Sluns bards of prey, its mild eye very different from the hawks, it is mild lut sharp enalling it to flee from danger
 - 4 Loves its lone if taken hundreds of miles away it will find its way hack thence it is used to earry letters that to its legs. The behaver's home is with dove like men in the clefts of the Rock of Ages.

threlium though the elder waited his right of choice for the sike of peace and promptly removed all occasion of strike Gen 13, 7-9, and God put honour upon him after his disinterestedness Gen. 13, 16. It is called sheepishness to be meck but it is a likeness to Him that was as a sheep before the shearers not opening his month Isa. 53, 7, it is a portion of His spart. The meek shall inherit the certh. Matt. 5.

Hebrew --Kindle not the coals of a sinner lest thou be burnt with the flame of his fire

Persian —A pleasant voice brings a snake out of his hole

Ti rk — One drop of honey catches more bees than a ton of
vinceas

T rl -Tread not on a sleeping snake

Turk —Have in life the force of a lion the sagarity of an elephant and the sweetness of the lamb

Clina -Rousing a sleeping tiger exposes to harm

Clina -Stir not the fire with a sword-ie provoke not by anger

R suan -Good greeting softens a cat

Telugi -- The Gauges flows with a tranqual course but a foul stream rushes with a roar. Thus the base can never be mild as the noble. Luke 21 19

The Wicked are Dross -Ps 119 119

The wicked are made of the earth and return to it it ey prosper in the earth not so the righteous lettles aren in any soil Ps 57 i 2 not so flowers

The wuled life dross in six points -

32

I Resemble the metal, but only in appearance, so the wicked Ps 66 10, have a name to live Rev 3 1

- 2 To be burnt and consumed in the fire, not so silver, which is only refued, wieled like a house on the sand
- Matt 7 27, Ezek. 22 20
 3 Mixed with pure metal only temporary, so the
- wheat and chaff, Matt 13 30, the sheep and goats are only together for a time
- 4 Unprofitable, the good are gold or diamonds, though esteemed in the world the offscouring, I Cor 4 13
- 5 God takes way the dross by judgment Matt 3 12, by church censures 1 Cor 5 5 Dross more abundant Luke 13 23, 24
- 6 Not improved by fire as silver or gold is, Jerusalem was thus compared to a pot, Ezek 24 6

Timul —What avail heights in the dunghill? is the town disparaged by being low?

Modern Greek —This fig tree is for the fire—i e, a useless

person

Tamul—Of what use is the ripening of a poisonous tree in the middle of a village?

Man's Corruption like the Ethiopian's Skin —Jee 13 2,

Man is said Job 15 16 to drint in imputly like water—it, allusion to the prodigious quantity of water swallowed by a camel on setting out on a journey Though the corruption from Adam cannot be clanged by nature, jet Gods Spirit can do it by supernatural power thus Paul, from being a persecutor of the Christians, in three days so changed as afterwards to become a preacher of Christianity

Russian —The wolf changes his hair, but yet remains the wolf However you bind a tree, it will always grow upward Though you put oil on a dog s fail, it will never become straight ' Urdu -If you put a crow in a cage, will it talk like a

parrot ? Sanskrit -The nim tree will not be sweetened though

you water it with milk Net: Sar -Though the crow's beak he gold, and his feet

diamonds, yet the crow cannot become a swan Persian -A black cat will not be washed white by soap

Kurd -Out of a dog's tail you cannot get fat Veman -- If you take a bear skin and wash it ever so

long, will it, instead of its native blackness, ever become white? If you beat a wooden image, will it hence acquire any good quality?

Turk -In washing a negro we love our scap

Urdu - Will the gall nut become as sweet as the cocoanut, though watered with honey?

Bengal -The nightingale lays its young in the crow's nest, but the young do not behave as crows

Tumul -Are young fish taught to swim? Tamul -Though we feed a snake with milk, it will yield

poison

Sanskrit -By slitting the ear and cutting the tail, a dog is but a dog, not a horse or ass

The Eye of Faith -Hrs 11 27

The eye of faith differs from the eye of sense in two points. The eye of sense grows dim with age, I Sam 3 2, the eye of faith brightens, the eye of sense sees not far . the eye of futh sees beyond the stars, like Stephen. Acts 7 55, or Jacob, who lay at night on the desert. with a stone for his pillow, yet saw a vision of angels Gen There are eyes full of uncleanness 2 Pet 2 14. the eyes of the fool are in the ends of the earth Prov 17 24, the proud eye is a lofty one Psa. 131 1 Eve was deceived by the eye, Gen 3 6, so Achan's eye by the curment, Jos 7 21, so Samson's eye by Deldale, Judg 16 t, so Ahab, t Kings 2t 2, so Nebucha brezzar, Dun. 4 27-33 There are three eyes-the eye of sense, common to the brute, the eve of reason recultur

to man, Mark 8 18, and the eye of faith, peculiar to the righteous, which can see beyond this world, can see the future, John 8 56, can see minute things. Bartimous was blind, yet he had the eye of faith, Mark 10 46

Telugu -The God who destroyed the eyes gave understanding as a compensation

Turk -Invisible things are more numerous than visible Modern Greek -The eyes of the hare are one thing, those of the owl another

Veman -Large is the eyeball, minute the pupil, yet in the pupil alone exists the source of vision, such

are the media through which we see the Deity Afghan -Though the eyes be large, they not through small

pupula Bengal - The lame can leap over mountains by God's aid

2 Cor 12 9 Sanskrit - Who are destriute of eight? Those who do not

perceive the future world

Aurd -All those who know have eyes and see, all those who know not have only two holes in the forebead Badaga -The son of a king sees more with half an eyo

than the son of a fool with two strab -Dim eyes do not ensue when the mind's eyes are

bright. I eman - Like as the fish in the waters, through desire of the delicious but, is fixed on the book and perishes .

so n man, if seized with desire, is also ruined. Jas 1 15 Venuan -A good work performed with a pure heart, though

small, is not trifling How large is the seed of the banyun and the mustard tree? Luke 21 2

Arab -The eyes are of little use if the mind be blind Mark 8 18

The Fire of the Tongue -Jas : 6 The tongue lile a fire in three points -

Solomon writes A soft tongue breaketh the bone, Prov 25 15 so Jucob found Gen 32 4 that a gentle answer softens the heart The Bengalis say, Quiet water splits a stone, the Germans Patience breaks iron, Gen 32 11-20, I Sam 25 35

1 Fire gives heat which makes (passion) boil over, while a man of understanding is of a cool spirit, Prov. 17. 30 Christ. Matt. 27, 12-14.

2 Kindles great things, Matt. 12 36, bence fire called a good servant, but n had master, Prov. 26 18-20

3 Sord is and gives pain so the wicked compared to coals of jumper, Ps. 120 4, which burn hot and long

The fire of the evil tongue is kindled from hell, not so the zeil of the righteous compared to a live coil Isa. 6 6, the cloten tangues of fire were harmle's, Acts z.

Tanul — The words of a babbler are fine dust

Afghan — i great spear wound is well to heal quickly, a
severe tungue wound becomes a sore in the heart,

healeth not

China — 1 man a conversation is the mirror of the heart

Turl — Who masters his tongue sives his head

Lattin Sins like Dend Flies in Ountment,-Ecc. 10 1

Tilugu— The remains of a debt a sore or a fire should not be left as they may increase

Veman—A stone in the shoe a gridly in the car a mote in the eye a thorn in the foot and a quarrel in a family, however small in themselves are unspeakally termenting 2 Cor 12 7

The text refers to the end edits in insects which dispose syrups to fermentinon and then to pathe cene causing a bad smell and sour trate and so the whole outlined it is spoiled as a little leaven leavens the whole lump 1 Cor 5 6, the tongue is a little fire and kindles great things as the little leaven leavens the whole great things as the little leaven of a ship turns a big vessel Ing 5 4. A small leak vill sink a great ship break one link in the chunt the whole goes.

China —It is with law as with dykes—in whatever part they are broken the rest becomes useless. No ease for the multi-what our text he subjust

for the mouth when one tooth is aching
Malabar —A coir improperly twisted will breal the whole

mas*

Russian — A spoonful of tar in a barrel of honey, and all is

spoiled

Oriental — Good qualities efface not bad as sugar mixed

with poison does not prevent the poison being mortal

Kurd —A vessel of honey with a drop of poison in it

Cingalese —The tree which (when young) you could have
ninned off with your nail you cannot afterwards

nipped off with your nail you cannot afterwards cut with your use

Modern Greek —A little bait catches a large fish
Urdu —It is a sin whether you steal sesaium or sugar

Urdu —It is a am whether you steal session to sugar Innul —Though the thorn in the foot be small, yet stay and extract it

Gina —To spare n swelling till it becomes an ulcer, Jas 2 10

Malaj -- One piece of arsenic suffices to kill n thousand

Telugu —To look at it it is like n mush rat, but to dig into walls, it is a bandicoot

Tapan —Poking out the eye with an insignificant twig Hebrew —Of n spark of fire n heap of coals is kindled.

Lafe a Flood .- P* 90 5

This Pealm was composed by Moses towards the close of his wandering in the desert when human his had been shortened and when out of 3000000 Tews that came into the wilderness only two adults were allowed to enter Canana.

There are more than 1000000000 of people in the world composed like the Grages and Brilmaputra of streums of many nations, they make a great noise, like a flood rise suddenly and as suddenly go down to the

 Ti ere is the well known homely French and English proverb
 For want of a nail the horseshoe was lost for want of a shoe the horse was lost, for want of a horse the rider was lost. ocen of Eternity Some of these floods fertilize the soil, while others sweep away cuttle and villages, so some men lead the lives of sheep, others of goats

China — The waves flowing away chase those that precede,
in the world the new born chase away the old,

and they also pass away, no feast lasts for ever Russian —There are not two summers in one year, Jer

Russian —There are not two summers in one year, Je 8 20

Japan —As the stars, so man appears little at a distance

Persian —The world is like an old building on the bunks

of a stream—it carries away piece by piece, in

of a stream—it carries away piece by piece, in yain you stop it with a handful of earth Telugu —If the priest does not come, will the new moon

wait for him?

Tanul —Does any one desire to chew his betel over again?

Gen 47 9

Life passes as a Flower —1 Prr 1 24

Though the flowers are clud with a rument superior in benuty to Solomon s, jet the scythe of duth sunshine storm, run, or worms sweep them away The Proboth Chandrodaya says the society even of friends is a thick of lightning which is duzling but momentary. The nations, like a plant, may love his flower on earth but he will be transplanted to the gradens of Paradase

China -The swallow plastering its nest is labour lost-

China - We find trees in the mountains 1,000 years old, we rarely find a man 100 years old

Turk -- Have you ever seen a day which ends not in evening?

Turk - Happiness is like crystal-when it shines the most

at soon cracks

Arab — Every day in thy life is a leaf in thy history

Molern Greek - Vanv dead are sutting at the head of the sick man-ex, many of those who visit a sick man die before him

Affina -I it is not such a mouthful that a man should gulp it down whole life is not so short that a man should live heedless

38 LASTERN PROVERBS AND EMBLEMS

Arab -Lafe like a fire begins in smol e, ends in ashes China -The moon is not always round, the clouds sometimes disappear

Japan -Life is a light before the wind, Job 7 7 Arab -Like n moth falling on a lighted candle

God-fearing the Fountain of Lafe -Prov 14 27

Fear of God differs from the ruled's fear in fire joints -

One kind of fear has torment, I John 4 18, such was Adam's, Gen 43 8-10, the devil's, Jas 2 19 The other is reverential, and leading to watchfulness, as Joseph, Gen 39 9, Norli, Heb 11 7 This is the beginning of knowledge, Prov 1 7

Argh -The fear of God makes the heart shino

Afghan -The shelter of a tamarish is equal to that of a mountain for a man who fears not God-se, no restraint in wickedness for those not fearing God

Arab -There are four things God cannot do He cannot lie, He cannot die, Ho cannot deny Himself, and He cannot look favourably on sin

The Heart the Fountain of Action -MAT 15 19

Sanskrit -If the heart be impure, all actions will be wrong Turk -The eyes are a balance of which the heart forms the weight

Telugu -A good work performed with a pure heart, though small, is not trilling How large is the seed of

the banyan and the mustard tree? Luke 21 2 Sanskrit -The poison of a scorpion is in his tail, of a fly in his head, of a snake in his fang , but of a bad man in his whole body, Isa I 5

The Wicked pro Foxes-Luke 13 32

Herod the king was called a fox, because he tried to catch Christ by cumming Luke 13 32, Mat 2 8, false teachers are also so called, Ezek 13 4, they used rough garments to deceive, Zech 13 14, in unitation of the true teachers, who were sackeloth and harry garments

The wicked are life foxes in five points -

I Craftiness The for when pursued and caught pretends to be dead, he nees his tul to catch crabs, he has many entrances to his den, he moves crookedly and steals up lightly, Neb 4 3, yet he does not escape

2. Cruel and destructive He destroys more than he

kills, makes havoc among grapes

3 Attacks at night, the wicked called children of darkness, r Thess 5 5

4 Greedy The fox eats all kind of filthy putrid things, lives on filth, digs up dead bodies.

5 Moves in packs to destroy, so Samson used three hundred of them with lighted brands to their tails to fire the corn, Judg 15 4, the wicked combine to do evil

Christ said even the foxes had holes, but he had not where to lay his head Luke 0 58

Turk -The fox goes at last to the shop of the furrier

Friendship like Ferfume, rejoicing the Heart — Ps 27 9

Abriham was the friend of God Jas 2 23, Jonathan and David had close friendship 1 Sam. 18 1

Urdu —The friendship of the base is a wall of sand

Arab —A bad friend is like a smith, who, if he does not

burn you with fire, will injure you with smoke Arab—A fool or unlearned is an enemy to himself how is he a friend to others?

Arab —Three things are not known except in three points courage except in war, the wise except in anger a friend except in adversity

Affhan —God will remain friends will not Prov 18 24.

Iuri —I riends are one soul in two bodies

Guieral — V rat and cat's friendship

Persian - I ricudship with a fool is the embrace of a bear Tulmud - A man without a friend is a left hand without the right

EASTERN PROVERBS AND EXIBLEMS

China —It is only with the eye of others we see our own defects

China — Without a clear mirror a woman cannot I now the state of her face, without a true friend a man cannot discern the nature of his actions.

Afghan -The ass's friendship is kicking

40

Telugu — The friendship between fire and water

Japan —A friend at hand is better than relations at a

Kirat Arjun —The friendship of the bad is like the shade of some precipitous bank with crumbling sides, which, falling, buries him who sits beneath

The Wicked like Goats -MAT 25 31, 33

The devil is worshipped in some countries under the form of a goat

The goats lile the wieled in four points -

- 1 Feed among sheep, but the Great Shepherd will separate them at the judgment day, so hypocaites in a church as tares among wheat
- 2 Mischicrous, destroy trees, plants, hence bid princes so called, Zech 10 3

3 Unclean, so the wicked 2 Pet 2 7

4 Greedy A hundred goats will eat as much as a thousand sheep, so Ahab coveted Aaboth's vineyard, though he vas so rich himself, I Kings 21

Bengal —What will not a goat eat or a fool say?

Chanak —An uneducated man in society is a crane among swans

All Flosh is Grass-Isu 40 6

What is more frail than grass? In tropical countries it comes up in the spring flourishes for a short period, and is then cut down, or, if not severed from its root by the sevithe, it soon withers away. In India especially the great heat of the sun quickly withers away the grass,

which becomes quite brown or disappears in the hot weather. So weak are we, and so unable to resist the stroke of death. We come up and are cut down! The spring time of life is soon gone the season of harvest comes and death strikes the fatal blow. Nothing can make man a solid substantial being but the being born again of the incorruptible seed the Word of God which will transform him into an excellent creature whose glory will not fade like the flower but shine like an angel's face.

Gratitude the Memory of the Heart

Prise the expression of gratitude is called the fruit of the hps Heb 13 15 a griment Ist. 61 3 see the case of the lune man in the Temple acts 3 8 of the chief butler Gen 40 23 and of the parable of the two debtors Luke 7 41-43

Tami I - A benefit conferred on the worthy is engraved in stone, on the unkind written in water

Mula /- The bean forgets its pod I'm 31 I

Bengal — Having caten his salt he esteems his virtues Cingalete — A line inscribed in water—ie the ungrateful Tell gu — Blows with atones to the bearing tree Tull gud — Do not throw a stone into the well out of which

Till ud —Do not throw a s'one into the well out of which won have drunk

Tamul — The physician who cured the striped tiger of his sickness became his prey

Tamul —A benefit conferred on the worthless is an earthen vessel falling on a stone

Teligu —A dog instinctively recognizes the kindness shown to it how base is the min who feels not the good that is done to him. Luke 17 17

Tamul -The scorpion stings Iam who helps it out of the fire

Turk —The dinner ended we value no more the spoon Persian —He cats the salt breaks the salt cellar

Thrul—Tie rogue feels only when he is punished the

Russian -The sheep does not remember its father; it bears only gress in mind

Idleness makes the House drop through -Lectrs to 18

The ant makes has when the sun shines-has no guide not so the idler who lets the house leak

The marks of the sluggard or idler are-(1) Loves not difficulties, will not plough by reason of cold, Prov 20 4 . (2) loves not disturbance, though death's handwriting mry be on the wall, (3) enjoys not the good in hand, roasts not what was taken in hunting, Prov 12 27, (4) his way hedged with thorns, Prov 15 19, such were the ten tribes-too lary to go up to Jerusalem, I lings 12 28, so with the servent in the parable of the talents, (5) ollows uceds on his fields. Prov 24 30. (6) discres only. but makes no efforts, so Palaam wished the death of the righteous but led not the life of the righteons, Num 23 10. (7) makes no progress turns us a door on the burges, Pros 26 14. (8) makes comses, there is a hon in the way, Prov 22 13.

Telunu -The idle man cats like a bullock, and sleeps like a

Telunu -In a neglected house devils take up their abode * Bengal -The date fell on his moustaches, he was too lazy to put it into his mouth

Hebrew -- Idleness is the mother of all vice

I amul - Opening the mouth when one says gram (oats),

and shutting it when one says bridle Tamul - Being without work, the burber is said to have

shaved his wife a head Persian.—Water long stagnant becomes putrid Finnish —By sleeping we do not gain money, by sitting no

fortune is to he had

Arab -- A well is not to be filled with dew, equivalent to the French- He that will cat the kernel must crack the nut?

^{*} Very similar to the Italian proverb which has found its way into English. An idle brain is the devil a workshop

Tamul -Plants of learning must be watered with the rain of tears

The Inner and the Outer Man -2 Coz. 4. 16

Also called the old and the new man Eph 4 24, the old and new Adam, the flash and the spirit, Pom. 8 1

The Hindus write of various loshes or sheaths enveloping the body. Peter calls the inner man the hidden min, i Pet 3 3-4

By the otter man is meant the body and senses, by the timer man the heart and spirit, both very different—the boddly eye might grow dim while the eye of firth grow brighter. The Arabs six, Dim eyes do not injure when the minds eye is bright. His youth is renewed like the engles Ps 103 5. St. Pauls setting sun was fine, he was, like the swan, and to sing as sweetly in writer as in summer.

Atmabodh -The wise man during his residence in the body is not affected by its properties as the firmament

is not affected by what floats in it

Telugu — The tamarındma j bedred, but it loses not its acidit Bengal — A clever woman is not old, though aged, but has the sneet sap of wit in ber

China —The man grows old, not so his heart Persian —Don't dispuse pepper because it is so small, cat

and see how pungent it is, 2 Cor 10 10
Russian — The needle is small, but pierces sharply

Feman —Though a vessel be broken, a new one is easily procured. Is it then marrellous that after i man's death he should acquire a new body?

2 Cor 5 2

Sanskrit - The form is small, the qualities great Trlugu - In old tree has a firm core

Jamel — Though broken to pieces, a golden pot will still be gold, of what use is an earthen pot when broken?

Cingalese — I gem is a gem, though found in a dunghill

Ferian - Worked chasings are various but all gold is the same, these cartily tenements vary, but the soul is one viside are many, but hunger is always the same.

Telugu -If you look at a grun of pepper, it is externally black , if you bite it you perceive that internally it is pungent Thus imperceptible is the worth of the excellent

The Lamp of the Wicked put out -Prov 13 9

The wicked are driven away, Prov 14 32 Lamps were used by the Jews at weddings and on festive occasions a man in prosperity is compared to a blazing lamp in adversity, he is ready to shp with his feet, Job 12 5, or to a lump extinguished The lamp of the wicked gridually fails of oil Mat 25 3-8, and in its extinction a stench from the wich arises, so the memory of the wicked

Canara - The fly (the poor man) is eaten by the frog (the rich man), and both are eaten by the serpent death, Prov 30 23

Sanshrit -Time is stronger than all things else

Man Fades as a Leaf-Isa 64.6

Life lile a leaf in four points -

The change comes on madually, we scricely perceive a difference day by day, but after the interval of a week it is distinctly seen, the leaf changes from a green to a pale hue when about to fall, the breeze snaps the link by which the shred was joined to its brunch and wafts it to its resting place beneath the parent tree, where it rots or serves as fuel or manure Such is the strength of men the freshness of youth passes into the maturity of manhood and thus by gradual steps the fachleness of age comes on grey hairs are on him yet he knoweth it not, Hos 7 9 'The dust returns to the dust.'

The leaves with which the cuth is strewn, and which serve to manne it will know no second spring, not so the body, which will rise in the morning of the resurrection, Dan 12 2

A leaf is light and unsubstantial A leaf fades in various ways silently The myrand leaves that glitter in the sunshine of spring or flutter in the breeze will be strewn on the ground in autumn, but when one shall fall and how long another shall bang who can tell? One falls withered by a worm at its root in early summer. a second is nipped by the frost, a third is shaken off by a rough wind, and the fourth, soon after it has burst from the bud in spring, is smitten by mildew. All will fall at some time, so with men The population of the globe, 1 000,000,000, will in a generation be off the tree of life some drop in childhood's spring, some in ripe man hood, and some hang on till the winter of age arrive. The time is short to all, and the short time is uncertain to each

The conquerors in the Greenin games were crowned These, though beautiful, soon faded away beauty, like glass, is brittle, trusting in fiding beauty is like anchoring in a floating island. The righteous, though his outer man decay, is an evergreen leaf

China - Man's life is like a candle in the wind, or hourfrost on the tiles

Afghan -Parents say, Our boy is growing up , they forget his life is shortenion

Turk -The dust of the tomb fills the eye of man

Lip Love as Sounding Brass -: Con. 13 1

Bengal -By words only the moistened rice is not made into

a confection

Bengal -A false friendship is like a bank of sand Bengal - Now, you, as it were, give me the moon, but

shortly 100 will give me a flogging Bengal -In words a tiger, 10 fighting a lizard.

Bengal - My house is your own, but if you ask for food, you are my enemy

Telugn - 1 barking dog never bites, does gold ever ring like ball metal?

Use the Means

Trings -God gives food but does be cook it and put it in the mouth p

Telugu -Can your house be barnt down with hot water? Telugu -By digging and digging the truth is discovered Teluar - When the field was sown without being ploughed. it vielded without being resped-ie, it yielded

nothing

China -Better go home and make a net than go down the river and desire to get fishes

China -No one can sew without a needle, no one can row without water

China -A dry finger cannot lick up salt

Afghan -Though God is almighty, he sends not rain in a clear BLy

Turk -Don't descend into a well with a rotten rope Turk -What can a stout ox do with a bad plough's

Turk -Knowledge is not acquired in a feather bed Turk - Who desires the rose must also consent to the

thorn Turk -Knowledge is not gained on a hed of roses

Russian -God help us, but don't lie on your back Russian -A good head has one hundred hands Talmud - If a man goes not after wasdom it does not come

to him Telugu -Scratching one's head with a firebrand-ic, the

remedy worse than the disease Telugu -Swimming over the Godavers by catching hold of

a dog's tail, Lake 14 31 Urdu -He sets up for a druggist with one bit of assa-

fœtida

Gravel fills the Mouth of Docest -- Prov 20 17

The Lalita Vistara states Desires ere regarded by the wise as the edge of a sword covered with honey, or as the head of a scrpent leading to quarrely, as a cornec among dogs'

Diverse weights are an abomination to the Lord. Hos 12 7. Deut 25 13-16 Almle trking judge is called a lanr Micah 7 4

Incol deceived his father with a kill, Gen 27 9-14, At , more than forty years efter, his children deceive him with 1 kid, Gen 37 31, 32 David artfully contrived the murder of Urnh by the sword, 2 Sam 11 14 15, and the providence of God so uppointed it that the sword never departed from his house, 2 Sam 12 10 So with Human Esther 7 10, and the attempt to assessmete Ahasuerus Esther 2 21-23

The Jews put Christ to death that the Romans might not come and take away their place and nation, by that very act they drew down the vengeance of God which God appointed the Romans to execute John 11 48

Urdu —A wooden pot cannot be often put on the fire—

se, decent cannot be often repeated

Bengal — The low fellow's words are like the tortoise s head, which can be drawn out or put in according to

circumstances

Turk — The har s house is on fire, but no one believes it

Telugu —A trader in the au—: e, an impostor

Bengal —Ho tells the thief to rob, he bids the householder be on his guard

The Safe Guide -Ps 48 14

A guide is necessary in a strange place—such the world is—a wilderness where there are lad rouls few wells storms of sand arise and the droad of robbers

God directs men's steps, so Phyrioh's daughter found Moses when she went to bothe Ex. 2 15 Soul in search of asses obtained a kingdom I Sun 9 3-15 Paul on lis way to Damasens saw Christ Acts 9 Davids eac, I Sun 17 53

Resean — Man plans but God fallils
Clans — Man sees but the present, God all things
Arab — Man thinks God gudes
I rdu — God is the guarden of a blad man s wife

Cama —A man depends on God as a ship on its rudder Urdu —One door is shut but a thousand are open Mahabharat —Liko a gem strung upon a threal or a bull

tied by a nose rop a man f llows the command of the D sposer (God) as the tips of griss are

swate I by the blasts of a strong wind

The Heary Head of the Righteens a Crown of Glory Paov 16 31

The Jews required persons to use up when at a distance of four cubits from an old man. The Romans punished with death those not using up before the heary, and God sent two bears to devour the men who called Llisha haldheaded. 2 Kings 2 23.

The Germans call grey laws death's blossoms, the Bible says of found in the way of righteourness, they are a courn of life—i.e., unfading, and an ornument, a sign of dominion and victory. Men are like vine, age renders the good mellow, but in-less the bad sour, or like channeys long foul which, if not swept, are at length fired. Old sinners are like views long abroach, in which nothing is left but the less and dregs of ignorance and sin

Examples of good old righteous people in Samuel, 1 Sam. 25 1, Elisha 2 Kings, 13 14, Jacob, Gen. 47, 10, Anna Luko 2 36

The righteous though old in body, is a new min in religiou 2 Cor 5 17, his youth is renewed like the earlies, Ps 103 5

Arab—Hoary hurs are death's messengers, Hos 7 9
Afghan—Though the mallet be old, it is sufficient to smash
the pitcher

China —In clothes we admire novelty, in men, old age
Arab —The gravity of old age is fairer than the flower of
youth Job 23 6 7

youth, Job 23 6, 7

Hebrew — Wisdom is the grey hair unto men

The Body of a House -2 Cor 5 1

The Probodh Chandrodaya compares the soil to a taper confined in 1 dwelling which has mine openings. The Shahir Shadar says "It is absind to laiment the loss of youthful joy and a lively countenance which floated off like the sportive and short-lived billows in the Jumina" Venan writes. When a bubble stands on water a rapid uish in passing destroys it. Alas I what affection men feel for the fruil earthem vessel of the body.

The word 'house' sometimes means property, as when referred to the Phansees who decoursed widows houses, Matt 23 14 But "house' more generally means a place to dwell in The body is the earthly house in which the spirit dwells, and the grive is called 'the house appointed for all living," Joh 30 23, because every one now hiving must at lest abide there as in a house. The tabernacle and temple were called 'the house of God,' as there God dwelt among his people by the signs of His gracous presence, and His glory uppeared in the cloud, and shone forth from between the Cherubim over the Ark. And thus Jicob when he set up the stone which had formed his pillow, cilled the place Bethel or the house of God to signify that the Lord hid revealed limiself in that place, Gen. 28, 17

Solomon says. Lecle 12 1-7 in old age the leepers of the house, the knees, the pillars, tremble with paralysis, the granders or teeth, are like the women who ground meal, the eyes are the windows the sight becomes dim, Gen 27 1, 48 10, the lattices of the windows afford less hight to mass through Judges 5 28 2 Sam 6 16. the doors are shut to enable the old to sleep daughters of music brought low are singing or nautch girls, the house tumbles and its tenant goes to his long home Who builds stronger than a mason, a shipwright, or a carpenter? The gravedigger the house that he makes lasts till Doomsday The believers sun breaks through the clouds of old age the golden chain which binds his heart to heaven is waxing stronger and stronger, its links are growing more firm, his hon e is tumbling, but he has a building made without hands 2 Cor 6 1 in a city without foundations.

Hearing, not Doing, as a House on a Sandy Foundation.

Matr 7 26

Thoul -Br pronouncing the word fire, will the mouth be burnt?

50

Telugu --- Will empty words fill bollies? Arab -He who has made a hole in the corn-sack has become a preacher

Arab -A learned man without practice is a cloud without water

Tamul -- Hunger is appeased by cating will it be so by looking at food?

Modoration-re, Avoiding Extremes -PHIL 4. 5

Arab -In shunning the bear he fell into the pit

Persian -Be not all sugar, or the world will swallow thee up, be not all wormwood, or the world will spit thee out

Turk -To avoid the smoke, do not throw yourself into the fire

Bengal -An excessive noise is of no use, Eccles 7 16 Malay -From fear of the ghost to clasp the corpse

Talmud - Light things difficult to enjoy in abundance, but in moderation good-labour, sleep, riches, journeving, love, warm water, bleeding, and wine

Malabar -If you engrave it too much, it will become a hole

Tamul -If taken to excess, even nectar is poison Malabar - Even new clothes may be rent if pulled forcibly Russian - Ho ran from the wolf and fell in with the hear

Talmud -Three things in great quantity bad, but a little good-leaven, salt, and liberality Malay -To fall into the jaws of the tiger after escriping

from the mouth of the alligator Siriae -Too much tying loosens

Russian -Sweet as is honey, two spoonfuls of it cannot be taken at one time

China - While keeping a tiger from the front door the wolf enters in at the back

China -The excess of joy is sorrow, of wine, drunkenness Basque -Tho cord of a violin is broken in stretching it

too much Tamul -Why eat seeing you know not how to eat with

moderation? Telugu - Because the sugar cano is sweet, are you to chew it with the roots?

China -To call the tiger to chase away the dog

Tamul -It is said the snake, afraid of the charmer, sought the friendship of the rat

Basque -By filling it too much the sack burst Tumul -Joy and grief must be regulated by moderation

Tamul -Act as one who warms himself, do not hurn yourself

Sanskrit -Excess is to be avoided in all things Galic -Though the old woman is better of warming, she is not hetter of being hurnt

The Mote in a Brother's Eye, a Beam in Your Own. MATT 7 3

Humility teaches us to regard others as better than ourselves St Paul, though the cluef spostle called him self the chief of sinners, I Tim I 15

Russian -A pig camo up to a horse and said. Your feet are crooked, and your hair is worth nothing

Bengal - The sieve says to the needle. You have a hole in your tail

Tamul —The defects in the cyclash are not apparent to the

Japan -At the foot of the lighthouse it is dark

Kurd -No one says my milk is sour Cingalese - The man without clothes busying himself in

making jackets for dogs

Clina -- Let every one sweep the snow before his own door, and not busy himself with the frost on his

neighbour's tiles China -The crow mocked the pig for his blackness Aurd -When your house is of glass, do not throw stones

at your neighbour's house

Bohemian -Tho pot punishes the kettle, ye are both black Malay -The mortar's complaint to a drug

Modern Greek -The ass said to the cock Big headed. Sanskrit -They know not their own defects who search for the defects of others

Stiff neeked -- Py 73 3

The Jews were called a stiff necked people Acts 7 51 The old world had its neck hardened by resisting the . .

were swert away by the Flood altogether unexpectedly to themselves Inle 17 26 27 So were Sodom Gen 19 Llis sons I Sun 3 13 Phiraolis hard neck was re provelly the Ten Ilagues 1 ut continuing obstinate in his rebellion against God I haraoh was overtiken with sudden destruction at the moment he thought himself sure of his prey Lx, 14 28 So Alrab I Kings 17 1. 18 18

Tumul - A stubborn wife is a mat rolled up-i e, uscless Russian -Ile bows to the ground but bites his toes Tanul - A stubborn man and a crocodile are alike they will not lose hold of what they have seized

Woman's Ornament the Hidden Man of the Heart 1 PET 3.3 4

The It len man of the heart here means a meck and quiet spirit called the samer man in contrast with the outer man the body or countenance, thus Paul states though his outer man perish his inner man is renewed day by day 2 Cor 4 16 See Solomon's description of 1 virtuous woman Prov 31 10-31 a contentious woman is compared to a continual dropping Prov 27 15, she is a moth to consume her husbands estate. Women are to adorn themselves with shamefreedness i Tim

2 S Q Ornaments in dress are condemned as eventing the passions encouraging pride hindering aln's I Tim 2 9 10 wasting time Eph. 5 16 the prophets were rough garments as Elijah 2 kings I 8, Jezebel painted her face Herod was arrayed gorgeously and was eaten up of worms Acts 12, so the nch man clad in purple before going to hell Luke 16, so Absalom.

Telugu -The tamarınd may be dried but it loses not its acidity

Veman -Look closely at must its hue indeed is dark, but

its fragrance perfumes all things, thus hidden

are the virtues of men of weight

China — We ask foor things for a woman—that virtue
dwell in her heart, modesty in her forehead,
sweetness in her mouth, and lahour in her hands

Chanal —As the sea defends the earth, n wall the roof,

a king the nation, so does modesty a woman Chanck — As the voice forms the beauty of the cuckee, learning of an ugly man, mercy of an ascetic, so

is conjugal fidelity the beauty of a woman *

Arab -- An immodest woman is food without salt, Luke 14 34

China -- Modesty is woman's courage

Russian — Tho man is the head of the woman, but she rules him by her temper

Russian —The wife does not beat the husband, but her temper rules him

Japan - When the hon crows the house goes to rum

A hustling woman and crowing hen, Are neither fit for gods nor men

China - Silence and blushing are the cloquence of a woman,

Tit 3 3

Persian — If yon bo a cock, crow, if a hen, lay eggs

Russian — It uever goes well when the hen crows.

Russian — The hen is not a cock, nor is a woman a man,

Prov 31. 10-31

Russian -A woman's praise is in her household.

Of what avail are prisons barred, Their chastity is women's guard.

Malay --A whole herd of huffaloes might be shut up in a pen,
There is one thing not to be guarded-a woman

Turk -Long hair, little brain, 1 Tim 2 9

Patient as the Husbandman,—Jas 5 7

Turk .- The true falls not at a single stroke Turk .- Patience is the key to joy.

Turk -Wn mount the ladder step by step

. The I nalish proverbs are -Beauty is but skin deep, is but dross if honesty be lost.

54 Turk -By patience grape juice becomes wine and the

mulberry leaf satin Turk - With zeal and patience the mouse pierces a plank

Turk -We always make advance, says the tortoise-10, slow, but sure

Arab -Many locks are opened by patience

Arab -The noisy cat catches nothing

Arab -It may be a fire, to morrow it will be ashes

Persian -Patience is a tree whose root is bitter, but its fruit very sweet

Bengal -Pull the ear, the bead follows

Bengal - Having a firm bold on all sides, mount the horse Russian -The dog barks, the wind carries it away

Afghan -When a stone is stirred in filth the stench increases

Malabar -By running in the beat, do we come to land?

Tamul - Will the barking dog catch game? 1 1

Malay —Hillocks even are filled up by white auts
Tamul —If a cloth be spread on a thorn bush, it must be taken off with great care, Prov 19 2

Arab - A poor man without patience is a lamp without oil Sanshret - A jar is gradually filled by the falling of waterdrops

Cast not Pearls before Swine -MATT 7 6

Tamul -Inke reading a portion of the Veda to a cow about to gore you

Teli gu -A garland of flowers in a monkey's paw

Japan -Gold coms to a cat

Tanul -Though religious instruction be whispered into the ear of an ass, nothing will come of it but the accustomed braying

Arab -He who briggs up the young of a snake will only

get stung Persian -It is folly to give comfits to a cow, Luke 7 32

I eman -If an unlucky fool should even find the philosopher s stooe, it would never remain in his hands, but vanish, it would melt away like the bail

stones that come with the rain, Prov 12 27 Teman -Though you agoint an ass all over with perfumes,

it feels not your fondness but will turn again and Lick you, Mat 7 6, Prov 27 22

Telugu -- What can a pig do with a rose bottle?

Sanskrit —Beneficence shown to the mean is writing on the sand

Perfection -Ps 119.96

The more holy a man is, the more sensible he is of his unholines.

China - There are two good men one dead, the other unborn

Arab -Only the grave-clothes change the physical nature

Telugu — The fire place takes the crookedness out of the stick—te, the funeral pyre alone takes away

men's evil qualities.

Annul —Even an elephant may shp

garments?

Breton — Who wishes a horse without defects ought to go on foot

on foot

Turk — Who seeks a friend without a fault remains with
out one

Arab —A good horse will stumble, a good knifo will be blunted

Hengal —Ink spots may be removed by washing, natural

disposition only by death

Japan -- The teeth sometimes bite the tongue-ie, the best

friends will sometimes fall out
China-There are straight trees on the mountains, no

straight men in the world

Sin as a Poisonous Serpent -Pa as a a

The poison of serpents is life sin in five points -

1 Inflames, so the fire of presson

2 Spraats very quickly, then are Indean cobres who e losson kills in twenty manutes—like lighting, the poison goes through the body draws sin has spraad through the world

3 Sm dl in the beginning the wound of the color scarcely visible, as the Langth proverb It goes in a

\$6 needle comes out a ploughshare I ve ate un apple but

it porconed the whole human race 4 Bite not 7 unfel, lut the effect deadly Dent 32 33,

Job 20 12, so the tleasures of sin for a season 5 The serient has a beautiful skin-such was

Absalom beautiful but disobedient to his father David . he rused o rebellion against luni 2 5mm 15 4, 1

Telugu -A year to a potter and a day to a cudgel Rom 5 13

Man os Clay, God as the Potter -Is1 64 8

The nations before God compared to the drop of o buck et Isa. 40 15, to the small dust of the lalance Isa 40 15 All things made on earth are frul and chails Iroken and though they are finely figured punted and gilded like porcelain they are but earth still ond a foll destroys them

Man comes from the honds of the Mal er as clay from the hand of the potter and is called a ressel because he has capacity to I oll either good or eval a vessel of wrath or a vessel of destruction Poul is called a chosen vessel and the wife the weaker vessel

We are as clay in Gods hands and formed of the dust. He had the most absolute right to form us as vessels to honour or to dishonour and to endue us with powers of mind and body of such extent capacity and efficiency as might seem good unto Him He had a right to deter mine the duration and conditions of our being to appoint the bounds of our habitations and all the circumstances on which our happiness and welfare in any degree depend. He was pleased to create man in his own image as a vessel unto honour a little lower indeed than the angels but still endued with noble faculties and crowned with dominion over the beasts of the field, when man marred this Divine image and beauty by his own sinful folly God had the most absolute right either at once to dash

him in pieces as a potters vessel or to continue his existence, and appoint him a new probation, on such con ditions as he might see fit to enjoin, with whatever advantages or disadvantages he might be pleaded to assum, man is like the moth which, flying at the candle only gets time.

Persian - The titmouse holds up its feet that the sky might not fall upon it

Telugu - Lake a grasshopper jumping into the fire-ie, to try to extinguish it

Russian -The earthen pot cannot contend with the brass

one
China -On the egg combating with the stone, the yolk

came out.

Persian —The breath of the gnat will not put out the sun

"Guyerat —Biting a stone breaks the teeth

Bengal — Who has made the thorn so sharp?—1 e, a man's
abilities are from God

Bengal - When one spits at the moon it falls back on

One s self China -To run against a nail, Acts 9 5

Bengal —The tailless ox pushing at the elephant

Prudence -Marr 10 16.

North showed foresight in building the ark. Heb 4.7, Phyraoh's servants Exod 9. 20. 21, so do the stork and ant Jer 8.7

Arab —The chameleon does not leave one tree until he has secured the other

Russian - Measure your cloth ten times you can cut but once

Chanal —A wise man moves with one foot, stands fast with the other, and does not quit the station he occupies without well considering that which he intends to go

Arab -If thou canst not take things by the head, then take them by the tail

Russian -- A good fox has three holes

Malalar - Before you leap look at the ground, Prov 22 3

African -No one measures the river with both his feet Arab .- The servant, deceived by the cold of the morning, provided no water for the heat of the day

Sanskrit -A king perceives by his cars, the learned by their intellect, a beast by scent, and fools by the

past

Afghan -Ihough your enemy be a rope of sand, call him a scrpent-ie, do not despise an enemy.

Bengal - Who sets the weir betimes, cats plenty of fish Gujerat - A straight finger scoops not out clarified butter.

Turk -Speak not of stones to a fool lest he east them at thy head

Tamul --- Ants before rain carry their eggs to a higher place Turk -Approach not bees without having thy he id covered Sanskrit - Fools learn only by the past-i e, experience is a dear school

Punctuality, or Work while it is Day -Jone 9 4

See the parable of the Ivolish Vargius, who found the door shut The coming of the Bridegroom surprised the wise virgins or budesmaids with joy, the feelish with terror

Jeremiah (8 7) reproves the people for not using their opportunities, he recommends them to be like the swillow and stork, who prepare at a suitable moment to leave a wintry climate for sunlit lands, not like the ostrich, who when pursued hides its head between its legs fancying because he does not see the danger there will be none Time and tide wait for no man Mat 25 10

Persian -A poor man waited I 000 years before the gate of Paradise, then, while he snatched one httle

nap, it opened and shut Persian - The stream which has passed down does not

come back to its former channel Arab -Four things cannot be brought back-a word

spoken, an arrow discharged, the Divine decree, and past time

Arab -Occasions, like clouds, pass away Arab -It is little use to hammer cold iron

Bengal -Having drunk the water, he asks the caste of thegiver

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air if now and then they were not carried off by the rain which precipitates them upon the curth and thus clears and purifies the air Tho rain is not less useful in nole rating the burning heat of the atmosphere as we see in the rany season in India Isa 44 3 when the rain falls from a higher region and brings to the lower a refreshing coolness of which we always feel the agreeable effects when it has rained It is also to the rain we must partly attribute the origin of fountains wells lakes, I rooks and consequently rivers such as the Amazon of America 180 miles wide at its mouth. We are sum lied in abundance with those sources of water in the wet and runs seasons whereas they exprorate during a long drought. The earth and accetables languish for want of these fruitful showers without which everything would perish for rain is in many respects the fool of vegetables at circulates in their finer veins and in the vessels of plants and trees and conveys to them those beneficial juices which pre serve their life and give them growth Wl en it pours on mountries it sweeps from them a soft riel and fruit ful earth which it deposits in the valleys where it falls and which it fertilizes The valleys of the Ganges and Nile have been thus formed

Among the Lgyptans the prophet carried in his hand a pitcher as a symbol of his dispensing the water of learning. In the Lahta Vistara it is said that Sakhya Muni will render calm and cool by the rain of the law those who are devoured by the fire of ency and passion

Cod's influence lile rain in for r moints -

- I Sometimes comes arresistible Isa 60 10 11
- 2 I ares—sometimes in torrents at other times in showers. The feast of Pentecost when 3 000 were converted was a torrent. Lydia's case was the gentle shower. Acts 16 14 so was Timothy's case.
 - 3 Italis in drops in a coession so line upon line Isa.

28 to Men, like narrow mouthed ressels cannot receive much at a time

4 At God's pleasure In some countries the run falls in torcuits, in Egypt scarcely any falls

Redeeming the Time -Ern 5 16

The text treats of laying up time as a thing of value, such as the dying who know the preciousness of time, there is only one building eternal, 2 Cor 5 i Solo mon says, Lecles 3 3-7, there is a time to break down, such as happened to the walls of Jerusalem, 2 Kings 25, 4-15, there is a time to cast away stones, as in building memorials, Gen 30 Jos 4 i-9, so Paul threw things overboard in the shipwreck, Acts 27 38

The English say, Time and tide wait for no man, the Benguls say, When the neer rises in the pot, quick, quick, quick, 'n hell they know the worth of time, the sinners to morrow will never come, Jerusalem had its time, but it knew it not Luke 19 42, a Jewish rabbi, asked when a mau should repent said one day before his duth. Christ came in the fulness of time Gal. 4 4, and our times are in God's hinds F. 31 15

Time brings changes, thus one man who in the morning was worshipped, in the evening was lung up as food for crows, Esth 7 1-10, one great king became mid, Dan 4 32, see the fate of a king in the midst of a feast Dan. 5 30

Arab —Opportunities pass away like clouds

Persian —The arrow, once shot, never returns to the bow,

Eccles 11 3

Russian — Summer never comes twice in a year

Aral — The best teacher is time

Sinskrit — Repairing the tank after the water had escaped

Sparing the Red, hating his Son - Prov 13 22 Sweet hone; is sucked out of the bitterist herbs, scouring makes a vessel shine the brightest, so with punishment. Eh neglected to restrain his sons I Sum 3 13, this proved their ruin, I Sum 4 II Such apparent kindness was cruelty. David did not restruin Absalom, 2 Sum 14 25, and it led to his ruin, I Kings 12. The best horse needs breaking so the best child restraining

Bengal —Sand sharpens a knife, a stone an axe, good words a good man, so u thrashing does u rogue

Tulmud—A word is enough for a wise man, a stuck for a fool—So in Arabic

Telugu —An iron ladle for a stone pot Afghan —

The porcupine says O my soft bittle son softer than butter The crow says O my sou whiter than muslin

Afghan -

The ungrateful son is a wart on his father's face To leave it is a blemish—to cut it a pain. Illustrate Eli s sparing the rod by an Afghan proverb?

The Root of all Evil is the Love of Money -1 Tru 6 10.

St Paul calls covetousness idolatry, Eph. 5 5, covetousness unphes distrust of God Luke 12 29, we are to ask only for our dady brend Mat 6 34, husting to be meh leads to wrong means as with Judas Bilaam, Ahab Ananias, Simon Magus, their root of money love spreads like the bany in its branches very wide in discontent and carclessness of the poor (See the parable of the Unjust Steward and Rich Worldling Luke 12 15-21) Christ and he cannot serve God and Mammon, or as the Bengalis have it- One foot on land the other on water The ostrich cannot fly high because of its wings, and Jacob with his flock had to travel slowly Gen 33 13 He is not rich who possesses much but who desires little, the evil hes not in the mere nequisition of money-thus Abraham the father of the faithful was wealthy, Gen 13 2 , so was David the man after God son heart

I Chron. 28 io, 29 i-i6 Theirs was not filthy lucre, Thi i $_{7}$

Turk —The stomach of the covetous is satisfied, his eye never

Malabar — Money is the hatchet to separate pleasant friends
Arab — The gaping mouth of covetousness is not filled
except by the earth of the grave, Ps 146 4

Arab - Covetousness is the punishment of the rich, a rich

miser is poorer than n poor man

Arab —Riches are the fomenters of desire, the thirst after
wealth is more vehement than after water

Arab — Covetousness has for its mother unlawful desires, for its daughter injustice, for its companion

vileness

Turk —To ask bounty from a covetous man is to dig a

trench in the sea

Syrian —Like the monkey's fat, which does not melt or

soften
Kurd —The camel carnes sugar, yet eats thorns

Telugu — Avarice knows not shame, sleep (of the covetous) knows not comfort

Persian —The miser has locked up the gate of heaven
Mahabharat —The bolt of the door of heaven is made by

Persuan — Fat does not come from a stons—: e, the miser is stony hearted

Bengul —An ox carrying sugar—se, a miser enjoying not what he has

Bengal — Even iron swims for gain, from covetousness came sin, from sin death

Persian -A man attempted to swim with a load of iron on his back. Hab 2 6

Afjhan —Though the river be large, it is on the dogs tongue—se, misers have much, but can spend little on themselves

Afghan — Wealth is his who eats it (enjoys) not his who keeps it.

Tamul —Patient endurance is the root of religious ment avarice the root of sin Arab —The thirst after gold is worse than the thirst after

water
Sant ret - Man is the slave of money

Rottenness of the Bones in Envy -Prov 14. 30

If the bones, the mainstay of the system, be rotten, the whole body becomes sick—a slow and torturing death

takes place; so cury is the soul's rottenness

Lavy converts the happiness of which it is the witness into wormwood and gill for its own cup, and transforms the honey of another man's comfort into the poison of asps for its own bosom it is an instrument of self-torment—a burning ulceration of the soul—a crime which, partaking of the guilt, partakes as largely of the inserty of hell Cain the first inniderer, slew his brother at the instigation of thus use, Gen 4 4, Saul, under the influence of envy, plotted for years the slaughter of David, I Sam 18. Ahab, the king of Israel, pined for the vineyard of Naboth, and shed his blood to gain it, I Kings 21, it was envy that perpetrated that most atrocious crime on which the sun refused to look, and at which Nature give signs of ablorrence by the rending of the rocks—the crucifixion of Christ, Mat 27 18

The envious man is a man of the worst diet, for he consumes himself, and delights in pining a thorn-hedge covered with nettles , a peerish interpreter of good things . and no other than a lean and pale carcase, quickened with a fiend. Envy is painful to ourselves, and murrous as rust is to iron or the moth to cloth, therefore called "the rottenness of the bones" It arises from pride, and is carried out in covetousness and cvil desire, ending in discontent Envy is discontentedness at another man's good and prosperous estate, holmess, esteem, renown, and ability carnal things it is sorded, in higher things it is devilish In the one we partake with the beasts, who ravenously seek to take the prey from one another, in the other with the devils and evil angels who, being fullen from hapmness, now maken and envy those that enjoy it. St. James 3 14, calls it ' bitter envying, to distinguish it from that holy emulation which makes us strive who shall excel

each other in the ways of goddiness, as also from true zeal for Gods glory. It proceeds from the overflow of gall and choler, that root of bitterness that is in the heart, it is butter to ourselves and others, it inskes is impleasant to those with whom we converse, and though it be sweet for the present, yet, when conscience is opened, and we taste the fruits of it, it proves bitterness in the issue. Envy is but a cockatrice egg, that soon brings forth strife. The world had an early experience of it Satan envied Adam and Eve. Pride the first sin in Adam, envy the second in Cun. There was envy between Abraham and Lots herdsmen, Gen. 13, 7, then Joseph's brothrou envied him, and conspired to slay him, Gun. 37, 4. So in Saul and Davids ease 1 Sam 18, 9

Bengal —In seeing another's wealth, it is not good to have the eyes smart

Gulistan — I can avoid injuring the mind of any one, but what shall I do to the envious man who earrieth the injury in his own breast? Die, thou envious wretch, since thou canst not be cured of the disease under which thou labourest, but by death

disease under which then labourest, but by death

Arab — Enty is a riging fever, care has no rest, the wiseno poverty

Then — An mountain without mist, no man of ment with-

Out detractors

Oriental --Virtue is always exposed to envy, we cast not stones at a burren tree

Afjhan —The horses were shoeing themselves the frogs held up their feet—ic, to be shoed also

Tumul -An enemy's envy is his own punishment

Tamul -Envy thou not the glory of a sinner

Tamul — Thon knowest not what shall be his end, Prov 24 20

Japan -Lepers envious of those with sore

Hebrew —The ear of jealousy heareth all things Hebrew —Envy and wrath shorten the life

Hebrew -Carefulness brings age before the time

Hebrew —The envious man has a wicked eye

Hypocrites' Hope a Rush in the Mire -Jon 8 11-15

The Telugus compare visionary hopes to a bag of money seen in a looking glass. The rush springs out of the mire and its growth is as rapid as its greenness is bright before the sun, while the bed in which it grows is filled with the serson runs it fluints itself as if in scorn of the more valuable blade in the neighbour ing furrow and gains more notice from the uninstructed eye yet it is always a worthless plant and as soon as the torrent is dried up by the heat of summer it withers in a day, so the rich fools hopes of long life Loke 12 16-20 So Gohath's head was cut off with the very sword he hoped to kill David with I Sam 17 44-51

Hypocrites are Whited Sepulchres -Mar 22, 27

Sepuichres were beautiful without louthsome within. hence they were away from cities as those who touched the dead were accounted polluted

Hypocrates hiened Luke 11 44 to graves that appear not because covered with grass and weeds-their throat an open sepulchre Ps 5 9

Pull called Anamas a whited wall Acts 23 3

These hypocrites worshipped God with their hips while their hearts were far from him Mat. 15 8 and by their extortions they devoured widows houses Mat 23 14

Can a was a hypocrate in worshipping God without sacrifice and pretending not to know where his brother was when he had killed him Gen 4 9, so Judas when he kissed Christ after he had betrayed him for 30 pieces of silver Mat, 26 49

Chanal -A friend who injures your business in your absence but speaks smoothly when you are present should be shamed as a bowl of poison with milk on its surface

Bengal — The heron is (is appearance) a saint as long as the fish is not in eight

Bengal -The female devotee pretends not to eat fish, but there are three on her leaf

The Righteous the Salt of the Earth.—Mar 5 13

The rightcous like salt in three points -

Salt is iemarkable for its own peculiar sector by which its presence in any substance with which it crit unit itself is at once detected, spreading itself through any thing with which it is thus mixed it imparts its own quality of submess to the previous taste or sworn. It has also the quality of preserving from corruption even for a number of years in any substances that would other wise perish, hence it is an emblem of what is enduring or perpetual.

God appointed that salt should be used in all the sacrifices offered to him salt was the opposite to leaven for it preserved from putrefaction and corruption and signified the purity and persevering fidelity that are necessary in the worship of God. Every thing was seasoned with it to signify the purity and perfection that should be extended through every part of the divine service and through the hearts and lives of God's worshippers It was called the salt of the covenant of Gol because as salt as incorruptable so were the covenant and promise of Jehovah. Among the heathers s dt was a common ingredient in all their sacrificial offer ings, and as it was considered escential to the comfort and preservation of life and an emblem of the most perfect corporeal and mental endowments so it was supposed to be one of the most acceptable presents they could make unto their gods from whose sperifices it was myer absent.

Salt is the symbol of wisdom Col. 4 6 of perpet dy

6S

and incorreption, Numb 18 19, 2 Chron 13 5, 4, of hospitality, and of that fidelity which is due from servants, friends, guests, and domestics, to those that entertain them, and receive them at their tables it is used in this sense, Ern 4 14, where maintenance from the lings table means salted with the salt of the polace. In Russia in the present day when the I imperor visits any of his subjects, brend and salt into presented to him as an emblem of hospitality.

A little salt scroom much meat and prevents its penshing, so Lot was the salt of Sodom, and had there been ten nghteous persons in it, the city would have been preserved, Gen 18 3z Salt preserves the human body from worms, so the righteous save secrety from corruption

Hebrew -Alms are the salt of riches

Badaga —If the curry is without savour, you can put salt into it, but if the salt has lost its savour, with what can it be sessoned? Mat 5 13

Our Days on Earth a Shadow -Jon 8 9

Gotthold compares time to an image in the water easily becam, yet the shadow gives shelter for a time, as Jonah found at Nineveh under the gourd, 4 6 Life like a shadow has little substance, is flecting, it is compared in Job 8 11, to a risk springing up in the mid, and drying up before the influence of the sun

Afghan —As the sun's shadow shifts, so there is no permanence on earth

Bengal —A service fleeting us the palm tree's shade or the cloud's shadow

Bengal —There is no hand to catch time

Sanshrit -Time is stronger than all things else.

God a Shepherd Ps 23 1
God a shepherd in seven points -

The shepherd lnows his sheep, so as to be able to dis-

away from the shepherd, as were the Jews by the Babylonians

Mahratta —An herdsman, with his staff in his hand, guides and protects his cattle Will not God, with the

staff of correction, guide and protect man?

China — When heaven rears a man, he grows very fat When
meu rear one, he is but skin and bone

meu rear one, he is but skin and bone

Telugu —Will he who plants the tree not water it?

Modern Greek —Appointing the wolf a shepherd

Alodern Greek —Appointing the wolf a shepherd

Persian —The sheep are not designed for the shepherd,
but the shepherd for the service of the sheep

U.du — Put ants and dogs to guard sweetments
Russian — The shepherd shears the sheep hut does not
flay them

Sowing to the Flesh Reaping Corruption -Gal. 6 8

The principles of ruin are in ourselves, like the iron which preeds rust, or like filthy garments which produce

moths, or ill humours in the body causing a fever

The husbandman's labours we often blasted, not so those of the righteous, God will not forget the labour of love, Heb. 6 10 Husbandmen have to reap every year, the righteous all at once

Adonizabel was paid in his own coin Judg 1 7, Ahab's blood was licked up by the dogs, and Haman was hing on his own gallows, Esth 7 10 Dated sowed adulter, reaped the sword, 2 Sam 12 9, 11, Joseph's brethrun sowed envy, Gen. 42 21, Judas sowed coveteonsness, reaped a halter, Matt 27, 5

The Buddhists of Ceylon say—"If any one speak or act from a corrupt mund, sufficing will follow the action, as the wheel follows the lifted foot of the ox' An Luglish proverb— He has mode has bed and he must lie in it Job 4.8 they that plough iniquity reap the same, they sowing the wind reap the whirliwind, Hos 8.7. The Persians say, "He that plants thorns shall be not gather roses, the field of wrong brings forth death as its firities.

Prov 5 22, he is holden with the cords of his own sin so fire in his his. Prov. 16 27. Job 5 2

Burma -Suffering is the necessary consequence of sin, just as when you eat a sour fruit a stomach complaint ensues

Bengal -Put your hand in the fire, whether willingly or

no, you will get hurut Shanti Shatal -To wherever you roam in sky or occan,

yet your actions from birth up will follow you before the Judge as the shadow the substance

Telugu - A man's shadow remains near himself

Telugu -If you expect much fruit from few offerings, will it be obtained?

Bengal -I'rom the jack do you get the mango juice?

Bengal -" As the sin, so the atenement "

Bengal -" The ant's wings produce its own death '

Dane -Whoever will eat the kernel must crack the nut Malabar - When any one has learnt to steal, he must also learn banging

Tulmud -The crow brought fire into the nest, it warmed

him, but it hurnt the nest Thri -Those who sow thorns can only reap prickles Person - He that plants thorns shall not gather roses

China -Ivory does not come out of the rat's mouth Russian -- It is not necessary to sow fools, they grow of

themselves God is not in baste, but His aim is Sure

The Hypocrites' Hope a Spider's Web -Jon S. 14.

The Italians, to express the community of goods between true friends, say they the their purses with a spider's web -- i.e. easily broken

The spider weaves its web out of its own boucls and with wonderful skill prepares a network which for surrusses the most curious I roduct of human workman hip even the Kashmir shawl in the regularity and fineness of its texture. The spider succeeds in fixing himself even in the mansions of the great, and clines tenaciously to

the haunt or home which she has chosen Prov 30 28 Her web is admirally woven for the purpose which she has in view, and such insects as are incrutionally entangled in it become an easy prey Let is it also so frail and slight that a breath might rend it, and at last at is brushed away in a moment by the meanest seriant of the house the sweeper. So the hypocrite's hope is spun out of his own fancies as the spiders web out of her own bowels, and it consists either in a groundless con ceit of his own merits or in an equally erroneous notion of God's character. The spider when he suspects has web-hero called his house-to be fruit or unsure hans upon it in different parts propping hunself on his hinder legs and pulling with his fore claus to see if all to safe If he Ind may just of it injured he immediately solds new cordago to that part and attaches at strongly to the wall. When he finds all safe and strong he retires into his hole at one corner and supposes himself to be in a state of complete security the web looks very beautiful in sunshine in a moment however may accident to say nothing of a dirty broom sweeps away himself and his house

Bengal -Trust to tle cat and the buttermilk on the shelf Arab -More faithful than the earth-ie which renders

all things deposited in it Tumul - Will they let a bug e-cape because it did not bite? Japan —A key to a thief
Welsh —To pawn a piece of flesh with n cat Bengal.—Dancing on on unbaked water ressel
Iblimud —Bo very limible the hopes of men are worms
Oriental —More disappointing than the fire of a glow

worm

The Lord the Stay of the Righteous -2 SAM. 22 19.

A house or wall is tottering a beam of wind stays it up such are the ropes to a ship so creeping plants unable to stand upright clin, by their tendrils to some

stick which becomes their stay, similarly the soul clings to God by the tendrils of faith.

The Nick of Time Taught by the Stork,-Jen. 8, 7

In many countries the storks and many birds are not able to stand the winter, on its approach they congregate and depart in a body for the sunlit lands returning in the spring so do the crane and swallow Men know the signs of the weather and when it is time to start on a journey, but when the shadows of lifes evening are coming people do not see the signs of death's approach Hos 7 9 The Italians say time is an inaudible file which destroys gradually without its being noticed, Christ reprotched the people that though knowing the signs of bid weather they did not know the drift of spiritual things Mat 16 3 so (rod in Jeremiah reproaches the people for not like the birds looking into the future the wicked are like the ostrich which when pursued hides its head between its legs fancying because it does not see the coming danger that it will not ensue.

The Sting of Death is Sin.-i Coz. 1, 56.

There are various stings—those of an asp a bee a nettle a wasp all however infuse poison quietly and shriply and give pain. The devil is the old serpent who injects the poison of his sting into afflictions and death while Christ is the brazen serpent by looking to Willom the wounds are healed. An sting of death was felt by David 2 Sam. *3 5 by Joseph Gen. 50 by Jacob Gen. 49 18 There is his however a love stronger than death and death may buzz about our ears but it has lost its sting Is *75 \$

Bengal -The comm sion of sin produces the fear of death

The Sinner's Heart Stony .- Ezzu 36 26

The heart of the wicked is like a stone in four points -

- I Hard, yields not to a blow, hence Job 41. 1-34. refers to the heart of the crocodile, hard as the nether millstone, arrows and spears are as stubble to him, they will not enter-such were Stephen's murderers, Acts 7 57 There are stones in India on which the rains and winds bave been beating for many thousand years, yet they are not worn, while the instruments used to break these stones are often broken themselves. Luke 4 20 The seed that falls on stony soil springs not up, as there is no moisture in a stone
- 2 Senseless, no feebng, Eph 4 19, the wicked go as an ox to the slaughter, feeling no danger of their lives, they bave no shame, but a brow of brass, Is 48 4
- 3 Heavy -Tho thoughts of the wicked are not up to heatenly things, but down to the earthly, their God is their belly, they are of the earth, earthy, I Cor 15 47.
 - 3 No motion, therefore no life
 - 4 Cold, as being without life

But God's hummer, his word, Jer 23 20, breaks the rock in pieces, and gives a heart of flesh, such as Paul had, who from a persecutor became a preacher of Christrunty, so the hardened sailor when he became softened. he began to cry out, Acts 16 30 This hammer fastens conviction as a nail in a sure place, Is 22, 23 It softens and smaches the hardest rock

Persian -A drop of rain makes no impression on a hard stane

Kurd -Grass grows not under a stone

China -The heart of the worthless is as unfixed and changeless as a mountain stream

Person - He tries to extract oil from the sand

Tumul,-The selemn thoughts of the funeral pyre last till each one returns home

Tamul -Even stones may be dissolved, the heart of a fool

He, Hastening with his Feet, Stumbles -Prov 19, 2 Turk -Step hy step we mount the ladder

Amb -Patience is the key of joy, but haste is the key of sorrew

Telugu -Why do you cry before you are beaten, he asked, you are going to beat me in future, replied the boy

Afghan —The Patan boy and his brother taking a short cut

fell over the cliffs

Afghan - He takes off his clothes before he reaches tho water

China -Silly hirds fly first

Russian -Hurry is good only for catching flies

Sanskrit - 1 small be anning is good

Sinskrit - Debt, a sore, and a stain will be effect by time

Sanskret -Slowly, slowly place the foot

The Swallow knows her Time, not so the Igneraut -JEE 7 S.

The swallow, like various other bird, is a bird of pas What was it that skimmed over the stream, where the ripples are so bright in the morning sunshine? It was the first swallow of the returning spring. It has come back in its season-the spring and summer-nor will it leave again till the leaves which in spring burst from their buds are withered and falling. When cold and winter are coming, the swallows often remain in a torpid state in the holes of walls or the banks of rivers swillow, like the Indian adjutant, is true to the divine law which concerns its return and its departure. It knows the time to come and the time to go, and neither loses the summer pleasantness by delaying its return nor runs the risk of suffering frem the winter frost by prolonging its stay too late. How many do not begin the work of sal vation till summer is over, and the winter of life is well made at hand, when if they work at all they work with every disadvantage !

Kural -The learned have eyes, the ignorant have merely two spots on the face

Slandor is a Mall, n Sword, and a Sharp Arrow. Paov 25 18

The slunderer wounds three at once—himself, him he speaks of, and him that hears. If we cannot stop other's mouths, let us stop our own ears. As soon as a person takes pleasure in hearing slander, he is to be rinked in the number of slanderers. By the approbation of evil we become guilty of it. The witnesses against Naboth showed that a false witness 1s, in some respects, as bad as a murderer, 1 Kings 21, 13

In the case of the two false witnesses against Christ the words were true, the evidence false, while they reported the words, they misreported the sense, and thus swore a true falsehood, and were truly foresworn, Mat 26 Go, 61 So the witnesses against Stephen, Acts 6 13, 14, Prov 12 17 In these last two instances it was not by direct falsehood, but by a partial statement of truth, that they involved themselves in the murder of the innocent, such were the masters of the damsel possessed with a spirit of divination, Acts 16 21.

China —Sitting alone, meditate on your own faults—i e, in conversation talk not of others

China — The world's unfavourable view of your character and conduct is like the fleeting clouds from which the brightest day is not free

Bengal — The mud sticks not to the back of a pankhal fish, (which is smooth), so calumny with respect to an innocent person

False Sympathy -Row 12 15

Urdu -One man's house is on fire, another warms himself by it

Arab —He rousted his fish in the conflagration
Telugu —When the sheep erice will the wolf be griered?
Telugu —When one min cried that his beard was on fire,
another followed him asking him for a light for

his eigar
Telugu —Is the till -k's sore ter', he cow:

China — He may sit in a tub of cold water, but it will not steam

Bengal —Sprinkling salt on a new cut wound—sic Job's comforters, Job 16 2

Polish — The ex beres with his horns the wounds, the woman with the tongue in her mouth

Tamul —A word that lacks sympathy and a rafter that lacks a nail, are useless

Tamul — It is said that the wolf wept because the sheep were wet

Turk —If my beard is burnt, others try to light their pipe at it. Luke 10 32

Temperance, or Self Control .- Paor 13 28

Russian —It is not the sword that kills nor the wine that

Turk -The knife does not make the cook

China — Who can govern himself is fit to govern the world Kural — As the hook guides the elephant, we should with

the hook of firmness restrain our passions

Turk —The chimney never takes fire except from within

Rissian —The nail is not guilty that the hammer beats it

Into the beam
Mahratta — Man has five senses, if any is not unde-

control his reason will cope out there as water out of a skin that is rent Russian —Shut the door on the devil, but he will enter hy

Russian —Shut the door on the devil, but he will enter hy the window Afokan —Though the food was another's, the stomach was

your own—i.e., over-eating not the fault of the food.

Tanul — Why blame the arrow, the archer going free ?

Tamul—No one cuts off the hand because it has struck the eye

Mahabharat—The gods do not, like cattle herds, guard men by carrying clubs, but they endow with under-

standing him they wish to preserve

Mahratia — Man's body is a chanot, the charioteer is him
self, and his passions are the horses, if the latter
are well managed all goes well

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Tomptation -1 Con. 5 9, 10-

Temptations to sin are represented in the Dible as stumbling blocks to trip up the unwary, as the wiles of the devil, as thoms in the flesh, as fiery darts, as sent for sitting, while we are to flee from sin as from the face of a serpent

Afghan —Shoes are tested on tho feet, a mon on trial Turk —If you wish to keep company with a wolf have the dog near

Bhagaratgita ---

He who, as the tortoise does with its limbs, Withdrives the senses from the sensual objects everywhere,

His wisdom is confirmed

China —One dressed in clothes made of leaves going to put out a fire is in danger

China -It is not beauty that beginses men, men beginse themselves

China -Leisure breeds lasciviousnes

Ruseian —

The priest comes to us by the tradden path,
The devil comes to us by crossing the fields—

te, temptation comes from unexpected quarters

Guilty is the wolf that has eaten the sheep ,

Not guiltless is the sheep that strays into the woods—
i.e., we must be on our guard, however, not to go

into his path
Turk —The heart is a child, it desires what it sees

Turk —The devil tempts man, but the idle man tempts
the devil

Arab —Where the eye does not see the heart does not

grieve
Tel hu --- By experience we learn our weakness

Teligu —By experience we learn our weakness.

Teligu —A man will not build a hut until he has been

Veman — drenched, nor stoop until he has hit his head

The crocodile in water can destroy an elephant,
The crocodile out of water is destroyed by a dogic, go not on the devil's ground

Avoid Temptation.-Cor. 2 21

Arab —Follow the voice of a dog, not of a jackal, the one leads to the village, the other to the desert If you do not want a fool's medicine, keep away from him.

Afghan - Who hves with a blacksmith will at last carry away hurnt clothes

Afghan —Have your ass tethered if you have a thief as

your friend

Afghan —A low friendship lights a fire on the forehead

Russian —Do not tread, dogue, in a wolf's footsteps, he will turn round and eat you

Russian —Our eyes are our enemies

China -Throwing on stubble to put out the fire

Tamul -To roast a crab and set n fox to guard it

Telugu —Without eating, you can't tell the taste, without going down into the water, you cannot tell the depth

China — What the eye sees not, the heart is not vexed over.

The well fed and well warmed indulge impure thoughts, tho pined and starved encourage thoughts of stealing.

Afghan —The bird sees the grain but not the snare

Japan —The bird flying in the air troubles not the water
Telugu —The fox offered his services for nothing—to guard
the sheep

Urdu -Can fish remain in a kite's nest?

Telugu —Like ghi (melted hutter) poured on fire Veman Telugu —A crocodile while swimming in water can

destroy an elephant, out of the stream it is discomfited easily by a dog. In the water a ship will float smoothly, out of it it cannot crawl even a cubat.

Malabar —If you sit close to the mortar you will be struck by the pestle

Tanul --Play not with snakes, sie English" Play not with edged tools"

Afghan —When edged tools are used, blood flows

Persian —Where there is much fire the elephant's footslips.

China —Throw on stubble to put out the fire

Turk -He who fears the fire shuns smoke

EASTERN PROVERDS AND EMBLEMS 80

Arab -It is only a wise man who despises himself It is only a fool that trusts his own judgment Syrac -If you wish to be a ling become a wild ass-ic. if you wish to be master of yourself withdraw

from society as the wild asses do

The Hody a Tent. 2 Cos 5 1-4.

All men are but presengers and pilgrims through this world, not real possessors of anything, but only tennuts and occupiers in this transitory life. Some dwell in stately palaces, and many more in poor cettages, but all are born to the same mortality. If the poor man's hut drops into decay, he dies never the sooner, and if the house of the rich is founded upon a rock, he lives never the longer

The holy patriarchs, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob min bited no lofty cities, built no strongholds, but lived in tents or tabernacles, with which they removed from place to place as God was pleased to order them, Heb 11 9, very remarkable in their east, in the land which God liad promised to them for an inheritanco thereby signifying that they did not accept of the carthly land, but looked for a better country, that is, an heavenly The children of Israel, journeying to Canaan, lived by encampments in a wilderness, removing their tents from place to place for forty years and ending their days in that ansettled way of life Even when the people were fixed in Canaan, good men still devoted themselves to live as sojourners and pilgrims, thus the Rechabites who renounced the pleasures and possessions of the world, dwelt in tents as their holy fathers had done before, Jer 35 7 Lyen God himself was pleased to partake of the condition of his people making himself even under the law, that stranger upon earth which he was to be afterwards under the Gospel as the place of his worship in the wilderness and long afterwards was not fixed as a house,

but movable as a tent and a tabernacle, and when Christ

the Word was made flesh Ic is said to have talernoided immingst us, Iring as one who is nonneed this worl! and ill its possessions, more improvided with house and Irind than the foves of the earth or the birds of the air. The passag, from this world to the other is much more easy to those who live in this minime. The main of the world who fixes his abode here is violently form away at his death like the lampin tree, palled up by the roots and has no prospect after it. but he who lives in a tent can easily remove

It was my act of futly in Abralam to dwell in taber nucles in the land of promie as in a strange country His practice in this respect was a perpetual confe-ion that he regarded himself only as a stranger and traveller on the earth and that he looked for a city which hath foundations whose huilder and maker is God feast of tabernacles was appointed to remind the children of Israel of the wanderings of their forefathers in the wilderness (when they dwelt in tents) and thus to suggest to them continually the same thought that this life is unly a pilgramage and that our true home is chewhere that we have here no continuing city but seek one to The Jews even now live in tents or lootlis made of trees when this feast comes round. Tents were some times placed on the house-tops 2 Sam, 16 22 some times under trees Gen. 18 \$

The Moguls In ed often in tents miles in circumference which cost many lies of rupees being decorated with silk and gold, still they were but tents and exposed to being blown down by storm or consumed by fire

By faith the righteous continually regards the body as a tent or tabernacle a fruit and uncertain habitation suited to the condition of one who is only a traveller to his true home offering no effectual protection against the many dangers to which he is exposed—a dwelling place which may be struck or taken down in a moment opened to heat or cold rain or lightning Peter (i Pet. i 14)

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regarded the putting off his tabernacle as emancy ation. This short life is the first steps of a ladder, the top of which, like Jacobs, is lost in the glories of heaven.

Hebrew -The corruptible body present down the soul, The earthly takernacle weigheth down the mind

The earthij tabernacie weighein down the mind

Bhagaratgita —

As men abandon old and threadbare clothes to

put on others new,
So casts the emboded soul its worn out frame

to enter other forms

Telign — Though a vessel be broken a new one is casily procured. Is it, then, marvellous that after a many death he should acquire a new body?

man s death to should acquire a new body?
2 Cor 5 2

Bengal — When a con dies, she is tal en up and carried to the river When a man dies they cover him up too, and do the same

Tirk —The Tartar who lives in a city believes himself in

Preboth Clandroday—You should consider the society of friends as a momentary flash of lightning

Shants Slatak—Our place is like a terrible wilderness, our hole like a hulding with much flash lattice

hants Slatak —Our place is like a terrible wilderness, our body like a building with much flesh lattice work in it, our earthly friends are like travellers whom we neet by chance and are soon separated from

Life a Vapour -Jas 4 13, 14

The Lalita Vistara compares life to the view of a dance—to the lightning—to a torrent rushing from the mountain—and so said Sakhya Muin the Budhist when tempted to remain in line fathers palace

Stant: Shatak — Human existence is life a bottomicss gulph and human life like the fleeting seum of its reling waves

of its rolling waves

Maha Mudgar — Infe is quivering like a drop of water on
a lotus leaf

Fordust -

Look at the heavens how they roll on, And look at man, how soon he a gone.

A breath of wind and then no more-A world like this should man deplore Bengal --- An employ the shadow of a cloud

The Wages of Sin is Death -Roy 6 23

The wicked are said to be holden with the cord of their own sins, Prov 5 22, such was Saul hence death to the wicked is called the king of terrors Joh 18 14, it is likened to a wolf, Ps 49 14, a flood, Ps 90 5, dark ness. Joh 10 22

Gods punishment of sin or wages is compared to dashing in pieces like a potters vessel, treading down as the mire of the street or ashes, grinding to powder, melting as a snail, grashing of teeth Even in this life the wages are—sickness, Deut. 28 59, famine, Mat. 24 7. war, fear, Job 18 11 In the next it will be the blackness of darkness, 2 Peter 2 17, the wine of God's wrath, Rev 14 10 , everlasting contempt Dan 12 2

The devil is a bid mister, his servants work hird, they are fed with husks in this life Luke 15 16 The pay of sin is sickness Lev 26 16, famine Lev 26 19. war. Lev 26 17.

China -- Unjustly got wealth is snow sprinkled with hot water, lands improperly obtained are but sandbanks in a stream

China -When the melon is ripe it will drop of itself China -The day will come when the tumour will be punctured

Urdu -The cow will speak in the thief's belly, Gen. 4 10 Walay - When is it the ants die if not in sugar?

Providence a Wall of Fire to protect the Good. 7ECH 2.5

Balylon had walls 300 feet high and 70 feet thick, so that six carriages could drive abreast yet the city was taken owing to the gites having been left open when the people were drunk The walls of Gaur in Bengal were

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100 feet high The walls of Jericho were high, but they fell down at the command of God, Jos 6 20, who often destreys walls by carthquakes

Lastern shepherds and travellers, to protect themselves and their flocks from wild beasts at night, make fires all around them, over which the most furious amaials dure not pass not even the tiger -being afraid of fire

The righteous is travelling as a pilgrim through this world, a howling wilderness, the devil is a dragon, and the wicked as hons are ready to devour him, but he sleeps secure, surrounded with God a Wall of Fire; so the Jews walked through the Red Sca, the waters standing up on both sides as a wall, Lx 14 22

Turk -The nest of a bliad bird is made by God

Russian -Without God not to the threshold, with him beyond the sea

Teman -Just as a showman plays his puppets, while he lies hidden, so does the Deity, while he conceals himself, admirably govern man

No Discharge in Death's Warfare -Eccl. 8 8

Death is a warfare in which the arrows of pain and fear are discharged Eccles 8 8 The wicked are driven away by death and all their joys end, the righteons desire to depart and all their sorrows end Death is abolished by taking away its sting-sin 2 Tim. 1 10

Turk -Death is a black camel which kneels at every man s

gate Arab - Caution secures not cowards against death, it

comes from the sky Urdu -He who is prepared to die, what will be not

attempt ? Arab -W hen fate arrives the physician becomes a fool Tamul -The ocean is knee deep to him who is dying

Turk .- There are two things which no man fixedly regards, the sun and death

Sanshret -All rivers go to the ocean

Bengal —The ram never streams up the thatch

Bengal —The milk once drawn never enters the cow's dug

Afghan — My father died and his fever ended—10, death settles all accounts

The Beginning of Strifo, the Letting out of Water.
Prov 17 14.

A nunow channel cut in a dam will soon enlarge itself and mike a wide breach. So with strife. The strife between the herdsmen led to the seprention of Abriham and Lot, Gen 13 5, Pull and Barnabus separated, Acts 15 39 Damel, dreading the beginning of sin, would not take even the king's meat, Dun 1 8-16 They felt that sin was first thin like a spider's web, but soon becomes thick like a cut rope

Urdu —Let him touch your finger he will soon seize your wrist So Solomon, 2 Kings 23 13, Peter, Mat 26 34, 58, 64

Tumul -Will the flood that has burst the dum return to it at one's cry?

Persian —The tree that has just taken root may be pulled up by the strength of a man

Veman — If there be one dry tree in a forest, it will produce flame by friction and sweep away the rest, thus if a base wretch be born in a noble race, he will destroy it all

Bengal — Going in a needle, coming out a ploughshare

Bengal — One drop of filth from a cow will spoil a vessel

of milk

Chanal —To pay off debts, quench a fire, and remove disease is good, for should they increase, they will not be stopped.

Italian — If then suffer a calf to be put on you, they will soon put on the cow

Spaniard —Give me to set down, I shall soon make a place to be down

Tunul -Where there are dogs there is quarrelling Serrian -Out of one quarrel one hundred hins

88 . EASTERN PROVERBS AND EMBLEMS

who holds the winds in his fists, Pro 30 4, made a whirlwind to serve as Ehjah's chariot to heaven, 2 Kings 2 11.

Canara — When the washerman's corpse is brought out,
his secrets may be discovered—ie, in the clothes
he has stolen, Is 15 4

Veman — How long does the ball return its elevation?

Afghan — When the knife is over a man's head, he remem-

bers God

Hebrew — The hope of the ungodly is like dust (thistledown), that is blown away with the wind like a thin froth that is driven away with the storm, like as the smoke which is dispersed here and there with a tempest, and passell away as the remembrance of a guest that tarrieth but a day.

What-wicked army passed away as a whirlwind?

The Worm of Conscience - WARK 9 48

Conscience compared to a norm in three points

I Sprung from filth, earth is a dunghill, 2 produce death by gnawing the internals, so Herod was enten up of worms, 3 source of great pain, Acts 12 23, 4 medicine, required, otherwise no internal cine

Conscience is compared to a candle, such Joseph's brethren found it, Gen 42 21,44 16, Pharroh, Ex 9 27, 10 17, Saul, 1 Sam 24, Herod, Mark 6 26, Judas, Matt 27 4, Felix, Acts 24 25 It is called a witness, Rom 1 9, as Cain's wounded spirit led him to wander as a vagabond

Bengal -No sin is hidden to the soul only strike the ground, and the guilty start up in terror

ground, and the guilty start up in terror

Russian —The horse may run quick, but he cannot run

away from his tail
China — Men who werer violate them tunstiences are not
a fraid if you knock at their door at midnight
Teluqu — When the thief, who stole the pumpkin, was

spoken of, he felt his shoulders - e, thinking some mark might have been left there

Arab —The worms of the vinegar are from the vinegar itself—: x, family disagreements are from the family itself

Tomul -To a gloomy eye all obscure things are demons

Man a Worm-Jos 2, 7, 6.

(Man lile a worm in five points)

The Shinti Shatak compares the wicked to dogs who delight in swallowing human bones filled with worms and moisture, eagerly licking the putrid juice as if it were palatable. Man is compared in the Bible to earth, dust grass a lie, vamity, in this text to a worm.

The butterfly spreads its wing, and the sun shines upon its plumes? The wisdom of the Creator has adorned it with beautiful lines and painted it with glorious colours. It flies about and finds the plant which is proper to feed its brood of caterpillars, and there it lars its eggs to be intiched by the sun. In its infant state it criwls about as a helples worm, and feeds upon green leaves. Then it folds itself up in a case like a coffin where it lies, as it were asleep, till the time of its change when it breaks this covering, it comes forth with wings and feathers like painted burds to fiv about the air, and the dew of the fields and meadows and visit every sweet and pleasant flower. The white air in India also has its change when it gets wings.

We are now like the infant worms crawling about upon this earth. But if we go on in the ways of God we shall at length be changed from a worm into an angel. But first we must be shut up in the grave, and hide our-elves in the state of death till the resurrection. Then we shall be raised to life and liberty and put on a spiritual body, and be able to visit and enjoy all the wonders of God's works such as poor helpless mortals cannot now eee or understand. O 1 let us not fortest this

expectation for the sake of such low enjoyments as caterpillars are capable of-grovelling on the earth!

The worm of the text means that kind which breeds in flesh, such as the worms that came out of the manna which was reserved contrary to God's commands Ex 16 24

I Larth prung, from corruption and putrefaction so man was made of clay, Gen 2 7, he loves carthly things and feeds like swine on the dungfull of vice

2 Mean looling, so is man by sin, though onco in

God's image and very beautiful

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3 Frail, trod on easily so man's life is sometimes ended by a fly or a bit of bread, a worm cannot easily escape from dangers it becomes like seed a prey to fowls, Mat. 13 4, Herod was eaten up of worms Acts 12 23, great men, like glowworms at night, may seem great but in the maning they are like others.

4. Various i ind., but all are worms, so the silkworm which spins its dress out of its own boxels, the much worm, the glownorm, the caterpillar, Joel 1 4, the palmer woun. Am 4 9

5 Abode means suitable to those who dwell in it Job calls the grave his house, Job 17 13, jet God says fear not then worm Jacob Is 41 14, though man is now a worm jet he will hereafter nestle above the clouds

The Tongue fires the Wheel of Nature -Jas 3 6

'This course of nature' means the wheel of nature, and refers to a wheel catching fire from its rapid motion, spreading its flames around and so destroying the whole muchine if not carefully gre used or yield to prevent fraction or hard rubbin, so will the words of the tongue miliame the mind and burn up the whole body with the feer of 12 as soon, and the whole heart with anger, if the oil of love and

humility be not applied. The tongue sets on fire the wheel of human life, and thus destroys the whole life So Korali's party, speaking evil of dignities, were punished, Num. 16 1.

Modern Greek -The tongue has no hones, yet it breaks

Turk —The tongue kills more than the sword

Turk — Two cars to one tongue, therefore hear twice as much as you speak

Turk - A laden as hrays not

China - A word once spoken an army of chariots cannot overtale it

Urdu - You might hold the hand that strikes you, but you cannot hold the tongue

Persian -A bad word is like the sound of a dome-i e, it

Arab -The heart is the treasury of the tongue

Japan —The tongue, only an ell long, is angry with the body, five feet long

Bengal -Ilis tongue is a sweeper s shovel

Telugu —If your foot slip you may recover your halance, but if your month elips you cannot recall your words

Spring —A foul monthed man is like n cobbler's seasors, which cuts nothing but impure leather

Turk —We heal the wounds of a knife but not those of the tongue

Turk -The tongue has no hone yet it crushes.

Turk —The fool has his heart on his tongue the wise his tongue on his heart

Turk —An eye without light as a tongue without reason Bengal —Days go, words spoken remain

Persian -A long tongue makes life short

Persian — Take care lest your tongue should cut off your head

Kural —
The burn will heal but festering stays

The wound a hurning tongue conveys

Badaga —A famine may cease, but abusive words will be
always remembered

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with the tongue.

Badaga .- You may close a well, but you cannot shut the mouth of another. Turk .- Who masters his tongue saves his head.

Hebrew .- To slip on the pavement is better than to slip

Tumul .- A slip of the tongue is worse than that of the feet.

PART II.

The Wicked deaf as an Adder to the Charmer's Voice -Ps. 58 5

Such were Pharaoh, the Jews, Mat 23 37, Mark 8 18

The wicked are said to have uncircumcised ears, Acts 7 51, heaping up teachers they have idehing ears 2 Tim

4 3, stopped at the cry of the poor Pr 21 21
There are four different kinds of hearers, those like a sponge that suck up good and bad together, and let both run out immediately—having ears and hearing not, those like a sand glass that let what enters in at one ear pas out at the other—hearing without thinking, those like a strainer letting go the good and retaining the bad and those like a size, letting go the chaff, and retaining the good grain.

Profession without practice is compared to failing fountains shells empty of kernels, tares among wheat, Matt 13, foolish virgins without oil Mat 25 13, the murrge, blies fair in show, foul in scent, dead fish which flott down the stream while living fish struggle against it

Bengal —In name he is Dharmadas (a servant of righteous ness), but he has no virtue

Chanal -- Knowledge only in books (without practice), and wealth in the hands of others, are of no use, as in the time of action they are not available.

Tumul -The toad living near the lotus tastes not its

honey; the illiterate living near the learned remain ignorant

Tumul -Reciting from the Vedas to a cow about to goro You

Telugu -A bad man with your money, no men hear you call them to eat with you food

Arab -As food is useless to a sick body, so is advice to

ooe in love with the world

Tamul - Will the cobra he affected by kindly intercourse? China -A word is enough for the wise; a stroke of a whip for a good horse.

Sanskret - Who are destitute of sight? Those who perceive not the future world. Who are the

deafest? Those who listen not to good advice.

Malabar —By closing the eyes it has become dark Sanskrit —Who has no seose of his own, what will the Shastra do for him? What will a mirror do for

him who has lost his eyes? Sanskrit -To address a judicious remark to a thoughtless

man is merely threshing chaff Mahabharat -He merely learned without understanding of bis own learns not the sense of books , as a spoon

does not taste the flavour of broth

The Anchor of Hopo -HEB. 6 19

Every man has some kind of hope

This world, full of uneasy cares and unlimited desires. is likened to the sea, which is ever restless, treacherous in its smiles; swept by frequent tempests, full of hidden rocks and quicksands, the rum of many a gallant ship Some on this ser make shipwreck concerning faith. I Tun. 1. 19 , the Church of God has, however, to cross its wild and stormy waves before it can reach "the haven where it would be" The ark of Noah, horne up in rulety above the waters of the Rood, was in this respect a type of the Church of Christ.

Hope is also compared to a house huilt on the sand, Job 15 2, or to a helmet, 1 Thes 5 S, protecting the head against spiritual enemics The Arabs call a water-melon hope, because of its tendrils which clug to a prop The merchant trades and the ploughman ploughs in hope. Hope deferred makes the heart sick, Prov 13 12, and the hope of the wicked is as the giving up of the ghost, Job 4 20—14, like the last puff of breath when the person is during.

Hope is like an anchor in three points -

1. The unchor scenres the vessel against tides or storms, Heb 6 19

2 The anchor is out of sight, so hope dwells on things invisible, as Abriham hoped against hope in reference to the birth of Israe, waiting 25 years, Rom 4 18 So Paul in the case of slipsweek, Acts 24 15

3 This anchor rests on the ground the spiritual anchor is fixed not on the mud of this world, but on the rock of ages.

Maha Mudgar—Day and night, evening and morning, winter and spring come and go, time sports with our passing age, still the wind of hope ceases not. The hody dissolves, the head lets grey, the month becomes toothless, the handsome stock trembles in the hand, yet hope ceases not to test with us.

Arab —He delighting in the world drinks the milk of vain hopes

Bengal -- Dancing on an unbaked water vessel

Telugu -Mountains are smooth at a distance and rugged when near

Arab - Worldly hope is like the mirage, dereiving him that sees it and hopes from it

Telugu -Measuring the mir

Talmud —Be very humble, the hopes of men are worms Arab —Hoping from the vile is seeking fat in a dog s tail

Tamul—The crane boping to eat dried fish when the sea should be dried up, wasted away in vain hope

Arab -The more you hope the more you suffer

The Arrows of God's Punishment -Ditt 32 42

"Arrows' mean God's judgments on the wicked, which often fly through the world to punish them. The lightning and tempest, war, pestilence, and frimine, all may be line arrows to slay the ungodly, and to cut them off from the earth. So God threatened the inhabitants of Jein salem by his prophet Ezekiel, and assured them that for their wickedness he would 'send upon them the evil arrows of famme,' Ez 5 16

Arrows wound quickly and unexpectedly, no noise is made, they stick sharply in the wounds, such are Gods arrows of pestilence, Ps of 5, famine, as in Davids case, and the sword, Job said (6 4) Gods arrows of disease and the sword were within him, Gods arrows for crushing the wicked are compared to treating down the grapes in a wine-press, Rev 19 15

Persian —God's club makes no noise, when it strikes there is no cure for the blow

Arab —The corn goes from hand to head, but at last falls
unto the mill

Turk — Even the Indian elephant fears the gadfly

Nahahharat — When men are time for slaughter even straus

Mahabharat — When men are ripe for slaughter, even straws turn into thunderbolts

Japan - No escape from the net of heaven

The Axe of Punishment at the Root of the Tree Mar 3. 10-12

Time has been figured as a scythe moving down the grass, here God's vengence is compared to an ave. The

King of Assyna is so called, Is 10 15 The Church of God is often likened to a vineyard or

griden of fruit trees from which the owner looks for fruit in due serson and too often finds none. He is unvilling however, to relinquish his hope of a return for all his Hobour, and continues year by year to prune with the greatest skill, as well as prisence, the plants which so ill repay his toil

However high and stately may be the tree, and however green and luvuriant its foliage, the time comes when the owner is tirred with waiting for fruit, and trying the effect of only entring off branches, he determines that he will be the tree tiself from the ground which might be so much better filled See purable of Burren Fig Tree, Linke 13

How fearfully the event, thus figuratively described, was accomplished when the temple of Jerusalem was burnt, and the city taken by the Ronan General, and how afterwards, when the nation rebelled against their conquorors, Jerusalem was utterly destroyed, and the miserable surviviors sold in vist humbers as slaves?

What God wants is fruit, not leaves, however neh may be the foliage—in other words, however high the profession—it is utterly worthless in His sight if there he not the true fruits of repentance

The Soul bartered for the World -Mar 16 26

Buddhagosha —Ersis follow the fool, smouldering as firecovered by ashes

Malay — The loss of a little mustred seed is observed, while that of an elephant is unknown

China -To gain a cat but lose a cow

Badaga —In trying to save a drop of ghe he upset the ghe pot

Tumul—1s the foot to be cut off to try ou a shoe?

Badaga — For the nourishment of a day he sacrificed the food of a year

Tamul —Like burning down the house for fear of rats Shant: Shatal —How vamly have I passed the whole of my

life! Alas how mestimable a jewel have I hartered for mere glass

Panchatantra—The fool, in seeking riches, suffers one hundredfold more than he who strives to attain

eternal happiness

Hitopadesha —It is right to sacrifice one person for a

household, a family for n village, a village even for one's country, but for one's soul we should give up the world.

Turk -Tor to save the head we sacrifice the beard

Sinners are Blind —Rev 3 17

The Atmabodh states, 'The eye of ignorance does not behold God, as a blind man does not see the light" Sinners are like the blind, who are not able to see the sim, to know what colours and lights are, they see not the dangers in the road, Mat 15 14. Those naturally blind regret not seeing the light of the sun, and desire a guide, not so those spiritually blind, the eyes of the rich man's understanding were not opened till he reached hell, where he litted up his oyes, being in terment, Luke 16 23.

The man in the tembs was naked, the wicked are also blind, they see not the light of life, discern not the sun of rightcousness , have no true knowledge of spiritual objects, nothing is nearer them than God, his unspeakable gifts, and their own heart yet nothing is less known How oft they stumble and fall into sin without any proper cause! How constantly they wander out of their proper course, and mislead those who follow them! How useless is the clearest light of the Gospel to them !hence they feed on the wind Hos 12 I, and on husks. Luke 15 16 Deut 28 29 Diseased in every way the wicked have the blindness of ignorance, the deafness of spiritual unconcern, the feier of impurity, the manuface of malice, the swelling tympany of pride the vertigo of inconstancy, the dropsy of covetousness, the palsy of stupidity, the rottenness of envy, the rheumatism of discontent the delirium of constant levity, the moonstruck madness of passion and rage, hardness of heart and the stings of conscience.

ngs of conscience.

Chanal.—He who has no sense, what does the Shastra
do for hum? What does a mirror do for a man
without eves? What does an eloquent man

* English -Sometimes the best gain is to lose Mat 5 29.

where there are no bearers? What do washermen in a country of naked falirs?

Sanskrit.—Is a lamp pleasing to the blind, a song to the deaf, or science to the fool?

Sanskrit.—He who regards other men's money as clods of earth, and all creatures as himself, he sees

Persian.—He asked the blind man what did he want; he said the night of my two eyes Mat. 10 46

Servian —Better sometimes a woman blind than one too beautiful

The Book of Lafe -Rev. 20 12

There are the books of Nature, Providence, Revelation, and here "the Book of Life"-an ullusion to the register book in which the names of all the tribes and families of Israel were entered from generation to generation, so that their claims to preperty and to the privileges of their fathers could not be disputed or preference to a custom in the courts of princes, of keeping a list of persons in their service, of the officers in the armies, and even of the names of their soldiers. When it is said that any one is "blotted out of the book of life," this signifies erised from the list of God's friends and servants, like as those guilty of treachery are struck off the roll or list of officers belonging to a prince There are also books of judgment, which are said to be opened, and the dead judged out of them according to their works, Rev 20 12, alluding to a custom of the Persians, to write down every day what had happened, the services done for the king, and the rewards given to those who had performed them, as we see in the history of Ahasucrus and Mordecu recorded in the Book of Esther Fr 32 32.

This book of life is the cliest book, Rev. 13 8 it is written in Hervien, Rich 12 23, time destrois not its writting as it does that on tends or pillers. The life is writte of is spiritual life which differs from natural life in—(1) the Hold Spirit being the purent, i Cor. 15 45, there is hidden manns to est, John 6 55, (2) clerual.

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Natural life is common to devils, worms trees, flies, mun dies as the beast, but lives for ever in his soul Life preserves from corruption, so does spiritual life

Who are Brands plucked from the Burning -7rcs ; 2

The fire is already blackening and scoreling the brand . but there is yet time to suatch it from the flame, and to save it for some nobler use. Linger not, but seize it, ere too late Another minute, and you could not have plucked it from the fire It bears the marks of the peral from which it has been searcely saied , but having thus for concerned yourself to preserve it, you will not lightly throw it back again in to the flame All we are as brands plucked out of the fire, and bear indeed the marks of the scorching flame . but God has not plucked out the brand only to east it into a yet fiercer furnace The Apostle Judas lud us, "save others with fear, pulling them out of the fire' Each of us is as a brand plucked out of the fire, and it is oning to the distinguishing mercy of God that we were not left in the guilt of original sin or were not left to perish in our sin's fuel for hell fire

Persian -He should be exposed to danger of derth in order that he may be content with fever

Doing Good is Bread cast on the Waters -Ecc. 11 v

In the East rice is sown upon the waters, but before sowing the ground while still covered with water is trodden by oven which go mid-leg deep, and as the rice is sown on the water so it springs up through the water, and the height of its stem is generally in proportion to the depth of the water on the surface of the soil.

It is in reference to this practice of the rice in the rains being formed into balls and sunk in water, that the passage in Is 32 20, is to be explained 'Blessed are ye that sow beside all waters." In Fgypt a rice crop comes up in six months

The relief given in secret to a stranger, who may never be seen again, shall be blessed not only to him, but still more surely to the donor, it shall be found after many days, so Abraham entertained angels, Heb. 13. 2, who afterwards requited him. And the same may be said of the world of good advice, given "in season" to some one at a period of brief intercourse, nor shall any effort fail of due frint by which persons have shown forth their love to Christ ther Suyour, Mat. 10. 42, Like 10. 16.

The corn seed thrown into the mud at the subsidence of the Nile, seems lost, but nothing is lost that is done for God. The fruit will be found at the resurrection of the just, Luke 14, 14, 80 also is the case with instruction, Is 55, 10, Prov. 10, 17, charity is loun to God.

Persian —Give in this world, receive in the next (Mat 10 42)

Tirk—What you give in charity in this world you take
with you after death Do good and throw it
into the sca—if the fish does not know it God
does.

Russian.—Throw bread and salt behind you, you get them before you

God s Builder -lim 12 to

Gol as a builder different from earthly bui[†]lers in five roints

A good builder must be clever to plan, so known to God are all his works, there was the pattern on the Mount, Heb 8 5, he lays a good foundation, so God laid the pillars of the earth, man's foundation has often bed materials in it, employ a variety of workwen, so God has angels men Nature the finament, in his hands Ps. 19 A careful of work—God made the foundains of the grant deep the windows of leaven hell the prison and officialise the garden, he tells the number of the stars.

Larthly builders are mortal, limited in knowledge; build for others improve in their plans, require materials for a building Abraham looked for a city without foundations, Heb II to The Telegus comprise one who uses had agents to one scratching his head with a firebrand, but God can make the wrath of man to pruse huu. Ps 76 10

The Burden of Sin -War 11 30

A burthen presses heavily on the chest as the tenderest part so sin on the heart, provided it be not past feeling, Enh 5 14. Christ, pressed by the weight of the world s sups sweat blood. Luke 22 44, a burthen ampedes action. so does sin. Heb 12 I. behevers are to bear one another s burthens Gal 6 6, not so did the priest who passed by on the other side of the way. Luke 10 31, the Jewish law ordered one to rehere even the ass of an enemy Sin is to be carried not as a golden chain round the neck, but as an iron chun round the feet. The devil when he mocked Eve, did not see sin a burthen neither did tho old world when it indicated North's building the ork. Gen 3 4 5 A burthen 15 unpleasant

China - Porethought is easy, repentance is hard Bengal - Faith in God is the root of all devotion, deliverance from evil is only her servant

Japan -Good physic is bitter

Trusting in Riches compared to a Camel passed through a Needle'e Eye -Mar 1 21

When Christ says it is easier for a camel to go through a needles eye than for a rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven he meant those who trusted in riches rather than in God those who use riches for purposes of pride, oppression sensuality, Jas 2 6, as Haman Esth. 5 11, Esau, Gen. 36 7, for Abraham was a rich man yet good, Gen 13 2, so were Isaac, Gen. 26 13, so Jo eph, Gen. 45 8, Joseph of Arimathea, Mrt. 27 57

Oriental —Unmitigated evil is as raro
As wings upon a cat, or flowers of air,
As rabbits' horns, or ropes of tortoise hair
Bengal —Patting an elephant into a narrow dish, a horse's

eggs, or a flower in the air Cingalese — Lake seeking feethers from turtles Teluou — Lake fixing a pump in the sea Talmud — To let a camel go through the bole of a needle

Person -A needle's eye is wide enough for a friend, the whole world is too narrow for foes

The Wicked are Captives -2 Tim. 2 26

Truth only makes free Christ, in his first sermon which he preached at Nazareth, stated he came as a Redeemer to purchase the captives. Men are captives to—(1) sin, Rom. 7 14—26, ancient tyrants ristened captives to a dead body face to face until they were sufficiated by the stench, (2) Salar 2 Tim 2 26, (3) the Law Gal. 4 25, (4) Death, in Heb 2 15, called the king of terrors. The believer's body may be captive, but his mind is free as in Paula case.

Cuptives in war were often stripped naked, and thrown into a dungeon, their eyes were put out, as Zedekiahs, z Kings 25, 7, or as the Mahrattas gouged out the eyes of the Great Mogul in Delhi, they were often loaded with chains, devoured by vermin, fed on bread and water, hiving in darkness among rats

Bengal — One at the will of another, an ox with his nose pierced

Jopan — The bird that flies upward does not ruffle the water

Telugu —A scorpion under a shoe—s.e., held under restraint

Choked with Care -Lugs 8 14

Cast thy burthen on the Lord, Ps 55 22, Ruth committed her cares to God, Ruth 1 16, 2 12, so Exra in the desert, Let 8 21-23, 32

n the desert, 1.4r 8 21-23, 32

China — Past events as clear as a mirror, future as dark as

lacquet.

Bengal -- Anxiety is the fever of the mind, the hurning

sun nets like n fever on clothes

Turk -To everyone his own care, the miller s is water

Turl —You cannot contract for the fish in the sea Turl —Sorrow is to the soul what the worm is to wood

Malay — To grind pepper for a bird on the wing — e e, care for uncertainties

Bengal —Grass at a distance looks thick
Sanskrit —Mountains are beautiful at a distance, rugged
when near

When near

Mengal —My mind is troubled in collecting money to pay
the rent, how then can I worship Vishnu?

Russian—Rust eats irou, care the heart

Arab — A heart free from eare better than a full purse

Oriental—The grief of the morrow is not to be eater

Oriental —The grief of the morrow is not to be eaten to day Mat 6 11 Bengal —The ant's wings grow to its own death

Hitopadesha —Strive not too naxiously for thy support, thy Maker will provide. No sooner is a man born than milk for his support streams from the breast

Chastity

Sarison, n giant was made a dwarf in soul through his passions, he ground in fetters of brass Judg 16 20 Lot was vexed with the filthy conversation of Sodom

Kural —Of what avail are prisons barred, For chastity is woman a guard

mud Is 51 6

Hebrew —Impurity in the beginning like a spider's web in the end like a cart rope

Tai uil — Beauty without chastity, a flower without fragrance Solomon — A bad womans hps a honeycomb, her end

wormwood Prov 5 3

Badaga — The unchaste will vanish away like a handful of

God Chastises his Spiritual Sons -HzB 1- 6 8-11

Chastisement is compared to a fan, Mark 3 12, a prinning hook, John 15 2, plough, for 4 3, a finace, like Egypt to the Jews Is. 48 10, conds, Job 36 8

In Jei 31 18, Ephraim is represented chastised by God as a bulleck unaccustomed to the yoke, the bulleck relets against the will of his master, though nourshed and supported by him, it will not subserie his interests, when chastised, it rebels the more, repeated strotes only serie to inflame its rage, nor will it ever submit until it be wearied out, and unable to maintain its opposition, thus the sinner generally fights against God

God chastised Solomon and David for their improvement, but he punished Saul with death for his offering srutifies and sparing Agag 1 Sam 15, Plats demail of Christ was worse than Annuals a denial of a portion of his goods, yet flow different the punishment Pun is cools chiselling to produce his likeness

Chris' learnt obedience from suffering Heb 5 3, so the Produgal Juke 15 17, and we are silly skeep prosperity makes us stray the more as sun stime on the dunghill only produces a greater stench, so Jas. 1 2

The Germans say a child may have too much of its mothers blessing. Better the child reception the father The Spannards say more sprigs in the garlen thru the gardener ever sowed. Did God hate his people he would suffer them to go merrily to hell. Calm weather lets Christ sleep, the storm rouses him.

Fruits of Chastisement -

- 1 Tests reality as Solomon's scored did the true mother 1 Kings 3, as the storm did Peters faith Mat. 14 30-31, a painted faith no more avails than a painted helmet.
 - 2 Fructifies as the palm tree by pressure so prayer, as

with Manassch in fetters, 2 Ch 33, so Paul when blind, Acts 9 9, the hammer of chastisement squares the stones for the heavenly temple

- 3 Not a mark of vengeance for sin, Job 42. 10, Pauls, Acts 28 4, Siloun's tower, Luke 13 4-5. Sunt Ambrese would not stop a night in the house of a man who had never seen chastisement, lest some judgment should seize him
- 4 Penecable fruits the Produgil, in some points, happier among seems than he had been in his father's house

Unswettfied affliction parboils a wicked man for hell, to the righteous affliction is not a fiery, but a brizen, serpent God beats his children as we do our clothes in the sun only to beat out the moths Manassch got more good by his iron chun than by his golden chain.

Hitopadesha—On affliction's touchstone n men may learn the value of his family and of his own mind

Persuan - Without a supple rod the ox or as would not obey.

Malay —As a heu pecks her chickens—1 e, lightly
Afghan —Until you heat fron you will not lengthen it—1 e.

punishment makes the obstinate tractable

Tamul—Is it proper to tame a parrot and give it into the

claws of n cat?

Afghan —The prick of a needle on n cat's head is plenty Gujerat —Water on n stone wets but enters not Russian —No bones are broken by n mother's fist

Russian —No bones are broken by n mother's fist

Femana —The washerman torments the cloth to take
the stains out, and then folds it What then

though he who teaches thee chastises thee

Prabodh Clandroday — After mortifying the body, pure

Pratodh Clandroday — After mortifying the body, pure spirit is discerned by reason, as rice is separated from the hush by beating it Sanskrit — A bad man, gold, a drum, a bad woman, a bad

Senskrit —A bad man, gold, a drum, a bad woman, a bad horse, stalks of sugarcane, sesamur seed, and low people, should be beaten to improve their qualities

Tamul —A fruit must ripen of itself, must not be beaten.
by a cane into ripeness

Humble as little Children -- Mar 18 2.

Christ the Lord of Glory became an infant wrapped in swadding clothes, he crined the lumbs of the flock in his own bosom. When his disciples repelled them he took the little children up in his arms and blessed them and he has used children as an emblem of humbity. He was a teacher of babes, and his taught us himility by babes, and purticularly when the disciples disputed about pre eminence he set a child in the midst. See parable of Marriago Feast, Luke 14, 7-11.

The humble like little children in six points

- 1 Doule, no prejudice, no habit to prevent its receiving impressions, "truit up a child in the way he should go," Pr 2° 6, so believers are made new men by the Spirit, the mind of a child is compared to a spect of white paper on which you can write anything David calls himself a wenned child Pp. 1312
- 2 Confiding, the young of animals are not so dependent in iterance to the world as are infants. This, however, causes more lote. The mother's smile and breast are every thing to the helpless habe, so the behever depends entirely on God for many years, the father's house is its home. "Ask and ye shall receive, so Abraham went forth, not knowing whither he went." Heb It 8 Jacob in the same spirit went down to Expt. Moses forsook Expt not fearing the king. Paul said I know in whom I have believed.
- 3 Humble and contented with little things Christ sud, I am meek and lowly in heart. Paul said, in whitever state I am. I have learned to be content Phil. 4 11, submissive obedience is easily taught to a child, so with the believer every high thing is cast down, whom the Lord lowelt He christeneth.
- 4 Simple minded, a child tells its meaning at once its desires and aversions, so the believer has God's glory as

his sole guide "Behold an Israelite indeed, in whom is no guile," John 1 47 Still, to prevent imposition in the world, the wisdom of the serpent is to be united to the harmlessness of the dove Gentle love to be without dissimulation, anger endures only for a little The Christian does good unto all, especially to those of the household of faith

5. Detached from the world, 1 Cor 15 20, to it business, ambition, wealth, pleasures are nothing, on the Exchange at would find no pleasure, ' not a grey head upon green shoulders, so the believer is not conformed to the world, his joys a stranger intermeddles not with, weeping as though they wept not, I Cor 7 30

6 Attached to als father's house Larly recollections lead him to it as a bird to its nest, so Jacob, domesticated in Padan-Aram, longed for his father's house, so Joseph when he saw his brethern , so the believer longs for heaven, as the hart after the water brooks, for Jerusalem above is his home, we in this tabernicle grown,

China - Who flies not high, falls not low.

Malay -The leech wants to become a snake.

Russian -The blind cannot see, the proud will not. China -A great tree attracts the wind

Arab -His nose looks to heaven, his legs are in the water Persian -The hending of the humble is the graceful droop

of the branches laden with fruit Turk .- 1 low ass is easy to ride on,

Bengal -Can the boat bear the ship's mast? Sanskrit - Fruitful trees bend down, the wise stoop,

a dry stick and a fool can be broken not bent Persian -The humble man is like the earth which alike

kisses the feet of the king and of the begenr Japan.- No standing in the world without stooping

Spring - If you mount not on the labler, you will not get on the roof-te, submission to a superior, the way to be superior.

Doath of Righteous as a Shock of Corn.-Jos 5 26

Death of rightcous like shock of corn in eight point

The wicked are compared to weeds to be burned but the righteous to corn in the harvest See parable of Tiret and Wheat Mat. 13 Autumn after the hot season is pleasant a time of the joy of lurioust Is 9 3, the righteons in death is compared in the text to the cutting of grain and to harvest home

I Sown in order to be reaped again, at first the leaf is fresh and the stalk firm but not so beautiful as when the stalk is thin and the leaf sere but grain yellow, so the body must die to be raised again

2 Require preparatory a jency, so showers of grace to nourish the sun of God's favour and harden the gram the does of the Spirit to refresh and the sends of affliction to keep the roots loose Jacob, not knowing the preparatory

agency, said All things are against me. Gen 42 36 when he was on the eye of great prosperity , God's chastening gives the pencerble fruits of rightcourness 3 Only cut when fully rise, if cut too soon the ear is

waters, if too late dried up, the sower waits for the early and latter rain the wicked are driven away but the

righteous are always prepared by hope Prov 14 32, Aburth and Josiah had their harvest in early youth, Noah and Abraham in advanced years 4 The upe corn is I andled with care, the scythe of death

is jut to the roots but the sheaves are bound up with care Lazarus was nursed by dogs in life but au_els took charge of him in death Luke 16 21, many grains in the natural harvest are lost but not so with the righteons John 10 28

5 117c; rue housel in safety there may be anxiety about the weather but barrest bonne is a time of you the rrun is lodged in the granary no more tears.

6 117er repening lange its lead, so with merersing humility the righteous see more of their sin and of God's goodness, Job repented in dust and ashes, Job 42 6; so Peter took off his coat at first through zeal, but finally uaits to put off his tabernacle, 2 Pet. 1. 14, so Paul at first calls himself the least of the Apostles, next less than the least of all sunts, farally chief of sinners.

7. Ripening becomes weighty, the believer, a father in grace, has a real and love with a steadier flame, his graces are complete, hope with joy makes not ashamed

S Ripening corn becomes gradually looser, less need of the earth, so Paul learned to be in all things content: the worldling is attached to a shadow, but Paul thinks the world only dung

9 Ripening casily distinguished from tares by the smell and fruit, the righteous bring forth fruit in old age, Ps 02 15, tares are then distinguished from wheat,

10 Ripened corn more susceptible of injury, as showers or wind may lay it level, so Jacob on his bed said, My soul, come not thou into their secret, Gen 49 6. David wished for wings like a dove to flee away

II Ripened corn apt to fall of its own accord, so Paul wished to depart The righteous seek a heavenly country, Heb 11 16, hence no tears for them, Rev. 7.

14. they are clad in white robes

Turk -Weep not over the dead but over the fool.

Canara -An old man may have a youthful heart, a poor man may have a noble inclination

Canara -Nothing like newness in clothes, like age in men

Oriental -A good old man is like old wine which has deposited its lees

trab -The remembrance of youth is a matter of sighing . the remembrance of death refreshes the heart

Raghuransa -The men of feeble mind think the death of a friend a thorn fixed within the heart, whereas the wise men look on it as extracted-for death is the gate to happiness

Reghuransa -The Ling performed the obsequies for his deceased wife, of whom nothing, except ber virtue. was left

Charity covers a Multitude of Sins-Paov 10 12

Love pours water not oil on the flame, so with a concellitory demension, love line a large mantle to lude finits, so with Christ and his disciplis, Mat 26 31,41, John 20 25-27

" Inlm d -To love a thing makes the eye blind, the car deaf

And -Love is the companion of blindness Galic -Faults are thick where love is thin

Let the Dead bury their Dead -Mar 8 "

One of Christ's disciples asked him Ichve of absence to go and bury his father. He replied, Your business is to preach my religion and let those who are dead to God attend to burying the dead. A man in England, who haved to the age of \$4, but was converted when \$0 years old had the inscription on his tomb — Died aged 4 years"—1¢ he reckoned that he was only really alive when he served God

To be carnally minded is death saith St Paul, Rom. 8 6, and the poor Prodigat son in the parable, having lived in that state of mind till his conversion, the father says of him. 'This thy brother was dead and is alive again.' Lake 15 24. Min has a soul and body, each of which dies in its own war, and so either of them may be alive while the other is dead. There is a sense in which didam died on the day when he sinned, and there is another sense in which Adam heed 930 years. Adam delivered down a natural life to all us that are born of him, but the only inheritance he could leave to our spirits was that death to which he was fallen. It is thus death of the spirit which makes it recessary for every man to be born gain.

There are multitudes of people who seem to hive but are no better than dead, they are unburied dead, in them no sight, no sense of spiritual things, no appetite, no offection for them We may preach to them all day long, and do no more good by it than if we were to preach to a man in his coffin. If we were to cry into their ears, or blow a trumpet to give them warning of the fire of undment, and of etermi dimination, they would hear nothing If we offer to them the bread of life, they nant it not, for a dead man little no appetite. Were the souls of men as visible as their bodies, we should see as much difference betweet devout believers and the children of the world as between a living healthy body and a corps. They are futer dead, as lude 12 saith, dead once by nature and dead again unto grace. The pleasures of this world will extinguish the life of a believer, she that liveth unto this world is dead while she liveth, t Tun 5 6 All heavenly affections will die On the other hand Abel while dead yet spoke-is by lus works

Sanstrit -A man of evil reputo is, though living, as one dead

China —Let the dead care for the dead, the living for the living, ie, in reference to excessive sorrow for the dead

Kural -He lives whose life to love is led

Another reckoos with the dead

Arab - A benefactor is alive though removed to the

mansions of the dead, Heb 11 4
The wicked is dead though in the mansions of the

living
Persian - Whose soul is alive, his seusual desires are

Syriac —Seek death to obtain life Persian —When I am dead the world is dead The Congregation of the Dead and the Fool, Page 21 16

Eight marks of fools

- I Understand not who will show them any good, Ps 4 6, prefer corn to peace, beasts in man's form
- 2 Hust themsilves, run into a hornets nest, play with serpents, harbour a third in the house
- 3 Struc with one stronger, so the potsherd with its maker, Ps 2 9 God has even frogs, worms, and every-
- thing at his disposal.

 4 Tale brass for gold, so the mean things of earth for heaven, Phil, 3 8
- 5 Feed on ashes among swine Is 44, 20 Luke 15 16, so the Product son, he labours for the wind, Eco
- 5 15
 6 Sow when they should reap So a death bad re-
- pentance
 7 Delight in mischief, Ps 28 3
 - 8 To save their hat lose their head.
 - o 10 save then it it loss their tient
 - Chanal -In the dusk we lose our way, and a fallen woman is like a corpse
 - Syrian —Seek death to obtain life—: e, kill passion to save
 - Syriac -Put not a candle before a wall-i e, by teaching a
 - Turk —The fool is a cock which sings at the wrong time
 Turk —Making a fool understand is like making a camel
 leap a ditch

Drunkenness -- Epr 5 18

Exemplified in Noah, Gen. 9 21, Belshazzar Dan 5 4, Nineveli, Nah. 1 10

Finnish —The anvil proves the iron, the drink the man Tire. —Vagabonds are at bome in the drinking shop Russian —A drunkard's money is in his hand but goes through his fingers

Russian -Drink one day, a headache the whole week Russian - A drunken peasant will fight with a turnip

Riches have Wings like an Eagle -- Prov 23 5

The engle is the king of hirds, he has long wings, he can carry off a sheep in his talons, and fly high above the storms and lightning Wings mark speed, hence the expression, wings of the wind, Ps 104 3 Ships are said to have wings Is 18 1-1c, their sails four wings of niches are, water, fire, debts, thieves Nebuchadnezzar be in the prince among his nobles anon, he is soon in the park among the beasts Adonyah was one day on the throne, on another seeking refugo for his life at the horns of the altar Zedekrah, on Jerusalem being taken, saw his sons slain before his eyes, then his own oyes being put out, he was bound in fetters and sent to Bubylon. Haman had great wealth, jet in one day he was hung on a gallows sixty feet high and thus his riches fled. Josiah goes forth to battle, and is slain, Ahab goes forth against the Assyrians and is slain also Judas got thirty pieces of silver for betraying Christ, but he went out and hanged himself

Arab -Riches diminish in the using wisdom increases by

Turk -Every ascent has a descent

Afghan -Wealth is a Hindoo's beard-1 & , uncertain The Hundoos shave when in mourning, which often occurs, as the family connexions are numerous

Teluqu -Worldly prosperity is like writing on water Iclugu - Riches flourish, like the charms of women, for a

season, but rapidly fade away, as moonlight dies when a cloud passes over the sky

Bengal - Riches are like a tree on a river bank

Bengal —The boat is now carried on the cart, and the cart on the boat

Hends - Fleeting as the sunshme of noon

Mahamudjar — Boast not of wealth family, youth, fortune takes them all away in the twinkling of an eye

Lalita Vistara - Everything compounded is soon dissolved, frail as a vessel of earth or n city of sand

Prashota: Mala - What is nasteady as the water drops on the lotos leaf? Youth, riches, life

Education, or Bending the Twig -Paov 22 6

Japan -Pearls unpolished shine not

Malay -A postle by chiselling at last becomes a stick.

Malay -A young huffalo need not be taught

Malay -Sores are not to be shown to fires, and children are

not to be taught to lie Malay -You may place on the lap a hetel nut but not a betle-nut tree

Malay -To give a calf to be brought up by n tiger

Chanal -Parents are the enemies of their children if they refuse them education, for they appear in society as berons among the flamingoes

Bulgarian - We hend the tree when young Japan -Like learning to swim in n field

The Righteous are Epistles not Written with Ink. 2 Con. 3 3

God's writing things in a book denotes his perfect knowledge, exact remembrance, and continued just regard to them. His writing bitter things against one, signifies his gradual afflicting of him with severe and lasting troubles, as he did Job His writing his law in men's heart, and sealing them with his Spirit, imports his applying his word by his Spirit to their heart, that they may be conformed to his image and law, and comforted by his influence, Rom 2 15 His writing men's names in heaven in his book of life, with the living with the righteous, imports his particular and fixed choice of them to obtain everlasting life. Luke 10 20 His writing his name in their foreheals imports his rendering them like him in holiness, and enabling them to make an open profession of his truth. Rev. 14 1 His putting their tears into his bottle, and marling them in his bool, imports his kind observation, and careful rewarding thereof

Afghan -What is white sbines best amid black

Providence guards the Righteous as the Apple of the Eye-Ps 17 S

The ball of the eye is secured by the cycliows which turn aside the perspiration of the forehead from the eye, while dust and insects are kept off by the cyclids, the socket of bone the eye is placed in protects the apple or pupil of the eye, which is in the centre of this, surrounded by the white of the eye. Such is God's protection

Bengal -He who has given life will give food

The Single Eye of pure Intention -Mar 6 22

Turk -The eyes are a halance of which the heart forms the weight

China —A hair s hreadth at the bow is a mile beside the butt

Arab —The contemplation of vice is a vice Prov 23 31

Turk — The chimney catches fire from within

Teman —A feast given without kindness is a mere wasto of flour cakes, worship devoid of piety is a waste of the sprouts used in sacrifice, and gifts devoid of charity are a mere waste of gold 1 Cor 10 31

Oriental -You cannot drive a straight furrow without a straight eye

Telugu - Observances send of purity of heart! to what end are they? to what is the preputation of food

without cleansing the vessel? Mat 15 8

Telugu — There who mortify their bodies, calling themselves
saints, are yet unable to cure the impurity of
their hearts. If you merely destroy the outside.

of a white aut hill, will the serpent that dwelt therein pensh? Telugu — The hypocrite's meditations are like these of a deg

Tanul — Isko a jackal going round the grave of a child—i.e.

not from respect, b ar up the corpse

Shants Shatal — Praise to the stomach which is satisfied with little food, but shame to the heart, which, though it has a hundred desires satisfied, is pursuing after more

Sanskrit —As the spokes of a wheel are attached to the nave, so are all things attached to life

God our Father-HEE 12 9

Authority and dignity belong to a father, hence the rulers of Israel were called fathers. Abraham commanded lus children, and was hence called the Father of the Pathful

God lile a good father in fifteen points -

- 1 Compassionate to children, so were the Apostles, 1 Thes 2 11, hence Paul calls Timothy his son, Tit 3 4, John 3 16, 1's 103 13, God treats them as lambs, Is 40 11
 - 2 Reverenced by children and not rebuked
 - 3 Goterns with wisdom
- 4 Gives being so Jacob to the twelve Patriarchs, so Abi iliam to the Jews numerous as the sand of the sea, Acts 7 8, believers are begetten by the word of truth, Jas 1 18, 1 Cor 4 15, God is the father of all men, especially of all regenerate Gal. 4 6, 1 ph. 4 6
- 5 A urishes, behavers as new born babes receive the milk of the word 1 Pet. 2 2, a father gives a fish, not a scripent Mat. 7 10, Pa 34 S-10
- 6 Clothes, so Jacob made for Joseph a coat of many colours God blothes the grass so will lie us, Matt 6 30, He grass the robe of salvation lea 61 10
- 7 Prices, covers them with his toings so David, 1 Chr 16 21, 22
- 8 Ddulus even in their lisping so priver the language of a sigh, Rom. 8 26, though they chatter like a crant, let 38 14, the jublican only smote on

his breast, yet God delighted in his humility, Lule 18

9 Sets a good example, mercuful, I uke 6 36, patient,

Col 1, 11

10 force best those most like Him so D and was greatly beloved Dan 9 2, so D and a man after Gods own heart Acts 13 22, John the beloved discrete.

11 Educates, Gods word makes were unto selection
2 Tim 3 15, sends Prophets, I ph 4 11, in Christ hid

treasures of wisdom, Col. 2 3

12 Ready to hear requests, 2 Cor 6 2, grants not injurious things. Ias. 1 5, 6, but takes away hurtful things, so hedges their way with thorns, Hos. 2 6

13 Regards them even at a distance, so in the parable

of the Prodigil son Tuke 15 20

14 latient, values sincerity, the children have rebelled Is 1 2-5

15 Chastises Prov 22 15, He rebukes transgression with a rod, semetimes he only remonstrates Mic 6 3, to be without chastisement a note of bastards, Heb 12 8, punishment a mark of love Rev 3 19, for our profit Heb 12 10, even then he is pained, this chastisement

is in measure

16 Makes provision for Eurthly fathers often passionate though they be kings yet of poor dignity, often know not the condition of their distint children who may become poor Is 54 10, cannot convert, Heb 2 14 Ex 36 26, estate divided or only given to one, are mortal

The wicl edness of a child does not estringe the heart of a parent so God remembers we are but dust Ps 103 14 he pities Christ our High Priest is touched with a feeling of our infirmities

Bengal —II e tree feels not its own fruit weighty
Badaga —Mix milk with water, it is still milk Your
mother might behave badly, still sie is your
mother

The unripo fruit has little beinty, little flavour, is plucked with difficulty from the tree. But let the air and light, the warm sun and the fruitful showers, unite to swell it, and to ripen it, it is benutiful, it is sweet, falling from the bough into the hand of him that touches it

In Gal 5, 22, 23, the fruits which the righteous ought to bear are described, those of the wicked are given Gal 5 19-21, the burren fig tree was cut down, Luke 13 7

Afghan -Cold is not kept out with a "for God's sake," or for the Prophet's sake," but with four seer (2 lb) of cotton-se, cotton is used to stuff

quilts and make them warm

Telugu — Worship without faith is a more waste of flowers

- e . flowers are used in worship

Chanal -Learning placed only in books, and wealth in the bands of others, are of no use, as not available in time of action

Arab -Where the mind inchnes, the feet lead climbs mountains

Arab -There are three things a ever hidden love, a mountain, and one riding on a camel

Persian - Love and musk do not remain concealed

China -To come to the river wishing to fish is not enough . you must bring the net in your hand

Sadı -

120

Though the water of life from the clouds fell in billows. And the ground were strewn over with paradise loam Yet in vain would you seek, from a garden of willows.

To collect any fruit as beneath them you roam Oriental - Expecting good fruits from the wicked is draining swallow's milk, plucking a hog's soft wool, sands

yielding pomegranates Bengal -One knows the horse by his ears, the generous by his gifts, a man by laughing, and a jewel by

its brillianey. Tamul - Will the tiger's young be without claws?

Arab -A learned man without works is like a cloud without

rain

Rabbins - A basket full of books-1 e, n man of knowledge,

but without using it Sanskrit -A fallen woman is dead

Panch Tantra —As shade and sunlight are ever closely joined together, an an act and the agent stick close to each other

The Earth waxes ald as a Garmont -HEB 1 10-12

The earth itself is millions of years old and has cliunged its gyment—it, the surface—miny times. The Himalay is were once islands in an ocean which covered all India and the Bay of Bengal washed the foot of the Himalay is. India was once not a continent but an archipelago, its present mountains were then islands, while the villey of the Ganges was formed from the carth brought down from the mountains. Lagland itself was then a tropical climate, sharks alligators, and eleplants lived there, though it is now too cold for them

The heavens will be folded up as a scroll, Is 34 4, Rev 6 14

Arab -The garment of salvation never grows old, Is 59

17, I's 104 2

China — The pleasure of doing good is the only one that will not wear out

Hebrew - All flesh waxeth old as a garment Bhagavalgeta -

As their old garments men east off, anon new raiment to assume,

So casts the soul its warn-out frame, and takes at once another form

The weapon cannot pierce it through, nor waster it the consuming fire,

The liquid waters melt it not, nor dries it up the parching

wind,
Impenetrable and inburned, impermeable and undried

Perpetual ever wandering, firm indissoluble, permanent,

The Strait Gate and Narrow Way to eternal Life Mar 7 12

The Katha Uj mishad of the 1 oj n Veda states 'Theway to the knowledge of God is considered by wise men difficult as the Jassage over the slurg edge of a rator Though the way to heaven does not allow the unclean or hous to press on it the wyfaring man though a fool may find it Is 35 8, it is not like the broad way, crowded or on an inclined plane or cray like a loat going with the tide or ending abruptly as Sodom did in Irinstone tho way of transgressors is hard as Samson Tudg 16 16, Sull I Sun 31 4 and the licentious found Prov 2 18 5 11, Joseph found the way that sectical right to lume ended in death 2 Chr 35, the way of life goes to the eternal city John 14 6, the broad way has manay on it and is easy leading to death Prov 4 19

Arah — The ascent to virtue steep, the descent to vice smooth

Persian —The water of life is in darkness—:.e search is

Persian —Travel the highway though it be roundabout—
i.e. short cuts are dangerous

Hitopades! —A stone is rolled up a bill by great exertions, but is easily thrown down

The Girdle of Truth.-hrn 6 14.

Some gardles are made of gold or fine linen yet are persishalle but truth is inamortal, as the Presum proverb states Truth is not drowned in a aler nor brined in free and the Bengali proverb False words and sprinkled water remain not long and truth means the unleavened bread of smeenty 1 Cor 5 8

The Slant Shatak treating of the marks of the friends of truth states they have as a father patience as a

mother forgiveness, as a wife peace of mind, their heir truth, their sister pity, their brother temperance, the earth their bed, their garment the air, and wisdom their nectar." The Marl anda Purana writes of truth—

Through truth only the sun shines, on truth the earth stands, To speak the truth is the highest duty, on truth the heaven

Though we weigh a thou-and Asvamedhs against truth,

Yet will truth outweigh a thousand Asvamedhs

Hypocrisy and makee are called leaven as being sour, and making other things sour, working secretly, puffing Leaven also, from its diffusive nature, symbolized the rapid spread of the Gospel, Vat 13 33

Nathaniel was an example of succerity, a man without Jeaven, John 1, 47, such was Paul

Truth or sincerity is like a girdle in seven points -

- I A bilt used by soldiers to protect the stomach and vital parts. We are told to gird up the loins of our mind, I Pet I 13—4 c. restrain earthly affections.
- 2 Cleares close all round therefore the clothes were not easily loosed. The righteous should not turn to the right hand or the left, I Kungs 13, as the Eengali proverb, One foot on land, another on water."
 - 3 Strengthens the lones gard up thy lones, 2 Sum. 22 40, God gards the lome of knogs, Job 12 18, sancerty strengthens, 1 Knogs 20 11, sancerty 13 the gardle to faith, hope, love, Matt. 6 22
 - 4 A preparation for battle, P_0 65 3 a war of words necessary to contend for the faith as the righteous is a soldier
 - 5 A preparation for transling as the garments were long, so Elisha's, 2 Kings 4 29, so the spiritual pilgrims have to travel far, and the storms of persecution will blow away loose garments
 - 6 Preparatory to serving so the servant ploughed with loss gut Luke 12 35

124 EASTERN PROVERBS AND IMBLEMS

7 An ornament covers the joints of the armour, indesseums, sincerity covers low birth even in one of low descent, Is 43 4, it covers poverty. All are yours, I Chr 3 22

China -An untruthful man is iron without steel,

An untrathful woman is rotten grass and tangled hemp

Afghan —To he is to leap from the house-top—i e, a leap in the dark

Bengal —A hero's word and an elephant's teeth remain fixed Talmud — Lies have no legs

Bengal -Only a shrimp moves backward, only a mean person backs out of his word

Turk —The house of a har is burned, but no one believes

it

Bangal —In promise he puts the moon in your hand

Bengal —In promise he puts the moon in your hand
Bengal —A lie is water sprinkled—i.e., remains not
Bengal —Truth as a stone dissolves not in water

Socing through n Dark Gluss -1 Con 13 11

The eastern mirrors were made of polished steel, or brass, hence the $s^{\dagger}y$ is compared in Job 37 18, to a notice looking glass. The Moorish women in Barbary lang looking glasses on their breasts

There were in Pulls time no windows of glass, but take or horn ones, through these people saw very dunly, and such is our vision now of God's attributes, aid of the mystories of religion, Providence is a wheel within a wheel, Lz i 16 Ships get on the rocks in a fog

Russian —At night all cats are grey
Tamut —As the blind quarrilled about an elephant they had

examined

Afghan —The free mounted on a clod, said he had seen

Kashmir

Japan —A small minded man looks at the sky through a

reed

Japan —To lip up the ocean with a shell.

Japan —The frog in the well sees nothing of the high sees China —Sitting in a well and staring at the stars

Telugu — Like one who does not know the alphabet attempting multiplication

Timul -Sounding the ocean with a jackal's tail

Russian -They will not see all the world by looking out of their own window

Probabl Chandred; —How can an answer be given to him who does not comprehend his own spirit, any mortthan it is possible to inform a blind man respecting the figure of his body?

Bengal -Many clephants cannot wade the river, the mosquite save it is only kneedeep. Is 45 9

Persian —The legs of these who require proofs of God's

Telugu —We cannot see our ovn forehead, our ears, or our backs, neither can we know the hairs of our head, if n man knows not himself how should be know the detr?

Sanskrst — Ho who does not go forth and explore all the earth is a well frog

Arab—The man is strange—who seeking a lost animal,
suffers his own soul to be lost—who ignorant of
himselfseems to understand God—who doubts the
existence of God whon he sees his creatures

Hearers not Doers gazers in a Looking glass Jas 1 23 25

God has given us n muror in which we may see the true character of our soul, we may thereby grow in self knowledge, and may adornourselves, notwith whatministers to pride and worldly vanity but with the ornaments of meekness and holines which are of great price in God's sight. This murror is his holy Word which holds up to us the true lineaments and features of the soul and shows us how greatly it has lost the beauty of the image and likeness of God and how it is disgraced and deformed by spots and blemishes of sun. The swellings of pride the lines of envy and care the shades of sensuality, sloth, and

carthliness appear too planly, when we look into this futhful marror, which is not like flattering friends who say smooth things to us, and sametimes puff us up with the notion that we are clothed with various graces, but it tells us the very truth concerning our spiritual state, and no val of false excuses, or artful cleaking and colouring of our faults, will disguise from us our true state, if only we never neglect to consult this inirror in sincerity and with earnest prayer

There is looking without helping, as the Levite did, Lul e

Heartre not doors are also compared to those leading captive sally wemen ever learning never coming to the truth, 2 Tun 3 7, or to those hearing a fine song I'zek. 33 32, children with rickets have large heads, but weak joints God's word was designed as milk to enable persons to grow, I Pet 2 2 A fresh corpse can have the image of an object printed on the eye, but it reaches not to the Some hearers are like a sponge which suck up everything but all goes out again, others like a strainer letting go the good and retaining the bad, while some are lil c a sieve dropping the chaff and retaining the good grain

China -The doctrine that enters only into the eye and ear is like the repast une takes in a dream, Ez 33 32 Ching -Better return home and make a net than go down

the river and desire to get fishes

Cling -To look at a plum is not to quench one's thirst Bengal -One man is being impaled, while the other counts the joints on the stake

Veman -Let the sinuer listen to holy texts he will not relinquish his vile nature though you wash a coal in milk-will the blackness be removed?

Veman - Whatever he devoid of understanding may read, his virtue continues only so long as he is reading, even as a frog is dignified only so long as it is seated on a lotus leaf

Turk -It is not in speaking continually of honey that sweetness comes into the mouth

Arab - Experience is the looking glass of the intellect Persian - A mirror in an Ethiopian s hand Urdu -If the camel could see his hump, he would fall down

and break his neck

China —Without striking the first there is not even smoke Tamul —If the men he ugly, what can the glass do ? Arab -A learned man without practice, a cloud without water

Persian -One pound of learning requires ten of common sense to apply it

Buddhagosha -A reciter of the law, but not a doer is like a cowherd counting the cows of others _____

The Wild Goat on the Mountains protected, so the Righteons-Pa 101 18

How safely does the wild goat rest on the side of the precipitous mountain or climb the dizzy height, where mans brain would turn and his feet would inevitably slip How freely and fearlessly does she lean from rock to rock! Her eye is as true and her foot as sure upon the steep and shppery erag as on some beaten roud! God has fitted her for the high hills on which he has appointed her to live and has endued her with those faculties of the foot and of the eye which enable her even in the darkest night to walk on rocks and precipices where man could not tread securely under the noonday light.

The lesson taught is God's protecting providence which tempers the wind to the shorn lumb it is like Jacobs lad br extending from heaven to earth though God's way to us may be in the sea Is 43 16-16 leaving no trick. God s acts are like clouds which though black have the runbow of hope from Christ the Sun of Pighteousness or like wheels of quick and easy motion which though wheel within wheel are regulated by the main wheel.

4 A hea's wings receive her young, Ps 91. 3. God says, I have spread out my hands, Is, 65. 2, come to me all that labour. Mat 11. 28. 20

A hen scratches to get meat for her young; she fasts herself to give meat to them, so God says, Ho every one that thirsts Is 55 1. A hen soon forgets her young when grown. Not so God. Can a woman forget her sucking child? Is. 49 15 A hen loses her young in spite of herself, God's people never perich, John 10 28.

Telugu.-Will be who planted the tree not water at? Luke 12, 24

Persian -The provider of food (God) gives to daily food wings in order to come

Honesty.-Roy 13. 13.

Christ gave the golden rule, Mat. 7. 12

Bengal —The thief and the hog have one path

Hebrew —He that builds his house with other men's money
is like one that gathers himself stones for the tomb
of his huma!

Hospitality,-Roy 12 12

Justus was hospitable to Paul, Acts 18 7

Badaga —He does not ask his friend to go away, but he makes such a smoke in the house that his friend is obliged to have.

Telugu.-A kind reception is better than a feast

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The Tongue an Helm -- Jas 3, 2-5 We are told to keep the door of our lips, the tongue is little like a helm, or a bit in a horse's mouth, yet it Sennicheralis tongue brought death on 185,000 soldier 2 Kings 18 28, so Annuas and Sapplara's tongue

brought death, Acte 5 8-10

Bengal - His tongue is a sweeper's shore! Solomon - 1 soft longue breaketh the bone . a whole some tongue is a true of life

Telugu -If your foot slip you may recover your balance, but if your mouth slips you cannot recall your

words

Providence as a Hen sheltering her Chickens. MAT 21 27

's are very valuable; so the righteous are the creation, of great price, Mat. 13, 45, redeemed orruntible things, I Peter 1, 17, the pricious tion were esteemed by the Chaldenns as earthen

lam, 4, 2, yet regarded as the apple of Gods L 32 to Ten jewels-re, good men-would ed Sodom could they have been procured.

ods are lep' circfully, so believers are kept by The Lord is their shade.

er of God; angels have charge over them, Mat. kuismen, nor carried off by thieres, which does not decrease by giving, is great riches

and -Ti -t jewel knowledge, which is not plundered by Ju - Imong men some are jewels and some are publics. uler -The saidal grows not in every wood

esteemed wife is called by the Hindus a jewel of a woman. See parable of the Pearl. Mat 13 45

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The righteous are lile jenels in seven points -

- I All jewels are dug out of the earth from rubbish, except the peril found in the syster, the diamond is only crystallized carbon or coal hardened in the earth, so believers at first of the earth earthy (i Cor 15 49) dead in trespusses
- 2 Jewel's receive a fine polish, which requires a long time. A wheel is used for this purpose, so odversity polishes believers to put on the new man as it did to Job and David, the polishing continues till all the flaws are removed, thus the Church hereafter by affliction's rublane, will be without snot or blemish
 - 3 Jewels are rare Many stones and metals are not equal in value to a small one, so behevers a httls flock, Luke 12 32, not many wise called. Silver and gold were, however, as stones in Solomon's times, I Kings 10 27, so again in the New Jerusalem.
 - 4 Janels are very beautiful—yellow, green, purple, so the graces are beautiful—as love with John, humility as in Mary patence as in Job—whatever things are lovely, Philip 4 8 Dehevers like jewels shine in the dark so believers are the light of the world, so Peter and John's boldness was admired, though they were ignorant men Acts 4 5 Stephen's face shone when dying Jevels are ornamental, set in a crown, ring, or sed, used by Indes and kings, so the believer's crown will be an ornament to Christ's crown, Ex. 28 29 To angels is panifested the love of God to may
 - 5 Jucels are durable, such as the Kohn Nur of Rungt Sing. This is one cause of their value, so the hidden man of the heart, I Peter 3 4, when earthly jewels shall be destroyed at the last day the righteous shall slume forth Mat 13 43, many seeming jewels are only glass, so with hypocritica.

6 Jewels are very valuable, so the noticeous are the peans of creation of great price Mat. 13, 45 redeemed not with corruptible things 1 Peter 1 17, the precious sons of Ziou were esteemed by the Chaldeans is earthen vessels Lam. 4, 2, jet regarded as the apple of Gods eye, Deut. 32 10. Ten jewels—1e, good men—would have saved Sodom could they have been procured

7 Jewels are lept carefully, so believers are kept by the power of God, sugels have charge over them Mat 4 6 The Lord is their shade.

Chanal — That lewel knowledge, which is not plundered by knismen nor carried off by thieres, which does not decrease by giving, is great riches

Urdu —Among men some are jewels and some are pebbles Sanskrit —The sandal grows not in every wood

God a Judge -RET TO 12.

From God's judgment seat there is no ecome by hinbery. God spired not the devils neither Nebuchad negrat nor Phirnoh. He is the Father of Lights, and knows the law he himself made, he is patient hecause he is eternal, he spared the world in Nosh's time 120 years, and the world has been spared now 6000 years.

The eyes of the Lord are in every place beholding the ceil and the good. There is no secret place in which the sinner can hid himself, for God who is present every where, sees in the dark as well as in the light. He hears is when we do not speak because he hears our thoughts. As the light of the sun raches to the ends of the world so his power is everywhere. Ps. 139

God differs from earthly 1 lies in four points -

The judge who punishes sins in a court of justice receives his information from offers and can know only that which the witnesses tell him. Just God is both judge and witness and knows all things. When the

judge has condemned a man and he is put to death, he has no more that he can do; but the power of God reaches beyond the grave, for he can destroy both the soul and body in hell. His hand shall find out those whom the grave has ludden from our sight, and they shall be brought forth, and placed before his judgment-seat to be judged for their past lives. Thefts, nurders, and other sins which were committed in the dark, and were ludden from men so long as the offenders lived, shall then all be discovered, and made known. With the fear of this, the guilty shall tremble when they rise from their graves, then shall they call upon the mountains to fall upon them, and lude them from the face of their judge. Rev. 6. 16.

Bengal —Sand sharpens a knife, a stone the axes, good words a good man, a thrashing a regue.

Bengal.—Before a turning-lathe a thing cannot remain

Knowledgo.- 1 Sau, 2 3

Empty knowledge puffs up, I Cor. S. I, 2.

Menu —A wooden elephant, an antelope of leather, and a Brahman without knowledge—these three things only bear a name, Rev. 3. I.

Atmabodh —By ignorance the soul is ruined; when this is removed, the soul shall shine forth as the sun

when the clouds disappear

Atmabodh —The flame of knowledge which blazes forth
when the contemplation is unceasingly rubbed
upon the fuel of the soul consumes all the stubble

of ignorance

Atmabodh —Knowledge alone effects emancipation, as fire
is indispensable to cooking

Avyar —He without knowledge is blind,

Avyar — He without knowledge is blind.

Aural — Those who know have eyes and see; those who

know not have only two holes in front

Sanskrit — The gem of learning is great wealth; it cannot
be shared by consins, nor lost by robbery, nor

exhausted by liberality. Mat. 6. 19.

Sinskrit —A reasonable word should be received even from a child or parrot

Arab —Ignorance is the greatest poverty

Sinskrit —One youd of learning is a beast

Sanskrit—The spring is the youth of trees, wealth is the youth of men, beauty is the youth of women, intelligence is the youth of the young

drab —One day of a wise man is worth more than the life of a fool

Nits Shatak -The man without learning is a beast

Sm, a Leprosy —Is 1 6

Disease called an arrow flying at night, Ps. 90, such as cholert. David was a man after God's own "heart, though living in a pilace of cidar, he could not prevent di ease the fruit of sin, from entering, no soundness in his flesh no rest in his bones, an emblem of sin, this was the man once so lively who danced before the ark, Ps. 38 7.

Sin is lile leprosy in tirelve points -

- I Painful Pain is often useful in warning of danger to the body, thus fire warns, but the absence of mental pain is often an opiate to the conscience thus Cun did not feel at first that he was guilty of murder, he sud, Am I my brothers keeper? Gen 4, 9 So when David committed murder he slept well. On another occasion, however he states the arrows of the Almighty are within him. A prim often points out the sent of disease, opiates are not good in such a case. The pain of future pumishment should be anticipated like as in the case of the men that heard Peter, and who were pricked to the heart, tets 2 37, others huwere is in Juda's case suffer pain without any benefit
 - 2 Wastes the body and beauty His beauty consumes like 1 moth, Pa 39 11 The Kazantes whiter than snow, became black as a coll Lam 4 8 God saw once every thing he made was good, even mans body, but sin has

10 Extremely complicated Now the fever of agritted passion, the palsy of want of natural affection, the decay of spintual affection—a complication of disorders, so that what is a remedy in one case is a poison in another

11 Heredulary "What is born of the flesh is flesh"
"In sin did my mother conceive ne, Ps 51 5 By one
man sin entered into the world, Rom 5 12, so Gehazi's
family inherited from him the lepros, 2 Kings 5 27

12 Most infections The atmosphere of the earth is charged with disease which is caught from the air of a room or from clothes, but sin from a glance, or a word, as in Divids case Evil communications corrupt good manners Only Christ was evempt from this infection, like a subbeam lie could penetrate impurity without being souled

13 Very loathsome and malignant The drunkards and libertine's complaints are such. The body, as in leprost, is often a putrid mass so that friends cannot come near Paul says, 'Who shall deliver me from the (putrid) body of this death?

14 Incurable ly human means, sin when it hath conceived, brought forth dead Quack doctors will not do No doctors can cure this legross

Russian—The flectest horse escapes not from its till Tanul—Is the voung packal to be trained to how!?

Arab—The shadow of the deformed is deformed

Tanul—A Isme man is a hero before a cripple

Tanul—A is if one changed his pillow to cure the headache

Pernan—If you keep sour malk in a leathern beg 100

years, it will still be sour milk John 3 5-7
Urdu.—Put a dog s tul into a straight pipe for 1000 years,
it will still be as crooked as ever

God's People graven on the Palms of his Hands Is 49, 15, 16,

God sass a mother may forget her sucking child but he will not forget his 1 colle, In. 49 15 An engraving is not

impressed on the surface is writing but is cut in or graven with a pen of stone or of writing iron, this impression is not rubbed out like that of ink or on palm leaves, but remains like the impression of the style on leaves. God's having his people graven on the palms of his hands, menus their being in a secure place, and one casily observed by the individual.

Hitopadesh — He by whom swans are made white, and parrots green, and pescocks variegated, will provide thy subsistence

SansArit —A mother curses not her son, the earth suffers no harm, a good man does no injury, God destroys not his creation

Light -- I's 36 9

God the sun, the source of hight, Jas I 17, communicated to the body through the eye, Mat G 22, the path of the just like the shining light, Prov 4 18, the favour of God is light, Ps 27 I, and is therefore agree able, Dec II 7

Upanished —It is through God's shining that all elee shines, by his justice the universe is illuminated

The Righteous Bold as a Lion -Paor 28 1

The rouring of a lion in quest of his prey resembles the sound of distant thunder, and being re-echoed by the rocks and mountains appuls the whole race of animals and puts them instantly to flight. So great are the terror and dismay which his rouring produces, that many animals which by their swiftness might escape his fury, astonished and petrified by the sound of his voice, are rendered incapable of exertion. He never flies from the hunters nor is frightened by their onset, if their numbers force him to yield he retires slowly, step by step, frequently turning upon his pursuers. He has been

known to attack a whole curavan, and when obliged to retire he always retures fighting, and with his face to his enemies "An army of deer with the hon as leader is more terrible than an army of hons with a deer as leader."

A hon was the symbol of a lang, Judah is called, from its brive character, a hon's whelp, Gen 49 9, Babylon is called a hon on the eagle wings of conquest, Dan. 7 4, Paul was delivered out of the hon's mouth—is, from the wicked—2 Tim 4 17, Nobuchadnezzir was called a hon, Jer 4 7, Christ called the hon of the tribe of Judah, Rev 5 5.

A lion is

I Courageous, such was David, Ps. 27, 3, so Nehemruh and, shall such a man as I flee, helt 6, 11, so Paul boldly arowed his doctrine to be what the governor called herevy, Acts 24, 14, he fought with heists, I Cor 15, 32, the Apostles said they must speak, of the things they had seen, Acts 4, 20, so Elijab, I Kings 10, 15, 19, Is. 41, 14. The high called the king of beasts, so behevens are more than conquerors, Rom 8, 3, other heasts fear it so Herod ferued John, Mtt. 15, 5

2 Strong Sameon says, out of the strong hon came forth sweetness, Judg 14 14, Christ as a hon is mighty to save, Is 9 6, at times the hon is still when he crouched down before his spring, Christ is now a lamb, but after wards will be a hon, on the last day, Am. 3 8

3 Mild to these submissive yet firm, so John before Herod, Paul before Telix, so Moses

Russian -- I car has many eyes, he fearing the wolf enters not the forest

China — Men who never violate their conscience are not afraid of a knock at their door at midnight

Urdu —The leaf cracked, and your servant fled Persian —He fled from his own shadow Arab —No religion without courage 115

Turl -Antong ten men nine pre won en

Genera .- An elephant fears not fishes, acither do the good the bad.

African .- If a mouse were as big as a bullock, yet it would be the slave of the cat.

Timo liko a Mail-post, Swift Ships, Eagles,-Jos 9, 25, 24

Time, in its rapid devastating course, is compared to n flood, I's 90 5; to a fulc that is told, I's, 90, 9; a handbreadth, Pe. 39. 5, a dream, Ps. 73. 20; a weaver's shuttle, Job 7. 6.

In Job's days human life had been gradually shortening from 500 to 70 years.

The drontdary post, though not as quick as a horse in a given space, yet maintains an uniform continued progress

Time is lile a mail-not, in four points:

- 1. The postman rides on swift horars 150 miles n day, while the caravan moves only at two miles an hour.
 - 2. Changes in order to increase speed.
 - . 3. Ddays little for rest or mere salutation, Luke 10. 4.
- 4. Allows no obstruction on the road. The Persian messengers could, by royal authority, press horses, men, or ships, so as to expedite them, I'sth. 3, 15,

The post may be stayed, but the sun never stops

Swift ships-ic, made of papyrus of the Nile-which cut through the water with cast speed.

Italian -Time is an insudible file.

Greek .- Man is a bubble

Bengal -There is no hand to catch time.

Canara - Late is a lamp exposed to the wind, Jas. 4. 14. Arab -Who is able to restore what was yesterday, or to plaster over the rays of the sun?

Persian -The best teacher is time.

China .- As wave follows wave so new men take old men's places.

China — Men live like birds tugether in a wood
When the time comes each takes his flight.

Caina -1 generation is like a swift horse passing a crerice

China —When we take nif nur boots and stockings to-day,
That we shall wear them to-morrow who can say?
Canara —The pearl though originating in water does not

Canara — the peart though originating in water does not hecome water again, Prov. 4 18, 1 Cor. 13 11

Oriental — The world has nothing constant, but its insta-

drah — Freez day in the life is a leaf in thy history. Pro

Arab -Every day in thy life is a leaf in thy history, Prov

Kathu Saritsugar — The rivers, the flowers, the moon's phases, disappear but return, not so youth

An Oppressor like a Crouching Lion.-Ps 10 9

A hon is proud, strong, and erafty, lying in wait for the proy, such were Admehadnezar, Dan 3, Manassch, 2 Kings 21. 16, Relaboars, Salan is compared to a roaring hon, 1 Pet 5 8, active as with Job, knowing his time is short. Her 12 12

Oppression is an aluse of power, the prictice of unjust and uncharitable actions as to a lired servant, Dut 24 14, or widow, Lx 22 21-24. Oppression makes a wise man mad, Ecc 7. 7, grands the face of the poor, Is. 3. 15, flays the poor, Vic 3 1-3 Enry one cause of oppression, as in Ahab and Naboth's case, pride another, as in Jezibel's case,

Telugu —There is no justice in appression and no sight in a blind eve

Bengal —The landlord loves the peasant with the same love as the Musalman has to the fewl—i.e., which he fattens in order to kill

A Living Dog better than a dead Lion.-Lee 9.4

" Half a leaf is better than no bread."

"He with oncese rick the better fer it."

"A standing thutle better than the falling codar"

"A living sheep better than the dead camel."

" A living hadrion better than the dead L'uperor."

This text points out the value of life, using as an emblem the dog, the meanest of animals, Matt. 15, 26, and the hon, the noblest, Proc. 30, 30,

Man and Wife one Flesh - MATT 19 5

There is an union, but not like the one in Nebuchaduezzar's image, Dan 2-33. No bitterness is to be shown, Col. 3-19. The Experime represent a man without a woman by a single milt stone, which cannot grand alone.

omen by a single mill stone, which cannot grind alone.

Tulmud.—Even though the wife be little, bow down to her
in speaking, see, do nothing without her advice.

Jamerier - The husband and wife must, like two whiles, support the chariot of domestic life, otherwise it must stop.

must stop.

Arab — Women are parts cut out of men Gen 2. 23

China - Husband and wife in perfect accord;
Are the music of the harp and lute.

China -A good man will not beat his wife;

A good dog wdl not worry a fowl

Badaga.—If you yoke a buffalo and an ox together, the one will push for the swamp and the other for the hill

Arab - A mule yoked with horses 2 Cor 6 14
Persian - Tied by the neck, i.e., married to n bad woman

Persian —A bad wife is a tree growing on the wall, i.e., like the fig tree which undermines the wall by its roots

Russian -A wife is not a guitar, i.e., which having done playing with you lung on the wall

playing with you liang on the wall

Telugu —The house is small and the wife like a monkey

China -A widow is a rudderless boot.

Basque - He who marries a welf often looks towards the

iorest

Talmud —God did not make woman from man's head, that she should not rule over him, nor from his feet, that she should not be his slave, but from his side, that she should be near his heart

Bhogaralgita — Women like flowers are of tender fabric, and should be softly bandled, Eph 5 25

Badaga — A passionate wife is as bad as a house that leaks
Bartril ari — This is the fruit of love among married people,
one mind among two persons, where there is dis
cord. it is the marriage of two corpses

Mrschl alats -

Look round the garden mark these stately trees, Which duly by the king's command attended, Put forth abundantly their fruits and flowers, And claiped by twining creepers, they resemble The manly husband, and the tender wife

The Miser-Lere in 19.

Sanitri — A miser's wealth goes by fire, robbers and lings
Telugu — Practising the humility of a fox, he heaps up
wealth and does not use it, thus is rice sprinkled
at the mouth of a bandicoot trap Prov 13 11
Badaga — A miser is a tree with fruit vou eannot cet

False Peace like Untempered Mortar -Ezer. 1, 10

In Persia proper mortar is made of plaster earth, and chop of straw well knewded together, but often to save expense their put much water to a lattle plaster, which looks as well but is not plaster. There is no cement in a lones so built, it is like the house on the sand which the whirlwind or flood breaks down Mat 7 27 lile some of the bridges in In his exemented by rubbish not by mortar, or like the virgins without oil. Mat. 25 1-13 Such is all false peace without repentance and furth in the attended of Christ like that of the rich fool take 12 10

Bhogaradgita —The soul floats like the lotus on the lake unmored unrufied by the tide, Acts 20 24 16 25 Modern Greek -No one is disgusted with his own bad smell

Telugu -Like sprinkling rose water on ashes

Arab -Temperance is a tree which has contentment for its root, and peace for its fruit

Malaualim -Time shows the value of a bridge built of wood, Prov 5 3, 1 Cor 3 13

Modern Greek -Neighbour! your house is on fire Impos-

sible. I have the keys Russian -The bell calls to church, but goes not in itself

Oriental -The prosperity of an ignorant man is lile a garden on a dunghill

China - We never wander so far away as when we think we know the way

Cingalese - Lake changing the pillow when suffering from headache

Modern Greek -He who eats flax seed cats his own shirt-e, the future sperificed to the present

Tamul -As quiet as a saake in a box Bhanaratarta -- Without amescence there can be no bliss E en as a storm tossed ship upon the waves,

So is the man whose heart obeys his presions, Which like the winds will hurry him awar Buddhagosha -- Who subdues his passions is a lake without mnd

Arab -- Patience is the key to juy

Mountains -Day 2 45

Their solid strength untouched by visible decay, gave mountums the name of the pillars of heaven, Job 26 11 Their majesty defies the turbulence and confusion of the world at their feet yet God weighs them in a balance. Is 40 12

Raghurause -The storm may uproot the trees, but not the mountains Ps 125 2

Arab - When we cross one mountain, another appears ---

The Spiritual Net-Mar 13.47

As the sea is a frequent type or emblem of the world, so "the fishes of the sea," which take their course at will, and so often prey upon one another throughout that waste of waters, represent the vast numbers who know not God, and walk in the way of their own hearts, without any sure guide or rule of conduct, and too often only envying and provoking, lixting and devouring, one another Into this broad sex of the whole world a net was to be cast, and instead of their lowly labours on the little sea of Galilee the Apostles were to be employed in gathering men out of every clime and country into the Church of God, and in drawing them under the blessed restraints and holy discipline of "the obedienco of faith," A net will indeed gather of every kind, and when it is drawn to the shore, a separation is made of the fishes which are worth the pains of taking out of the sea, and of such as are nothing worth, and may be cast away. Thus among those who are gathered into the visible Church of Christ, there " are good and bad,' many false professors as well as sincere servants of God, nor will the good be separated from the had until the net is drawn completely to the shore, which will not be till the end of the world. The fish, whether big or little, are taken out of the sea of this world, a stormy place full of rocks, subject to tempests

The Night of Lafe and Day of Eternity-Pou 13 12

The Shánti Shatal states, "The world is like a wild desert, the house of our body is full of holes our fancies are a night which throws the veil of illusion over us be watchful and defend yourself with the sword of knowledge, the shield of resignation, and the armour of caution"

Morning comes after night, so the morning of eternity,

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1s 49 14 morning longed for, P 130 6, morning makes things manifest 1sa 58 8 1 Cor 4 5, m rung brings jot birds sing flowers are fresh 1sa 26 19, morning foreshows the king of day

Infe life night in four points -

L A state of darlness whereas light symbolizes knowledge Is 8 20 holmess I John 1 7, comfort Ps 97 11 and glory, Col 1 12

2 The time of step 1 Thess 5 7 hence sleep is called the son of most. Half our days we pass in the sladow of the earth and the brother of death (sleep) extracts a third part of our lives

3 Time of danger beasts and thieves provide about Is 21 12 heaven is light the substratage of the saints in light

4 Inactivit/ ignorance I uko 1 79 night an emblem of death, John 9 4 The Arabs say le who has done justice in the night I as built himself a house for the next day

Afjhan — When night comes fear is at the door when.

day comes fear is on the hills.

Russian -At night all cats are black

Attestan —At night all cars are black

Oriental —The prosperity of the ignorant is like a garden
on a dungfull

Arab — rightly prayer makes the day to shine

Bengal — Where if ere is fear of the tiger it is evening

Arab — The day blots out the dread of night

Turk — right is the day of the wicked.

The Sensualist's Old Age -- Eccres 12 17

This is a description of the dreary old age of the man who when young would go on in the way of his heart, not as the good old age of Abraham and David Gen 15 15 I Chron. 79 28 or the serene old age of Isaac Jacob Moses and Joshua Is 40 30-31 The prous old renew their youth as the eaglis they bring forth fruit in old age, I's 92 15

In the 12th chapter of Ecclesvastes, the Preacher Solomon admonishes to dedicate youthful days to the service of our Creator, con-idering the citil days of the winter of life which are coming on when the faculties of our minds and bodies often fail. For then, the sun and the moon and the stars are darl ened-ic the superior powers, which rule in the body of man as the heavenly luminaries do in the world-112, the understanding and reason, the imagination and the memory-are obscured as when the clouds interpose between us and the lights of the firmament. In the earlier season of life the clouds of affliction having poured down their rain they pass away, and sunshine succeeds, but now the clouds return after the rain-ie old age itself is with the wicked a continual sorrow, and there is no longer any hope of fair weather The I ceners of the house, the arms and hands, which are made to guard and defend the body, begin to shake and tremble, and the strong men the shoulders, where the strength of the body is placed, and which were once able to bear every weight begin to stoop and bow themselves, the granders, the teeth begin to fall away and rease to do their work because they are few Also those that look out of the windows are darkened-ie the eyes those windows of the soul through which we look at all things abroad. become dim, and he that uses them is as one who looks out of a window in the night. The doors are shut in the streets-ic difficulties and obstructions attend all the passages of the body, and digestion becomes weak when the arinding is low. The youthful and healthy sleep soundly and are apt to transgress ly taking too much rest. but the aged sleep with difficulty and ruce up at the rose of the bird, at the crowing of the cock The daughters of music are brought low, the voice falls and becomes hourse, the hearing is dull, and the spirits now less active than they used to be are less affected by the powers of harmony, and so the old sit in heaviness, hanging down their heads, as virgins drooping under tho sorrow of captivity Old age being inactive and helpless, becomes afraid of that which is high, it is fearful of climbing because it is in danger of falling, and, being unfit to endure the hardships of fatigue, and the shocks of a rough journey, the fears which are in the way dis courage the old from setting out Then the almond tice flourishes-ie, the hair of the head becomes white as the early almond blossoms in the hard weather of the winter before the snows have left, and even the grass hopper becomes a burthen-ic, the legs, once light and numble to leap, as the legs of that insect, and which used with easo to bear the weight of the whole body, are now become a burthen, and can scarcely carry themselves, and when the faculties thus fail, the desire fails along with them, for nothing is desirable when nothing can be entoyed.

Such are the cult days which come upon many when their youth is passed in sin, and prepare the way for death, when man youth to his long home. Then the silver cord, the neives, whose coat is white and shining as a cord of silver is loosed, and no longer does its office. The circulation of the blood stops at the heart the fountain of life, as when a picker which draws water is brolen at the well, or the watering wheel circulating with its buckets, which it both fills and empires at the same time, is brolen at the cistern. Thus do the vital motions all cease in death, and the dust returns to the carth, to become such as it was before man was made out of it, and his immortal spirit returns unto God, the fountain of immortality from whom it precitified.

Arab -- Houry hours are death's messengers
Arab -- The gravity of old age is fairer than the flower of

China —In clothes we value novelty in men old age
China —A wall is crucked and lofty, its fall must be speedy

Afghan —Oh! greybeard thou eatest earth— $i \in$, money to an old man is as useless as earth

Afghan -- The ass grown old did not know his master s

4rab —The cat became blind but still was hankering after mice

Bengal —Plastering an old but with clay and cow dung-

te passing off a vile article as excellent

Hebrew —Old age is a crown of nettles youth is a crown of

Sinskrit —The old who cannot enjoy sensual objects nor yet abandon them resembles a toothless dog lick

ing a bone

Sinskrit — Wealth stops at the house friends and relatives at the grave good and evil deeds follow the dying man

Oppressing the Poor a Sweeping Rain -Prov *8 3

The periodical runs which follow the long-continued drought of summer'in Eastern countries sometimes occasion a devisation unknown in a Furopean climate. The rivers and brooks in consequence of the periodical rains over flowing their founds earry run into the most cultivated districts but especially among the dwellings of the poor which being usually built of raud or of bricks burnt only in the sun are the first to fall before the torrent involving the inhabitants in destruction.

The grants before the flood were oppressors. Gen. 6. 4. 12. 13, so were the FI/I trans. Ft. 1. 13. so Jecbel. I kings 21. 7–13. decoure I by dogs. 2 kings. 9. 30–37. not. so Job. 31. 13–15. or those, obeying the law of Moses. Deut. 15. 7–11. 24. 10–15. See the parable of the Unimerent il Servant. Mat. 18. 30–34.

O) pres. ion of the poor is called a panti. g after the dist.

on their 1 ad Amos 2 7—ie throby the oppressors in his to rol them of exerction, and erish them to the distribution of death. It is represented as a sell by the poor for a pure of d. Am > 8 6, to mark low 1, 1th of pressor L.2.

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esteems them, and for how lettle he is disposed to rum them. It is called a crushing and treading upon them, Amos 5 11, to signify the grievons, ifflictive, and debasing tendence 5 thereof. It is called a slaging of them, a chopping their bones. Mie 3 3, a frightening and terring them in the manner of hons, wolves or bears, to denote the inhuman cruelty contained in it and the utter rum effected by it. It is represented as a building of houses and cities by blood, Hab 2 12, because oppressors rear these structures with the wealth extorted from others, to the endangering of their life. It is called an eating of God's people as head, Mirch 3, to mark the pleasure and greed wherewith wicked men persecute the persons, rum the character, and consume the substance of the colly.

the substance of the goals

The widow of Zarephath, I Kings 17 12, was happier
than Queen Jezebel the oppressor, while the rust of the
rich mans gold shall ent his flesh as fire Jas 5 2-3, it
shall also like the dust be a testimony against him, Mark
6 11

Solomon writes, the teeth of the oppressor are knies to decour the pool from off the earth, Prov. 30 14 We are to open our mouth for the dumb. Prov. 31 8

Bengal —The relation of the carring knife to the pumpkin China —Unjustly got wealth is snow sprinkled with hot

China — Unjustry got wealth is snow approhised with hot water Lands improperly obtained are but sand-banks in a stream

The Righteous as the Palm Tree -Ps. 92 12

The righteous resemble the palm tree in five point.

The palm tree grous in the desert. I arth is a desert.

1 The pain tree grows in the desert I arth is a desert to the rightons true believers are even refreshed in it as a palm is in the Aribian desert, so Lot aimd Sodom's wickchess and I nock who walked with God amount the anteublusians.

2 The pulm tree grous on the sand, but the sand is not its food, water below feeds its tap roots though the heavens above be brass. Some righteous live not as the

hily, by green pastures, Hos 14 5, or willow by watercourses, Is 44 4, but as the palm of the desert, so Jorgh among the Cut worshippers of Egypt, Daniel in voluptious Babylon. Faith's penetrating root reaches the fountains of living waters

3 The palm tree is beautiful, with its tall and verdant canopy, and the silvery flashes of its waving plumes, so the believer's virtues are not like the creeper or bramble, tending downwards, their palm branches shoot upwards, and seek the things above, Col 3 I, some trees are crooked and gnarled, but the righteous is a tall pulm, as a son of the light, Mat 3 12, Phil. 2 15 The Jews were called a crooked generation, Deut. 32 5, and Satan a crooked serpent, Is 27 1, but the believer is upright like the palm. Its beautiful unfading leaves made it an emblem of victory, victors in heaven are represented as having palms in their hands, Rev 7 9, it wis twisted into verdant booths at the Feast of Tahernacles, and the multitude, when escorting Christ to his coronation in Jerusalem, spread leaves on the way, John 12 13 No dust adheres to the leaves as it does with other leaves. the righteous is in the world, not of it, the dust of earth's desert adheres not to his soul. The leaf of the palm is the same-it does not fall in winter, and even in the summer it has no holiday clothing, it is in evergreen the pulm tree's rustling is the desert orison

4 The palm tree is very useful. The Hindus reckon it has 360 uses. Its shudow shelter, its fruit refreshes the weary traveller, it points out to water. Such were Barnahas, a son of consolution, Acts 4, 36, Lydia Dorcas, Acts 9, 39, and others, who on the kings highway showed the way to heaven, as Philip did to the Ethiopian eunich, Acts 8, 34.

The palm tree bears fruit even to old age. The best dates are produced when the tree is from thirty to one hundred years old, and 300lbs et dates are annually yielded, so the righteous grow happier und more useful

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as they become older, knowing their own faults more, they are more mellow to others, like the sun setting, beautiful, mild, and large, looking like Elim in the desert, where the wearied Jews found twelve wells and seventy pulm trees, Ex 15 27.

Perseverance as the Husbandman -Jas 5 7.

Arab -A poor man without patience is like a lamp without oil

Arab - When you are an anvil be patient, when a hammer,

strike Malabar - You must not cast away the paddlo when you

approach the ebore Bengal -The bundle was pressed hard, but the knot was

left loose- e, business neglected at the close Malabar -By practice you may lift up even elephants Telugu -With a single blow he opens not mine nuts Nits Shatal -The perseverance of a man of constant mind

can never be overwhelmed by misfortune, as the flame of the torch turned upward never goes down, 2 Cor 6 10

Urdu -The crows keep cawing, but the corn grows notwithstanding

Turk -Little by little we become fat

Telugu -He watched the field until the harvest, and then let it go to the jackals

Polygomy

Malay -Two wives under one roof two tigers in one cage

Bengal -Who has two wires has much sorrow, I Kings

Telugu -Two swords cannot be contained in one scabbard Afglan - Who likes equalibles at boone contracts two marriages

Tamul -Why fire the house of a man who has two wires, s.c., the fire of anger and jeulousy is enough

Mulay -The desire of the heart might be to grasp mountains, but what use when the arm will not much round?—s c, a man desiring to marry above his station

Prevention better than Cure.

Bengal—When the thef has escaped men are very wise Gujerat—Diseases and delays indulged augment Polish—What I see not with the eye cannot pain the heart

Arab -Shut the window from which a bad smell comes
Sanskrit -Keeping away from the mire is better than
washing it off

Tamul —Relying on the efficacy of the proposed remedy, will you put your hand in a snake's hole?

Prido -- Prov 21 4

Exemplified in Hannin, Esth 3 15, Nebuchadnezzir, Dan 4 30, Agrippa, Acts 12 21-23, Herod, Acts 12 21-23, Pharaoh, Ex. 5 2

Afjhan—To every man his own understanding is king China—We fill tanks, but the heart of man who can fill? Triliga—Like the bat, which thinks it holds up the sky Canara—He has to live on grued, yet requires some one to wipe his mointache

Afglan.—The fox thought his own shadow very large
Lasque —Pride sought flight in heaven, fell to hell
Canara —What is extended will tear what is long will

teal, Prov 16 18

Telugu — 1 tooth projecting beyond the lips, a wick too

big for the dish

Arab—His head in the dirt, his tad to the sky

Mahabharat—

The sumer is ever like a great inflated shin,
The imaginations of concited fools are backers
Tork—He who falls from a camel prepars a tomb
The who falls from a camel prepars a tomb
Thrul—When a size fall of pride is slited nothing re-

mains.
Sinskrif - No greater enemy than pride

Chipa -

To pretend to satisfy his desires by possession,

Is extinguishing fire with straw

Arab — Content enjoys riches, coretousness produces erres, every ambitious man is a captive, and every

covetous one a pauper

Japan — Be a serpent save in the poison— e, learning

without pride, Mat 10 16

Punctuality and Watching opportunity -Ern 5 16

Tilugu — When the dog comes a stone cannot be found When the stone is found the dog does not come

Japan —To cut a stick when the fight is over China —Lighting a fire when the breeze is blowing Canara — A word in season is good, out of it, like a silk

cloth torn.

Arab —To hammer cold iron

Tulmud — While you have the shoes on your feet tread down the thorns

Bengal —They fetch the salt after rice is eaten
Russian—Hurry is good only for catching files
Sanskrit—By delay (in using it) nectar becomes poison

The Heavenly Race —Hen 12 1, 7

World's race differs from the hearenly in six points—
It was the practice in ancient Greece to celebrate once
every four yours with great solementy certain games, as
trails of bodily strength or skill in wrestling leaping,
running the quoit, these were attended by a visit
assemblage of people of all ranks. The prive that was
contended for was a crown or chaplit of leaves, with
which the victor was crowned, while his name was
proclaimed 1) horalds in the presence of the whole
assembly, judges were appointed to decade on the ments
of the candidates and to see that the several contests
were conducted according to the law's that were Jud
down

The foot race was one of the principal of these games; and St. Paul has in many pheces alluded to it in illustration of the Christian life, I Cor 9 24-27, as a confusual strife or contest for victory over our manifold, corrupt, and deceitful lusts, and he encourages us to maintain the conflict by the thought that we are contending for a glorious prize in the presence of a great crowd of witnesses. The crown for which we contend is not a chaplet of fading leaves, but a crown of righteousness and glory, I Cor 9 25. The witnesses of our manful efforts are the great company of those cited by the Apostle, who have before us guided this mastery over sui, the world, and the devil, and have now by futh and pattence attained the promises, we contend for the prize of our light calling in the presence of God and of his boly angels.

À man, who was about to contend in a foot race, would first lay aside every ecopht that might be about his person, and would disconsiber lunself of every needless gurment. Yet Paul run his mee in Rome, when he was a prisoner in chains. Thus we are to prepare ourselves for our course by laying aside every weight, and "the sin that doth so easily beset us." He who does not take pruns to divest lumself of covetousness sensuality, pride, and other too-ensily beesting sins, is as one who should lade lunself with thick clay when about to start upon a race, Habak. 2 6

When once the candidates started on their course, they did not suffer themselves to relax in their efforts until they had reached the end They did not linger on the way, nor stop to look back with satisfaction on the progress which they had made, but they thought only of what jet remained to be done, and they kept the eje warddig fixed upon the mark or goal. If they found themselves disposed to give way they remembered the prize which was such an object of desire and pressed forward with renewed spirit, Rev. 2 10. It will not do

for us to relax our efforts to obtain the mastery over our own lusts and passions as they will gain upon us if we give them the least advantage, Thess. 3, 13.

In the heavenly race all may be winners; there is no jealousy, the strong are to help the weak; there is joy in ruaning, Ps. 19. 5, the value of the prize is an exceeding weight of glory; the epectators ore angels, devils, and God, the Judge is impartial, and perfect in knowledge.

Tanul —To edvance e span and fall back a cubit.

Jopan —Fall seven times, stand up the eighth time.

Urdu —Sweetmeats ere not distributed during e battle.

Tanul —A noisy dog is not fit for hueting.

Tanul —He lacks sense who broods ever the past

Tanul —When oe the way to heaven do you carry a

Tamul — When oe the way to hearen do you carry a spinning wheel under your arm?

Russian.—Who hunts the bear does not sleep over the

Afghan.—We who stands still in mud, sinks.

Afghan.—He who stands still in mud, sinks.
Japan —To give wings to a tiger

Ged will not Breek the brused Reed .- MAT 12. 20

See the parable of the Publican, Luke 18, 9-14, illustrating God's kindness to the humble and pentent,

The brused reed, which has been crushed by some weight that has passed over it, and appears to be bowed hopelessly to the groend, is the emblem of one who has been crushed under the burthen of his sins, and of all that sorrow and remoise which are sure to follow in their train. Judas was so weighed down with remoise that he went and hanged himself, Mat 27. 5.

"The smoking flax" is another emblem of the same case, and with this additional vessed barses. With flax flax winds has been lighted will not burn, its smoke is so offensive, that all cry out impatiently to have it quenched as soos as possible. And this fact is elsewhere used to show how abominable are the wicked in the night of their holy

Maker, for he says of them, and especially of such as say to their fellow sinners "Stand by thyself, for I am hoher than thou' "These "re a smoke in my nostrils (Is 65 5), a fire that hurneth all the day"—that is, not a quick and pleasant flame, but a mere smouldering fire, such as lingers in flax when too damp for any flame to break out, and emitting only a noxious smoke. God will not rashly snap asunder the list thread by which a spiritual life keeps its hold on the soul of one who has fallen. It is far better to be as a bruised reed (of a contrite and humble spirit) than to be as the cedars of Lekmon that are exalted and lifted up, or as the oaks of Rashan, on which the day of the Lord of Hosts shall be, Isa. 2 13

God a Refuge and Shield -Ps 17 1, Grs 12 1-4, Day 2, 16-19

God is a hiding place, Is 32 2, and a strong tower-ie, a refuge in time of war, Prov 18 10 But the name "refuge" has a very particular meaning. If any Israehte kalled a man by accident, God told Moses that he must not be treated as a murderer, because he did not design to murder, Num 35 But, lest the kinsman or relation of the person killed should take away the life of the manslayer, which was allowed to be done in the case of murder, he was to hurry off with all speed out of his way, and to take refuge in one of the six cities appointed for the protection of such persons These cities were well supplied with water, and plenty of provisions, so that there was no occasion to go out of them to huy, which would endanger the manslayer The roads to these places were all plain and easy of access kept in good order, and provided, wherever it was necessary, with bridges to cross streams of water, and wherever two roads met, there were hand posts pointing to the proper direction, on which was written in large characters, so that it might easily he read, "Refuge, Refuge," So God is our refuge, to whom we may fice in distress, as the manshyer did to the city of refuge.

Rond the Heart, not the Garmont.-Jone 2 13-

Rending the garment was a sign of gracf, as Jacob did, Gen 37, 34, Job 1, 20

The Russians have a proverb "People sometimes sin like David, but do not sorrow like h.m." 2 Sun 12 13 Repentance is compared to aical ening, I pli 5 14, 2 pricling at the heart, Acts 2 37, smiling, Luke 18 13, coming to oneself. Luke 15 17 The tear of repentance is dropped from the eye of faith, repentance consists in attrition, as when a rock is broken in pieces, and in contrition, as when ace is melted in water, the former is the work of the law, the latter of the Gospel-the one is like a hammer, the other like dew Ice must not only be broken, but melted, so the coldness must be tal en out of the heart. False repentancers the sudden torrent after row in the mountains, or like people who throw their goods over in a storm, and wish for them again in a calm. Talse repentance is also compared to the sow returning to wallowing in the mire 2 Pet 2 22 See parable of Prodigal Son, Luke 15 11-32 The true is the stream flowing from a living fountain

Divinely applied to our heart the Gospel is not only a net but a photoph breaks up the fullow ground, tears up the roots of corruption, and prepares us for receiving the good seed of grice. How proper for its operation, the winter of adversity and spring tide of youth! How necessary that every application be attended with the dawy influence of the Holy Sprint!

The hypocrates repentance is like Jouah's gound, which came up in a night and perished in a night, Jonali 4 10, or a decentful bow. Hos 7 16

Examples of true repentance in rending the heart are met in Manasseh, 2 Chr 33 12-13, Nimeveh, Jonah 3 5-8,

Peter, Nat. 26 75, the thief on the cross Luke 23 40–41, Alab rent his clothes and his heart, I Kings 21, 27–29 Examples of false repentance in Pharnol, Ex. 9 27–34 Saul, I Sun 15 24–30, Judas, Mat. 27 3–5, Jews pricked to the heart, Acts 2 37. The furrow will be crocked if the eye looks back. The plough of repentance bracks the hard stony soil of the heart, kills the wieds, Iuke 9 62

Arab - The fasting of desires after worldly pleasures the best fusing

Afghan -Paradise is a good place, but the getting there is by lacerating the heart.

Arab —It is more useful to fly from yourself than from a lion, Rom 7 24

Arab—The beet part of repentance is little sinning
Turk—Only a fool fills twice into the same hole
Arab—The tears of repentance are cool, and refresh the crea.
Junion—Are there terrs, there is consciouse
Mirichhaldi Natel—

Why show the head and mow the chin Whilst bristling follies choke the breast Apply the knife to parts within, And heed not how deformed the rest The heart of pride and presson weed,

And then the man is pure indeed, Mat 23 25

Resignation

See Joh's case Joh 1 20-22 Moses Fx 3 23-27, Davil, 2 5am 23 25 16 10-12 Jacob, Gen. 43 14 Perman —God rights him that keeps silence.

Talm.d — He sa strong as a leopard, light as an eagle, quick as a goat and brave as a lion to do the will of the leaventh father

which the eastern gardens were planted and cities were erected; and the church of God is called a city, because like a city it is composed of many individuals living together, having the same common privileges, which is refreshed and delighted by this river common to all—it, by the spiritual blessings which God bestows upon it, reguling all its spiritual senses, and supplying all its spiritual need

A flowing river is often spoken of in Scripture, when it is intended to describe the abundance of anything, Job 29 6 "The rock poured me out rivers of oil"-ie, great plents and ahundance of oil, Ps 36 8, "Thou shalt make them drink of the river of thy pleasures," that is, thou shalt make thom partake of that abundant pleasure, delight, and satisfaction which then didst not only enjoy thyself, but bestowest upon thy people In Job 40 23, it is said of the hippopotamus, " Ho drinketh up a river -1c, a great quantity of water 'Thou waterest the earth with the river of God," Ps 65 9, that is, with plentiful showers of rain from the clouds, and " river may denote the constancy and perpetuaty of these pleasures as well as their plenty John 7 38 "He that believeth on me, out of his belly shall flow rivers of living water"-re, he shall be endued with the gifts and graces of the Spuit in a plentiful measure, which shall not only refresh himself, but shall break forth and be communicated to others also for their refreshing In Psalm 46 4. the words mean the gracious presence of God, and the blessings following thence, which shall make Zion, or the Church of God, glad

God is comprised to a place of broad rivers, Is 33 21, by him sunts in their situation and blessings, are adoined and beautified, by him the au—ie, the soul's breathing is rendered pure and wholesome, by him they are completely adjended from every foo, by him they have full access to the profitable commerce of the celestial country, in him how wide their prospect into eternity,

into things in herven and on earth! How inexhaustible his fulness to quench their thirst, to satisfy their desires, refresh their souls, and purge away their filth

A river however large like the Amizon, which is 180 miles wide springs from a small foundain scarcely seen, the the founts of the Ganges at Gangautr, the river of grace rises fir at ay in heaven from the throne of God. A river, not like a tank, has much water constantly flowing, all may come to it Is 5, 1,—it sometimes overflows, so at Pentecost and in the time when God's knowledge shall cover the earth. In its course it is impetuous, earries away impediments, so Paul went on a line carrier away impediments, so Paul went on a line computed to willows by the watercourses. Is 44 4, the banks of Indian rivers are very fertile, its waters are carried to the occan so all grace ends in God, the water is always new and fresh hence grace compared to a tree of life bearing twelve manner of fruits every month.

The river of God's grace differs from earthly rivers in these points—it never dries up, is never frozen up, breeds no nortious animals its channel is not shifted, never middy, cleanses the soul its fountain—the Holy Spirit—is cternal, its waters as clear as crystal, no trail of the serpent, no figers near this river, no gold

alloyed, no blighted flowers

The Sacrifices of the Body and of Praise - Pow 12 1

Paul wished to be delivered from his body of death referring to the custom of fastening a living holy to a dead one until the criminal so fastened died from the stench of the putrefying corpse, and vet this vile body which will be slorified is to be used in Gods service—buth who services to Cod area howher squire "excrimes was the immediate commerce of a creature with its God in which the Lord of all condescen led to receive offirming at our hands. Paul in this view offered his body as a

sacrifice, and he was beheaded 2 Tmr 4 6 We are to offer the meat-offering of charitable distributions, the drink offering of pentent tears, the hen offering of prayer, the peace offering of prayes and the whole burnt-offering of worldly desire. The priests before offering sacrifices must be washed announted and put on white garments, they must have clean hands Is 52 11, so must we spiritually. The sacrifice was not to he offered with strunge fire, Nadub and Abihu were killed for doing so, neither were the blind to be offered Lev 22 22. The sacrifices of the wicked are an abomination Prov 21 27, so Absalom found 2 Sam 15 7–13, Jeroborm in his worship 1 Kings 12 26–33, Jezebel's fast, in order to murder Nabolu 1 Kings 21 9–12, the Pharisee in his prayer, Mat 23 14

Tamul — Flowers beyond reach are sacred to God, those within reach are for themselves

The Troubled Sos of Evil Passion -Is 5" "o

Passions like the sea are generally considered as terrible yet they have their use. Men do not reflect on the wonders and blessings which the sea presents to ns in so visible a manner, it conveys sline cools the air yields plenty of fish supplies water to the clouds and salt , the saltness of the sea is such that a pound of its water contains two ounces of salt. The sea salt appears to be lighter than that which we use in common . yet it is not drawn into the nir by evaporation nor does the salt diminish by the continual pouring in of fresh water from all the rivers flowing into it yet not filling it this siltness is necessary for certain turposes, it prevents the water from corrupting and contributes to make it so heavy that the greatest ships may be trans ported from one place to another The creatures of which the ser is full ought also to excite our wonder and

as five miles

Evil passions life the troubled sea in seven points -

The quiet spirit of a good man is like the clear water of the fountum , but the restless mind of the wicked is like the dirty waves of the sea, when the mire of the bottom is stirred up by their motion. Such were Samson Judg 16 16, Saul, I Sum 16 14 The wicked are devoured by foolish lusts, I Tim, 6 9 Our wicked passions, such as pride wrath and envy, disturb our hearts, like the winds which blow upon the sea and nothing can quiet them but the word and grace of Jesus Christ, who spoke to the riging waves, and commanded them to be still, so can He now command our restless spirits, and restore them to peace, so that there shall be a calm within us

The wicked and their passions are like the sea, (1) a collection of many scalers (the sea in scripture sometimes means numerous armies), so the passions various Jer

- 2 Sometimes roars and swells, the waves rise in great storms 60 feet . such are persecutors swollen with pride. Ps. 6; 7
- 3 Bounds eet by God The sea shut up by doors . intherto shall thou come Job 38 8 God set the sand as the ocean's boundary, Jer 5 22, the clouds as its garment Job 38 o, and darkness as its swaddling hands Job 38 o Still at God's commands so God quiets the wicked. The winds and seas obeyed Jesus Mat. 8 26, so God stilleth the tumult of the people. Ps. 65, Jer 5 22
- 4 Monsters in it, Job 41 31 some are 80 feet in length, so Daniel's four beasts of the sea or monarche Dan 7 3 the Poman beast had great teeth, such was the emperor Nero, who killed his own mother

5 Resiless tides, currents, winds always agitate it

such was Haman against Mordecu-2 e, the sea is always in motion even in a calm, hence the neace of heaven is

represented as there being no more sea, Rev 21 1-1c,

no more trouble The Bible compares the tranquillity of heaven to a sea of glass-ic, still without storms, no separation Mud and dust are cast out, so from the

health or wealth

wicked heart arise envy, makee, and the filthy waves of So men change from restlessness Ahasuerus turns off Vashti his queen, and entertains Esther, a Jewish muden Rouben is unstable as water. Gen 49 4 Pharach now on the throne anon in the bottom of the sea. Hezel unh healthy, now mon hears, set thy house in order for thou shalt die Jerusalem besie ed and freed in one night. In youth we are for pleasure, in manhood for fame in age for riches as if thick clay must be a provision for heaven. There is no construcy in

6 Decertfil, the sea allures IA its columness then heavy storms arise, so the world promises content but that cluster never grow on the world's thorns, it gives an hours pleasure and violent torture Dares dainties now bite like a serpent. Achans wedge of gold purchased the stones that best out his brains Julias s thirts meces bought the halter that hanged him Schem's lust brought the sword upon himself and the city, like a man m the ser with his pockets full of gold, which hastens his drowning I b presented kindness to Amasa, but it is critelty he his ed and killed him 2 Sim 20 Agag is hewn in puces and Je del was caten by dogs like a piece of curron fad begin with milk and butter, but ended with a huminer so Adonyah 1 Kings 1 50 7 The se rater is ensatisfying A Persian proverb He who exets this world's goods is like one who drinks sen water the more he drinks the more he mereases thurst nor dees be care to drink until he dies." We all have to pass over this worldly sea, but we have

the Bible as our chart Christ is the Pilot and the winds from heaven waft us on, hope is our anchor—we can thus escape the hidden rocks and whirlpools which abound in this sea

Tunul -Will the headache be cured by changing the pillow?

Lalita Vistara —Men consumed by desire can gain as little repose as fire can be extracted from ruhbing two pieces of green wood under the water

Mahabharat — Passione, when uncontrolled, are sufficient to destroy a man, as unbroken and unchecked horses can destroy an unskilful charioteer on the road

Telugu — Lake flies that, longing for honey, approach it, enter, are intoxicated, and unable to extreate themselves,—so, plunged in a multitude of passions, a suner perishes without escape

Talmud —Passions are like iron thrown into the furnace, as long as it is in the fire you can make no ressels out of it

Telugu -- If thy heart become calm as the breezeless firmament and the unruffled waveless deep, changeless and unfluctuating—this is denominated freedom

Person -What far need he have of the waves of the sea who has North for his pilot? Nat 8 26

Syriac -Let not your best run in a meadow without a wall-ie, passions without a bridle

Syriac —Be not as water which takes the tint of all colours China —The water that bears the ship is the same that engulfs it

Turk —Trust not the promise of the great, the calm of the sen, the erening twilight, the word of a woman, or the courage of the horse

Afghan —Neither does a liberture's eye rest nor a third's

Afghan — Norther does a libertine's eye rest nor a thief s
hand

Verian — Cupidity makes a man as restless as a dog

Mat 21 5

Bhagaratyilo— has a lump standing in a windless place,
moves not—that is the likiness of the devotee,
whose mind is subdued, who is collected in self-

devotion

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Hebrew -Were there no passions no one would build a house, marry, bring up children, or drive any

Buddhaghosa -No fire like passion, no spark like hatred, no snare like folly , and no tyrant like greed

Bhagaratquta -The heart which follows the dictates of the moving passions, carries away his reason, as the storm the bark in the raging ocean Prov 25 28.

Conseience seared as with a Hot Iron.-1 Tix 4 2

Men's conscience is compared to a candle, Prov 20 27, to lighten us in the darkness of this world, to a judge, John 3, 20, a witness, Rom 9 1, a worm, Mat 10 44

The Telegus, referring to a conscience dead to all moral restraint, say ' it is a tongue without nerves moving all ways' Reason is compared by Plato to a charioteer driving his two horses, concupiscence and anger

Conscience called Gods receptort, named, Luko 11 35, the light within, as a law also enlightens and directs, a blind man sees not evil coming neither do sinners good and evil, life and death Sin blackens and darkens the light of conscience . dirt obstructs the sun's rays . so Day ul's sold was darkened when his eyo was dimined by adultery Nathan awoke him 2 Sam 12 7 Holiness compared to white, shines as crystal, or is transparent, but only when the sun is on it.

Conscience is called by Christ the eye of the soul, which, if single, the body is fall of light, the affections are apt to go to excess, like a balance when one side moves up, and the other moves down so with the flesh and spirit, Gal 5 7, thus-(a) Sensuality blinded Samson and Herod Intemperance others Hos 4 11, fumes of meat and drink obscure the upper regions hence Paul's watching and fasting 2 Cor 11 27, he who comes to make his belly his business will quielly come to lave a conscience of as large a swallow as his threat, loads of ment and drink are fit for none but a beast of buthen to bear, and he is much the greater beats of the two, who comes with his burden in his belly than he who comes with it on his back, Prov. 23. 29, such as are best at the borred are generally usual set at the bool. (c) Coctonsacis burnes the soul underground in darkness, while the body is above it, Deut. 16. 9, 1 Sam. 12. 3, Ecc. 7. 7. (d) Ambition looks high, and giddiness from it misks a must before the eyes. Stain, bke an expert wrestler, usually gives a man a lift before he gives him a throw. Sensualty, covetonsness, pinde are the devil's trident to strike men's least's

The conscience is seared when a man's wounds cease to smart, only because he has lost his feeling, they are nevertheless mortal, he does not see his need of a surgeon, arguitment before tril can be no security in this case Great and strong calms usually portend and go before the most violent storms.

China — A fleshy pupilless eye (a mind with conscience blind)

Trimud —The flesh of the dead feels not the knife—i e, is

Arab —Reckon him with the beasts who does not distinguish good from evil.

Bengal —He hides his head in the bushes—i e, fancying he

China -Talent without virtue like silver without a master

The Seed of God's Word .- LUKE S. 11

The Word of God is compared in Scripture to a Ley to open out the treasures of Drine Wisdom as mill, to nourish the feeble minded, as fire to consume or enliven, and to gold for its value and use here it is compared to a seed on account of its hidden qualities, its power of spreading from a small beganging. There is a tree in New

Zealand 400 feet high and 50 feet in circumference yet this has spring up from a small seed

The Word of God lile seed in seventeen points -

I Seed is small, compared with its future produce, so faith is like a grun of mustard seed or leaven which leaveneth the whole lump, the seeds of faith, in the 11th chapter of Hebrews 31eld plentiful fruit

2 Seed must be sown Industry and forethought are required but bad seed springs up of itself, for God cursed the ground so that it give of itself thorns and thistles The seeds of faith spring up as the gifts of God as the radicle from the kernel, when God sows in the wilderness an oasis springs up

3 A good seed requires good soil The application of the plough is however necessary as weeds grow anywhere . Christ in his partile mentions three soils as unproductive Our heart is the soil and conviction the plough we must be moistened by the tears of godly sorrow saturated by the dews of Gods grace like the 3 000 pucked to the heart who were haptized Acts 2 40 41

A Seed must be buried Some seeds though thrown on the surface however strike their roots deep, and require soil above them Mat 13 6 but in other cases the root and stem soon wither, so Lidias s heart was opened Acis 16 14 believers are rooted and grounded in love Eph 3 18

5 Seed lies for a time in the earth in darlness Sometimes a very short time-so the thicf on the cross Fayptian mummy seel after being buried 3 000 years springs up-so the Produjil son came to himself after he had spent all in riotous living and was feeding swine , so Manasch after many years sought in affliction his fathers God 2 Chron. 33 13 cast thy bread on the waters Leel. 11 1, one soweth another reapetly.

6 Seed once sown makes steady progress. Christ speaks of the Unde, the car and the full corn Wark 4 27 28 grow in grace They shall bring forth fruit in old age Ps 92 14 The righteous shall grow like a cedar of Lebanon Ps 92 12

7 Sed depends on the influence of heary rain, which waters the earth. Light soil, and moisture are necessary, we must wait for the latter run, so Paul plants Apollos waters but God gives the increase 1 Cor 3 6 God will pour floods on the dry ground Is 44 3

8 Seed matured yields a rich return God's word is compared to rain that returns not again Is 55 10 You shall reap if you faint not Gil. 6 9 and have a hundredfold more in this present time Linke 18 30

- 9 Produce is as the seed sown. There is a great variety of seeds but the generic distinction remains as figs come not of thistles. Unit 7 16. He that sows to the flesh reaps corruption Gal. 6.8 he sowing the wind resps the whirlwind. Hos 6.7 Haman sowed pride reaped defeat, so the drunkard Prov. 23.29, so the rich man drowned in destruction 1 Tim. 6.9, so war from list Jas. 4.1
- 10 Water is sequenced, hence the thorny ground allows none, early rain necessary after the seed is sown and the latter rain when the corn is ripe Jer 5 24 so the dews of the Spirit
 - It The scal dies-te the albumen dis olves an emblem of the Resurrection I Cor 15 36
- 12 If sown too deeply no an come. hence ploughing brings the seeds up for malting barley heat mosture and air are necessary, thereby the starch is changed into sugar the seed to sow is reserved from the choicest grain by the husbundman.
 - 13 A shifted sower required Such was Christ
 - 14 Seeds must be covered from the birds Mat 13 4
 15 The sooner the seed is sown the better the crop
 - 16 Diligence needed, winds storm thunder hinder not the sower

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Seed 17 Seeds must be undely scattered, 1 Cor 1 16 must be sent from land to land, and handed down to others, some seed bad some not successful

When the corn is fully ripe it bends down the car, so the believer is to be clothed with humility, I Pet 5 5.

Tamul -Those who are of inferior stature may accomplish creat things

Tamul -The seed of the banyan is small, but the tree affords a large shade

Persian - Vegetables do not grow on a stone, what fault in the rain? Mat 23 37

Tamul -Though it may rain to the end of the world, a broken potsherd will not germinate, Mat 13 5 Afghan -When you fixed your hopes on the soil you lost your seed in it-te, by neglecting to weed and

Self-concert.-Prov -6 1-

Wise in ones own eye, Prov 3 7

reater

Afghan -The for thought his shadow very large-ie, a httle man puffed up

Syriac -If the camel had seen his hunchback he would have fallen and broken his neck

Oriental -When the wolf is alone he is a lion

China - He who cannot sleep finds his bed badly made. Japan -To hale the head but not hade the tail-is, as the ostrich

Selfishness

Afglan -The one was dying and the other was asking his daughter of him

Panjabi -The goat was weeping for his life, the butcher for

Afghan - What does the satisfied man know of the hungry man s state

The Righteous as Sheop -Mar 10 16

The rightcous rescrible sheep in ten points -

1 Cleanliness Not like swine dogs or wolves the righteous come out of the wilderness of sin vet, as subject to filth need washing 1 Cor 6 11 Ps 51 7 hence they love still water Ps 23 2, 2 Sam 24 17

2 Harmless innocent as doves but wise as scripents Mat. 10 16 not crafty as foves or devouring as a hon

1 Cor 14 20

3 Week So Christ was led as a lumb to the slaughter Is 53 7, so Stephen and Job so David Ps 39 9, and Agron when his sons were killed.

4 Proftable, in his by fleece in death by their flesh. So the blood of the martyrs was the seed of the Church, so sunts are lights. Ten sunts would have saved Sodom Gen. 18 32, being dead they jet speal. Heb II 4 so Jacob proved to Toseph and Joseph to Potiphan.

5 Obedient follow the shepherd, the shepherd knows their name, calling them they follow him John 10 4

6 Fielde Gen 33 13 They are apt to go astray I San 17 20 they have many enemies—wolves dogs Rom. 8 36, nourished for slaughter Ps 64 22, subject to many diseases for 7 28

7 Love union Sunts are like David and Jonathan scattered by dogs they soon unit. Acts 4, 23

9 I rec on little often on barren commons so the righteous are content 1 Tim 6 8

9 Necla shepherd Acts 10 , to select pusture 1 Pct 5 1, to select shade Ps. 23 ? sheep may be lost not so believers pigs and eats find out their way not so sheep. When one strays the others follow 2 Sam 20 1, 2 Acts 5 36 37 Sheep may return of themselves the spiritual sheep never.

10 Love green pastures Cant. 1 7

China - A sheep was never known to climb a tree

The Shipwrecked Soul -1 Fix 1 19

The body hrs been comprised to a crisket, the soul to a jewel, in the text the soul is like a ship, launched at birth on the river of life, constructed with great skill, fitted up for a long and dangerous voy igo over the ocean of life, caposed to the storms of templation, the rocks of sim the waves of pression needs a good bottom of faith so nocessary to prevent a leak, the wind of God's Spirit to fill the sails of the affections and the compress of God's word, Christ is the nilot

Turl.—The soul is the ship, reason is the helm, the ears are
the soul's thoughts and truth is the port
Malay—The boat which is swamped at sea may be baled

out, but a shipwreck of the affections is final

Silence -Luke *1 19

Solomon states Where no wood is the fire goeth out, so where there is no talebearer the strife ceases or is silent

Sans/rit -bilence is the ornament of the ignorant

Arab -Silence is the remedy for anger

Syrian -Shut your door and you will not fear an enemy-

* c, silence the remedy against calumny
Sanskrif —By silence there is no quarrel, by yigilance no

fear
Turk — Two ears to one tongue, therefore hear twice as

much as you speak

Modern Greek -The tongue has no bone, yet it breaks

bones

Arab —Silence is the sweet medicine of the heart. Ps

Sanskrit —Where frogs are the croakers, there allence is

becoming
Turk —A great river makes no noise

Avyar —Do not come near one in a passion

Estionian — Time besis wounds

Aryor -A calumnious mouth is a fire in a wind

Death a Sleep to the Righteous-Joux 11 11.

Sleep called death's brother Death is a departure, Phil I 23, from a wilderness to the promised land, the wicked are driven away, Prov. 14 32 Sleep in death is applied in Scripture only to the nghteous, as to Lazarus, Solomon Hezekuh, Jehoshaphat, Stephen.

Death is like natural sleep in four points -

(1) Calm in its commencement, people know not when they are dropping off to sleep. We gradually become insensible to outward things, such was Moses' death. (2) Rest from labour, hito is warfare, death is peace, the slive hears not the voice of the oppressor, Job 3 18 (3) Anakening to vigour after sleep, Is 26 19, Israia calls the grave a bed. (4) Mind active even in dreams.

Conscience Asleep -Erm ; 14.

An impenitent sunner is said both to be "asleep" and also to be 'dead". He is 'diad," because his soul is destitute of spiritual life, as, however, it has a capacity for receiving spiritual life, he is compared also to one who is 'asleep," but who can winke again.

A man who is burned in sleep is unconscious of all that is going on around lim. His mind is entertained, indeed, with dreams, which for the time he takes for realities while the real and important business of life is totally unliceded and neglected by him. Matters which affect his interest, or even his life, may be transacted around him he is dreaming on, and when he awakes he will find how material it would have been to him to have resisted the drowsiness in which his families for the time were lost. The building may be in thance or the three may have broken through the house, I at the owner sleeps on in total ignorance of his danger or his loss until it is too late to escare the one, or to prevent the other. The slay was on

the point of being engulfed in the raging waves, when Jonah was fast asleen!

In sleeping we are disturbed by vain hopes and fears, on awakening they are all gone, Job 20 8 In dreams we run away when there is no danger, and are delighted with that which is nothing but a slendow. We think we are flying through the air, while we are niotonless in our bed, we think we have found great treasures, but we awake and are as poor as ever. Of that which is real we have no knowledge, while our mind is thus filled with shadows but perhaps we dream that we are sating on the water, while the chamber in which we sleep his taken fire, and we know it not till the flames reach our body and awaken us, then we start up but it is too late to escape.

Shanta Shata -The careless sinner is n moth, unaware of approaching evil, hovering over a lighted lamp until consumed by it or a fish falling into the hands of the angler

Telugu — What matters it whether we drink milk in a dream out of bell metal or gold! Is, 14, 20

Arab -To sleep on the mountain peaks

Malay —To fight in a dream—1 e, labour in vain

Alalay —To fight in a dream—ie, labour in vain Tamul —The wealth seen in a dream, the water observed in

I mirage

Veman —They live like a silkworm in a cocoon, seemingly

secure, but in reality helpless Prov 7 22

Mahabharat — Securg thy spirit abides like a bird in a body,
which resembles mere form, why sleepest thou in
this dear abode, which is so transitory?

The Smoke of God's Anger -Is 6, 2-5

Nothing is more offensive to the nostrils than smoke, Prov 10 20 The oxpression There went up a smoke out of his nostrils signifies God's wrath against those who did what was offensive to him When Sodom and Gomornali were destroyed by brimstone and lighting a dense smoke wrose from the rums indicating the terrible fire that was there Gen 19 28, so God is said to be to the wicked a consuming fire, Heb. 12 29, as fire he appeared in the burning Lush, Ex 3 2, on Sinn Ex 19 18 to Isaiah 6 4 Ezekiel 1 4 John Rev 1 14 and as a flaming fire will be appear at the Judgment Day, 2 Tim 1 S, then all will be confusion as when fire breaks out Rev 6 10, it will be sudden like at Belshazzar's feast. Dan 5 5 it will destroy everything, while the wicked will be only stubble Nah I 10 the righteous will be as the burning bush on which fire had no effect Ex 3 2 God's anger is described in Job 37th chapter

Smoke quickly disappears not so the smoke of God's anger, Per 14 11 In Per 9 2 the smoke which rose from the bottomless out refers to gross errors which darken the understanding

The Righteous a Soldier - Tru. . . 4.

A soldier is one employed in military affairs bearing arms under military command Mat 8 o Every true believer is a soldier to fight the good fight of faith against the world the flesh and the devil Is 51 o Col. 2 15 2 Tun 4 7

The rull tears is like a soldier in twelve points

- I Under a captain Christ is the Captain of our salvation Hel 2 10, there is a covenant in Laptism.
- 2 Leaves all otler worldly affairs 2 Tim 2 4 righteous forsake all as did the apostles their heart was set on things above they minded not the things of the flesh Lom S , they were crucified with Christ Col. 3 1-10 a punful separation from the world like crucily III_
- 3 W7 cu culisted is armed so the believer his armour Lph. 6 10 12 but only one offensive weapon the sword. A Unform vorn to distinguish him so the garment of

love and humility I let 5 5

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- 5 Clad at the King's expense The believer's white rannent, an emblem of purity, was purchased with Christ's blood, Rev 7 14
- 6 Enemies fixed for him The world, the flesh, and the devil. Paul writes, that the believer is more than a conqueror, Rom 8 37
- 7 Obedience in everything, Mat 8 9, so Paul, Acts 26 19
 - 8 Order and discipline, I Cor 14 33
- a Acquainted with devices of the enemy, wise as serpents, 2 Cor 2 11
- 10 Courage necessary, no turning back, Heb 11 38,
- the cause good, Is 41 10, a good conscience, I Pet 3 16, sure of victory, Rev 12, 11
- 11 Endures hardships, Mat 10, 22, Heb 11 38, David watered his couch with his tears
- 12 The rightcour soldier is sure of victory, more than conqueror, Rom 8 37

Tamul -Of what use is a moustache to a sneaking soldier? China -To hide the head and leave the back exposed, Eph 6 13

Breton -A cat in gloves is no use to catch mice Telugu -Even a sheep will bite a man without a stick Tamul -Those who regard relationship are not fit for

military service, 2 Tim 2 4 Thmul -The handle of the axe is the enemy of its kind

China - Armies are kept 1,000 days to be used on one Aits Shatak - Fortune conquers the wise no more than a straw, the elephant, whose cheeks are streaked with the marks of passion, is not fastened by the

filaments of the lotus

The Righteous shall shine as the Stars -- Dan 12 3

The bodies of the righteous after the resurrection will le bright and dazzling like Christ's body on the mount of transfiguration Mat. 17 1, Paul, on his way to Dampscus, saw a light brighter than the sun, the effulgence of which blinded him for three days, Acts 11.

The righteons will be like the stars in five points -

(1) A great ornament to the Heavens, (2) they differ in brightness, I Cor 15 40, (3) guide manners on the ocean and travellers at might, so behavers on the dark ocean of life, (4) though distant, they exercise an influence, as a cloud of witnesses, Heb 12 1, but many do not as there are stars so far from this world that their light has not reached the earth from the time of Adam's creation, though trivelling like the sun's light at the rate of 12,000 000 miles in a minute, many of them are bigger than the earth though they seem so small, and are so remote that a cannon ball would take 700,000 years to reach the nearest of them, (5) their number is immense, the redeemed in Heaven are a great multitude which no man can number

Tanul -Though astrological calculations prove false, the stars will not

The Rich are only Stewards -1 Con. 4. 2

Parable of the Steward -Luke 19 11-27

In this place, is in many others, God compares himself to a master, and we are placed on earth not to do our own will, but the will of him who placed us here, we have nothing which is properly our own but what ever we seem to have is entrusted to us by another who has left us in charge for a season and will call us to recount when he shill return Luke 16. We are not our own but are bought with a price, and it is thanfort our great duty to glorify God in our body and in our spirit which are his 1 Cor 6 20.

The various faculties of our soul and body the opportunities afforded by having our days lengthened, the gifts of station, education, friends, and worldly

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substance, the knowledge of religious truth and all the means of grace, the various occasions for doing or receiving good, these and numberless advantages and blessings, which are daily and hourly extended to us, must all be accounted for

The rich are stewards braing a great master, the King of Herven, a great charge, their souls, and much entrusted to them, they must improve their property (see parable of the Talents, of the Perren In Tree, and of the Rich I col who thought he was absolute proprietor, hence Christ and it was easier for a camel to go through a needle's eve thin for those trusting in niches to enter heaven-ic, an impossibility in human sight-as the Bengalis sal-"A horses eggs, or putting an elephant into a narrow

".detb Tamul -Money is a man stealer

Thimud -Riches without wisdom is food without salt China - I ortune is the good man's prize, but the bad man's brue Tirarellarar -- When the good man gets riches it is like

fruit falling in the midst of a village-ie, all partake of it

Canara - The riches of the good are like water turned off

into a rice field Prov 19 17 and 11 25
China — Wealth among men is like dew among plants,

Foam on the waves as the fame which earth grants

Raghuransa -The good, like clouds, receive only to give

Sanskrit -The rivers themselves drink not their water. nor do the trees eat their own sweet fruit clouds eat not the crops, the riches of the good are employed for the benefit of others

China - Wealth is but dung-ie, useful only in being soread

*holds for protection. Oude, in the days of the king, had many of these.

Faith is life a stronghold in three points -

(1) Built on a rock to prevent its being undermined, such were the fortresses of Gwalior, Chunar, Dowlatabad, the believer dwells in the minition of rocks, Is 33 16, Christ is the rock of ages 1 Cor 10 4 (2) Strongly defended, yet Babylon, with its walls 300 feet high and gates of brass, was taken. Tyre like Calcutta, a great trading-place, is now only a rock for fishermen to dry their nets, though it was once a stronghold. Jerusalem had three walls round it, yet it was ploughed up , not so the heavenly Jerusalem, God is to it a wall of fire Fully supplied with provisions and arms, not like Jerusalem where the women eat their own children, or Carthage where the women cut off their hair to make how-strings, in the behever's weakness is God's strength made perfect, 2 Cor 12 9 Ehjah was surrounded by a strong army, but he saw the mountain full of Angels under the form of horses and characts of fire, 2 Kings 6 17

Arab —The strength of the heart is from the soundness of the fath. Mat 17 20, Heb 11 33-38

The Death of the Righteens an unsetting Sun. I. 60 19, 20

The righteous dying sets like the sun in one part of creation, but it is only to use and glowing clouds and a clear blue sky in another region, but even when setting his light lingers, and the western clouds are bright with his beams. The heat of the day has gone, and man ceases from labour. Even the twinight is beantful—at eventude it shall be light, Zech 14 7. The Hindu writings state that old 2g "is fike a dired up stream, fallen as a tree levelled by thunder, dreaded as a house in ruin, it takes away vigour, as if a man were placed in a marsh." Ver different is the English provetb. "Nothing old but shoes

and hats" Solomon compares the path of the just to the light shining more and more to the perfect day, though the morning might be cloudy and stormy, such as was that of Samcon's, Luke 2 28-32, Peter's, 2 Pet. 1, 3, 11-16, they were not like the wicked, driven away in his wickedness

As the Aloe is green and well liking, till the last best summer of its age,

And then langeth out its golden bells to mingle glory with corruption.

As the Meteor travelleth in splendour, but bursteth in dazrling heht.

Such is the end of the rightcous, their death is the sun at its setting

Modern Greek -The more a good tree grows the more shade docs it afford

Japan -The beart is the same at sixty as at three China -By length of journey he knew the horse's strength So length of days shows a man's heart

Earthen Vessels held the Soul's Treasures 2 COR 4 7

The body is compared to an earthen vessel as being brittle, leaky mean of little value. The unsearchable riches of Christ are the souls treasures

Rengal -In a coarse torn bag to put fine rice

Arab -Good honey in a dirty vessel

Arab -Though the bow be crooked the arrow reaches its mark Persian -The ignorant is in the midst of riches like an earthen vessel covered with gold, the learned

man in the midst of poverty like a precious stone encased in a vile metal

Veman - When one has learned to speak prudently, why should we think of his youth or age? May not a lamp burn bright though held in the hand of an infant?

Badaga -So busy in saving a grain of salt he lost the salt vessel

Tamul -The vessel may be crooked what matters it if bakes the bread?

Persian —The diamond fallen into the dunghill is not the less precious. The dust which the wind raises to the *kr is not the less vile.

Christ the Lily among Thorns -Cant 2 2

The wicked compared to thorns in nine points -

- 1 Little use or value except for hedges or fuel Prov 10 20, so Antiochus Dan 11 a1, men gather not grapes from thorns, Mat. 7 16
- 2 Change not tlear nature the same in the garden as in the jungle so Pharaoh was not changed by mirroles nor Saul by being made king so Jeroboam worshipped a call notwithstanding God's promises
- 3 Encumber the carth, draw away its moisture so the Cananites 'um 33 55, Josh 23 13, Abinnelech called the bramble was made king killed his eventy brethren, plagued the Shechemites Judges 9 1, so the barren fig tree Luke 13 7, when the wicked perish there is shouting Prov 11 10
- 4 Low things, mount not as the cedar, they over run fields
- 5 Annoy by their pricting, so the Canaanites were thoms in the Jews sides Num. 33 55 Josh 23 13, so the Samaritans to the Jews Neh. 6 6, seeding at the Jewish sabbaths and sacrifices Neh 4 2 3, so the priests threatened the apostles Acts 4 17, so Saul breathed out slaughter Acts 9 1, Christ was called a wine bibber a Sumantan or devil, Pull was called a pertilent fellow Acts 24 5 Abrab said to Elijah Are thou the troubler of Israel? I kings 18 17, Lots righteous soul was vexed in Sodon 2 Pet. 2 7 8, Dellah vexed Samson Judges 16 16
 - C Civ. withful in rathing among them otherwise one gets entangled and serutched, Christ warned us to be vise as serpents Mat. 10 16 Paul was scratched by the Iews who were thoms, thoms hindered the growth of good seed, Mat. 13 7

and hats' Solomon compares the path of the just to the light shang, more and more to the perfect day, though the morning night be cloudy and storms, such as was that of Sumcon's, Luke 2 28-32, Peter's, 2 Pet 1 3, 11-16, they were not like the wicked driven away in his wickedness

As the Alor is green and well liking, till the last best summer of its age,

And then hangeth out its golden bells to mingle glory with corruption,

As the Meteor travelleth in splendour, but bursteth in dazzling light,

Such is the end of the righteous, their death is the sun at its setting

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- 7 Sometimes useful as hedges, so the earth helped the woman, Rev 12 16
 - 8 Hard and knotty, 2 Sam 23 6
- 9 Then as thrown unto the fire, Is. 10 17, Ps 9 17, Is 30 33. so Saul and his family, the Jews

Telugu —A juckal's rage—i.e., a contemptible thing

Italian —A thorn is smill, but he who has felt it does not
forget it

Treasures laid up in Hesven -- Mar 6 20

Veman observes "If you consider your possessions as your own fools alone will agree with you, that alone is yours which you have bestowed on others"

Earthly treasures can be destroyed by fire, floods, the Hindus could be secured against Mahrattas and theores, white ants, rust Job 20 5-29 No treasures of Moguls The earth itself, with its treasures is kept in store resorved unto fire 2 Pet 3 7, Solomon calls ill got notes treasures of wickedness, Prov 10 2, as Rehobourn found so did Nebuchadnezzar, Dan 4 31

See the parable of the hid treasure, Mat 13 44, and of the rich fool

Telugu — Worldly possessions are like a drop of water on a lotus leaf

Death's Shadowy Valley-Ps 23. 4

Life is a journey through a waste howling wilderness, the dark valley of the mountain of death forms its close, bounded by the river of death

Death is life some ralleys in scren points -

1 Dark, the sunbeams enter not, so no natural light illumines the graves path, it is like a dark tunnel. The apostles feared when they entered the cloud, Mat. 17 5 Sutan wraps the valley often in clouds of doubt and dark.

- * ness-a darkness that may be felt, so the Jews, when entering the dark cleft of the Red Ser, found it "a land of darkness," Job 18 5-21, the righteous in death, however, have no sting, I Cor 15 57, the Sun of Righteousness illumines the gloom
 - 2 Lonely, mountain passes are solitary-ill pass through this, but none meet even though they die together Angels, however, are present, but as a matter of faith more than of consciousness Jacob said of the desert, 'How dreadful is this place? Gen. 28 17 Moses, entering the cloud, exclumed, "I exceedingly quake, Heb 12 21 The Jews crossed the Red Sea at night when quite dark
 - 3 Sometimes Painful, thorns, stones, and hners abound, so death is the wrenching of soul and body, even Christ prayed that the cup might pass from him, Mat. 26 39
 - 4 Dangerous , robbers, wild beasts in the dark possess the valley , the domain of death, the king of terrors Some have passed through this valley amid showers of stones, others wrapped in flames, others knee deep in blood,
 - 5 Leads to a strange land Separates temporal and seen from eternal things, no correspondence with friends, in a moment millions of miles distant from earth
 - 6 A route never retraced, the great gulf between . this tree sprouts not again, Job 14 7, no work, no device in the grave Ecc 9 10
 - 7 Has two terminations, the gate of life, the gate of death the land of rest, and that where the worm never dies, like Pharach's butler and baker, who looked forward to the third day, but with very different feelings Gen 40

All have to pass this valley, it is the house appointed for all living Job 30 23, the righteous walk in the valley implying calmness Prov 14 32, as to them the shadow of death is like the shadow of a sword harmless Death is even counted a treasure Phil. 1 21

Tamul -Is it kind to abandon one in the middle of a river?

Tamul -I rest my foot on a branch breaking, and my hand on one about to break

The Spiritual Warfare -2 Con. 10 3

Lafe is compared in the Bable to a dream, an eagle hastening to its prey, a band breadth, a swift ship, a tale told, in the text to a war. The Nite Shatal states "time no more conquers the wise than a straw the elephant, he, whose cheeks are streaked with the marks of passion, is not fastened by the filaments of the lotus"

What a strange thing is war, yet it is everywhere, and vilo as it is and very destructive to life and comfort, we ourselves are engaged in it, whether we will or not, there is war in the natural creation, the hawk is always in arms for the seizing of his prey, the tiger and the wolf are at war with cattle, birds and beasts are persecuting one another, and the innocent birds are destroyed by the cruel and rapacious Even in seas and rivers, there are sharks, alligators, and pike which devour other kinds. Among mankind, nation rises in arms against nation, and kingdoms are divided against themselves The invisible world is also at war, there was var in heaten Rev 12 7, when Satan and millions of Angels rose in rebellion against God, prompted by pride and ealousy God himself has his enemies among Angels that excel in strength, principalities and powers are confederate against all the great and merciful designs of heaven, and the war, which they began there, is carried on upon earth against us (men) and our salvation. We are therefore, born to a state of war, and are accordingly enlisted as soldiers at our haptism under Jesus Christ the captain of our saliation, under whose bauner we are to fight against His and our enemies. Our Christian profession is called a fight of faith, I Tim. 6 12, because it is subject to all the dangers, losses fears, and miscarriages of war, and the same rules are to be observed,

184 EASTERN PROVERBS AND EMBLEMS

In war soldiers must submit to hardships from want of clothes houses food, sleep, but they look forward with poy to the expiry of their time of enlistment, Job 7 2 So believers wish like the dove to fice away and be at peace, Ps 55 6

Malabar - We lie straight only in our coffin, Rom 1 24 Wrdn -A snake in the sleeve

Arab -The best fighting is against yourself

Bhagaratata -The soul floats like the lotus on the lale.

unmoved, unruffled by the tide, Acts 20 24, 16 25 Bengal -The crocodile in the water and the tiger on shore.

both strive to break my neck

Telugu -Ial e fish going against the stream Basque -The wolf and the dog agree at the expense of the

goat which they eat together Turk -The world is a mill sometimes it grands flour, one

day it will grind us

The Righteous are Watchmon-Mar 26 42, 43

The Shanti Shatal compares man to "one in a ferryboat crossing the whirling gulf of this world, which ho must do with watchindness so as not to be drowned in the abyss David says his soul watched for the Lord more than they that wait for the dawn, Ps. 130 6, an allusion to the watchmen on the city wall or the watchers of the temple who passed the might there in devotional exercises anxious to catch the first beams of the morning sun on the hallowed day of atonement.

Watchmen were set on lu_h towers to give notice of fire or the invasion of an enemy's approach hence called seers I Sam 9 9, Is 21 11, watchman what of the night Is 21 11, the night is far spent Rom 13 12

The righteous are watchmen in seven points -

I Must have sharp eyes to be overseers, see to a distance, Lr 33 6, if the blind lead the blind both fall into the ditch, Mat. 15 14

- 2 Must be actue, not drowsy, look for the morning. Ps. 130 6, otherwise wolves come in, Acts 20 29, while men slept the enemy sowed tares, Mat 13 25
- 3 Must endure hardship, the heat of the day, cold of night, sentinels are out in all weathers, so Paul, 2 Cor 11 23-30, the Apostles were best, Acts 16 22.
- 4 Consult not their own interest, Paul sought not theirs but them, 2 Cor 12 14, Is 58 1
- 5 Charged with the care of others, Heb 13 17,
- death the punishment of sleeping on their post 6 Appointed to the duty, Ez. 33 7
- 7 Prevent evils of fire by forewarning, so angels were

watchmen to Lot in Sodom, Gen 19

Angels called watchers, Dan 4 17, hence represented full of eyes, Ez. 1 18, said to have wings to move about, Zech 1 11, 1 Kings 22 19, 2 kings 6 17, gave warning to Lot, observant All men have to set a watch on the door of their lips Ps 141 3

- Malaj -The crow knows the instant we look at it, and the buson will perceive the approach of the hunter
- Kurd -Think of the wolf, but keep a rod in readiness for
- Basques When you have the wolf in your company, you
- ought to have the dog at your side Modern Greek -When the fox 13 hungry he pretends that
- he is asleep-se, in order to catch the chickens Arab -" The mouse fell from the roof Take some refreshment," said the cat "Stand thou off," was the reply-2 e, trust not an enemy
 - Arab -- They trusted the key of the pigeon house to the eat.

Welsh -The fence of a bad farmer is full of gaps Tamul - Lake a cat on a wall watching his position. Bengal -The fowl knows the serpent's sneezing

Talmud - Repent a day before your death
Afghan - Though the cock crows not, merning will come
Servian - When you go as a guest to the wolf, see that

you have a bound with you

Russian -Thieves are not abroad every night, yet every night make fast

Turk .- The day dawns late in the house where the cocks are numerous

Menu - Women, if confined at home by fithful guardians. are not really guarded; but those women, who guard themselves by their own will, are well guarded

Turk -He is a fool who falls twice into the same hole What six proverbs illustrate the need of watchfulness?

The Waterer Watered or Fatness for the Tabers! PROV 11 25.

Liberality is called a sowing 2 Cor 9 6, a lending. Prov 19 7 Abraham was no loser by his liberality to Lot Gen 13 9 14, 15), nor by his hospitality to the three men Gen 13 2) He thereby enterinned angola unawares, in the care he took of the religious instruction of his servants, he was rewarded by their fidelity to him, as appears from the conduct of his eldest servant. Gen The widow's oil increased not in the vessel but by pouring it out, 2 Kings 4 1, 7 The barley bread in the Gospel multiplied by breaking and distributing it, the grain brings increase not by the lying in a heap in the garner but by scattering it upon the land, so with the graces of faith, hope, and love, the talent gathereth nothing in the napkin but canker and rust.

China -As the rivers pour their waters back again into the sea, so what a man has lent as returned to him acam

Arab -The garment in which you clothe another will last longer than that in which you clothe yourself

Bengal - A giver is like a cocoa-nut, hard without, good within , a miser is like a bambu, hard without, but bollow within

Persian -A closed fist (miser) is the lock of heaven , an open hand (liberal) is the key of murcy

Arab —A rich miser is a summer cloud without rain.

Arab —Spend that which will not remain with you, pur-

Arab—Spend that which will remain

Arab—Purchase the next world with this, so shalt thou

gain both China -Wealth is but manure-ic, useful only in being

China — Wealth is but manure—18, useful only in being spread
Telugu — Doing with this hand, receiving the reward with

Turk — You will not carry nway with you but those things

Turk —You will not carry away with you but those things which you have given Turk —Who gives alms sows one and reaps one thousand

Thn Wedding Garment, or Meetness for Heaven
Mar 18 3

Urdu -The deaf man is fit for heaven-ie, he hears no

cvil
Russian — The cat wishes for fish, but fears the water

Telugu — If you put a crow in a cago will it talk like a parrot?

Tamul —Though the little bird soarlingh, will it become a kite?
Talriud —This world is the antechamber of the next, a
preparation before entering the palace

Afghan —Asses cannot be tethered in herven—i e, though there be room, it is only for men

Telegu - They scated the dog in the palankin, on seeing filth it jumped down and ran after it

China - The pig who has been fid on dirt nauscates rico boiled in milk

Veman — I thef, if he goes to a holy place, will only pick the pockets of the comers, he has no lessure to draw near and bow to the Good. If a dog enters a house, will he tend the hearth? 2 Peter 2 22

Perman -The ass of Jesus does not go to Mecca.

The Wilderness World -- Cart & .

The Shanti Shat il states our mortal bodies are hable to decay-our curthly friends are like passengers on a

[&]quot; The Gerosons say Many will awallow an egg and give away the shell in alms

journey whom we meet casually and from whom we soon separate." In the wilderness the snn smites by day and the cold by might, serpents infest the rocks, while sand storms often overwhelm the traveller, or the smoom destroys thousands of men and camels, some-times they pensh by thirst, like this is the world which Solomon, the wisest and richest of men, called vanity of vanities. Ecc 1 2, and Paul called dross and dung, Phil 3 8 Man is born to trouble as the sparks that fly upwards, Job 5 6 People hasten through a desert looking for rest at the end, Heb 4 1, like Lot, they must not linger in Sodom, all creation is grouning under the curse. Rom 8 22

In reading of the journey of the Hebrews from Egypt of our own life, and of all the trials we are to undergo in our progress through this world to the kingdom of heaven. The Jews journey began with baptism in the Red Sea, a deliverance from Pharnoh and his host, so our baptism, with which our Christian life begins, is an e-cape from the Spiritual Pharnob As they were supported by manna, and the waters of the rock, so must we live by bread from heaven, and our thirst must be satisfied by the waters of life. The end of this our pulgrimage upon entile is the prosession of the heavenly land, which God hath promised to us, but in the way to it, we must undergo trials and temptations of every sort, and die in this wilderness, as Moses and his people did, before we can obtain it. As they proceeded by encampments and wandered many years in the wilderness, so is our life a pilgrimage, and their example assures us that we have here no abiding place, no fixed habitation, like them we have the pillur of cloud by day and of fire by might

The world a wilderness in fifteen points -

1 A waste wild place, little planting, so the earth in si iritual matters.

- 2 Abounds in thorns, the wicked are briars destined to be hurnt, Heb 6 3
- 3 Dangerous, wild beasts numerous, the wicked are compared to wolves, bears, hous, dogs, Dent S 15; Jer. 26, Mat 12 43, hence is God a wall of fire to keep off beasts, Zech 25, thieres abound, Acts 21 38, Job was robbed in Arabia, people travel in caravans composed of persons of different countries, this keeps off
- robbers, so is the communion of saints necessary

 4. No path, hable to wander, hence a guide necessary
- through the sands, Is 35 8 Lonely
- 5 Storms frequent, the simoom buries thousands of men and animals So pussions
- 6 The sand as burning, the sky is as brass, water and shade wanting
- 7 Though barren, cases are found—1 c, cultivated spots for a short rest, so for the Christian are ordinances
- 8 Foggy and musty, so Satan ruses heresies to hide sin (misleads travellers)
 - 9 Food little, so the husks of this world, Luke 15
- 12 Lightly equipped to travel easier, Heb 12 1, the coverous man loads himself with thick clay, Hab 2 6
- 13 A varied route—mud, good rouds, desert, green fields, slough of despond, valley of humiliation, incuntains of opposition, the rock of ages
 - 14 A strange country passed through, Heb 11 13, Ps 39 12, stay only a day or two in each place Heb 13 14
- 15 Congenial companions and fellow-travellers divide griefs and double joys, Ps 119 74, Ecc 4 9-10, relieve the tedium of the way
 - Turk —A traveller amid the discomforts of a bad khan (unn), reflects he has only to pass the night there.

China -To meet an old friend in a distant country is like the delight of ram after a long drought

Afghan -The world is a triveller's serai (inn)

Tumul - Conversation on a journey is equal to a convey-

Turk -Though the ars goes to Mecer he becomes not a pilgrim for this

Ramayane - Is two logs of wood meet on the wide ocean and soon part, so wives relatives, riches, having come into contact with men, hasten away again

The Wicked are Wolves and Locusts -- MAT 10 16

Stephen, surrounded by the fierce Council when they mashed upon him with their teeth stopped their cars and ran upon him with one accord although they had just before seen his face as though it had been the face of an angel. Acts 7 57. Stephen was like him who is brought as a lamb to the slaughter and as a sheep before her shearers is dumb, so he opened not his mouth

Wolves are fieree and cowardly, they often carry off children and devour them, they love to hunt in packs, are particularly fierce against sheep fond of darkness, hence bad judges were compared to evening wolves, Zeph 3 3 The wicked are also called slaves of sin,

John 8 34 dry bones, Ez 37 3 The wicked are compared to locusts, Pov 9 3 as being cunning Prov 30 24-27 voracious rapid in move-

ment carried about by every wind, very numerous

Modern Greek -Nourish a wolf in winter that he might devour you in summer

The Words of the Wise Goads and Nails -- Ecc 12 to 11

As the elephant when sluggish and disobedient must be quickened and corrected by the goad which has a stinging correctly aiming and deeply penetrating effect, so does our sleeping conscience need the continual pricks and admonitions of a faithful expounder of Scripture, both for correction and instruction in righteoisnes, 2 Tim 3 16 And as it is the use of "nuls" to fasten what is loose, or what would otherwise drop to pieces, so the exhortation of a wise preacher should fix in our treacherous memory what we might otherwise "let shy"

God's word is compared to a hammer breaking the rock in pieces, but the hand of God is required, according to the strength and skill of the holder is the blow, this hammer fastens the mils of conscience and of promise, it

pierces even a stone

Tit words are apples of gold in pictures of silver, Prov 25 11, this is a definition of a parible or a proverb which sets off gane sentiments by elegant language, as the appearance or imitation of finely coloured fruit is improved by its sluning as through a real, through the network of a where vessel finely carved, or like oranges in baskets of silver. The beauty of truth is heightened by the val of imagery. Christ without a parable, spoke not unto the people.

Arab -Proverbs are the lamps to words

Persian —A word and a stone thrown away do not return
Persian —Great talkers are like broken pitchers, everything
runs out of them

Tunul -The force of an elephant is subdued by a good

Thmul—An elephant requires a goad, and boiled rice a cbilli (a spice)

Hebrew —What flowers are to gardens, spices to food, gems to a garment, and stars to heaven, such are proverbs interwoven in speech

Sinskrit — Chewing the chewed—se, repeating idle words
China — Good words are a string of pearls

Telugu —Sweet as a cuckoo warbling in a garden are the charming words of the wise, but the words of sinners are vite as the cawing of a crow

Arab -Truth is a cutting sword

PART III

Who is the Alter for Believers 9—Hrs. 13-10 Christ's sacrifice lil e an altar in six points 1 All oven the most polluted might approach it Christ was also the prazen sergent on high John 3 14 (2) United was about the process a place of refuse for the guilt).

Its horas or four corners a place of refuse for the guilt. ats norms or four corners a pince of riphys for one gunty,

1 Kings 2 2 8 (3) The altar the only place for sacrafice 1 Junes 2 20 (3) the mar the only price for sacrification of through Christ's mediation. so prayer can be overed only through thrists mediation.

Heb 9 28, (4) The thecase for it was beaten and He0 9 28, (4) the thecase for 16 was beauti mind. prepared so projers must be from an humble spirit, no strange incense allowed to be offered, incense to be and evening so special prayer then, offered morning and evening so special prayer then, ouersu morning and ovening an opening from 50 (5) The altar was sprinkled with blood once a year so (5) The altar was sprinkled with blood once a year sprinkled with the year sprinkled with the year sprinkled with the year sprin

(3) ADE BUILT WIS SPEEDERS WHEN SHEETS PROCESSORY to Lindle Christ was necessary to Lindle the moonse on it so the Holy Spirits influence is requisite

Who has the Everlasting Arms?-Derr 35 7

God's strength 13 denoted by his arms A stretched arm autrique (10 111111 ver 17) man man s strength ont am attribute to Him Jer 27 5 in labour and fighting is shown by it Ex 15 16, so is the power of God to protect as from three enemies, the the house or own to proceed as trough these encures the poly then the gran and the govern's strib ab their slockes and make their arms ready for service.

* 2. Holds things; so God led the Jews through, the wilderness by his glorious arm, Is 63 12

3 Sign of lore, young lambs carried in arms, Is 40 11, outstretched by father to call back his child. Thus Inban embraced Jacob, Gen. 29 13, and on meeting them Jacob embraced Joseph's sons, Gen. 48 10, so Esau embraced Jacob at meeting, Gen. 33 4

4 Sign of strength, so Sampson broke with his arm the cords like flax, and slew many men with the pawbone of an ass, Judg 15 15, and overthrew the house of the Philistines, so God's arm brought salvation, Is 63 12

Maa's arm is of flesh, and cursed is he that makes flesh his arm, Jer 17 5, God's of spirit, Job 11 9, man's arm short, God's long, Jer 60 1, man's arm for a time, God's always, no king saved by the multitude of an host, I's 33 16

Persian -God, who gives teeth, also gives bread Is 49

15

Bengal—If a man's destray be crocked, even in a juagle of dark grass, a tiger attacks him

China—To catch a man with his teeth

Alababhera—Long are the arms of a clever man

What Bags wax not Old?-Luce 12 33.

Men count up their money, put it into bags, seal them up that they may be safe, and reserved for a long time

God seals up the sms of his people in His bog, Job 14 17, thus Israel's defection was remembered after 300 years, Po 25 7, his bones are full of the sins of his youth, Job 20 11, Sail was dead, but his sin was alive, there was a triennial famine on account of Saul having slain the Glebountes God brought the sin of Joseph's brethren, committed twenty years before to their mind, Gen. 42 21, old sins will be old serpents, and sting unto death, Num. 32 23

Canarese -Alms are food prepared for a journey, Rev .

Rabbinical —The pious need no memorial, their deeds are their memorial

How Born again ?-Jony 3 3

A Brahmin is called dvya twice born—ac first by nature and second by dedication to his religion. A Christian is twice born in regeneration, which is compared to an old tree grafted, through which its nature is changed and improved and the old stock is made to bear good fruit. A child when new born is a perfect man as to limbs, though not yet at their full growth and size, similar is God's grace in the new birth. Christ, in his conversation with Nicodemus showed the need of the new birth.

The new birth of a Christian is expressed by the emblems of a resurrection Col 3 i, a transformation Rom. 12 2, having a heart of flesh, Lz. 36 26, a new creation, 2 Cor 5 17, putting off the old man Eph. 4-22, netal figures cast in a mould Rom 4 17, adoption, Rom 8 15

Believers are called by the world its offscouring but by God His jewels yet though by nature children of wrath, by the new birth they become sons of God, like the angels they have access to their Father Rom 8 14, their petitions are beard, Mat. 7 7-11 and they become heirs of God 4 7

Sakontala — How could a mortal to such charms give birth?

The lightning s radiance flashes not from earth

African — The daughter of a crab does not give birth to a
hird

Who is the Bread of Heaven?-John 6 51

Man has a soul as well as a body and as the body cannot live without food so neither can the soul. The soul can never die like the body, the death of the soul is when it has no life to love and serve God, like a dead body it can serve no one, is displessing to God, as a dead hody is offi.nsive to us Our Lord Jesus is called "hread" because all our spiritual life must come from him. Bread, to do us good must he eaten, and, by futh, we feed on Jesus Christ. Futh, then, is the mouth of the soul, or the way by which thus spiritual nourishment is received into the soul. Jesus is called the "Bread of Life and the "Laring Bread to those who believe or trust in him, he gives thus spiritual life to serve God here, and this is hut the beginning of a hie which shall never end, for he who eats of this liread "shall her for ever

The hungry know the value of hread Prov 27 7, gold is no use in a starving city, and all need bread, for hunger will eat through a stone wall.

Who are Buried with Christ?-Pox 6 4

The old man—1c our corrupt nature, derived from the first man, dies by the painful ingering death of spiritual cruefixion to the world, it becomes dead to sim but alive to righteousness, Rom 6 11, and is buried with Christ, a great honour, not like Jehonskim, said to have had the hural of an ass, Jer 22 19

Satan in Everlasting Chains of Darkness -- June 6

Chains signify the degridation of the devils, they are—(1) marks of bondage as Puil wore them before Fehr. Acts 26 29, pride compassed the wicked as a chain Pe 73 6 while love is to the good the bond of perfectness Col. 3 14, (2) heavy 1 Kings 12 10, Peter was fistened with two chains to prevent his escape, Acts 12 6, (3) a valuet of expounds, 2 Dim. v. 6. The dearls are bondhed from the presence of God the light of heaven and now in their dungeon, lead a severer captivity than the Jews endured in Egypt

The City in Heaven -Hen 12 22

An earthly city differs from the hearenly in fire points-

Earthly cities were often founded by blood and rapine, Mic 3 10 or like Babel to pernetuate a name, Gen 11 4, built of stone or wood surrounded with walls, infested by dogs, often burnt or sown with salt, Judg 9 45, the city of the heavenly Jerusalem has God as its architect, nothing evil in it A city, from its numerous inhabitants is called a mother 2 Sum 20 19, while Babylon was called a widow as desolato Isa 47 9 The city in heaven is-(1) well situated far above earth, (2) surrounded by walls of salvation Job 1 10 its walls of gold and streets of pearl, no onemy can approach it the palace and court of the king, guarded by holy angels Ps 34 7 Dan 4 23, (3) various nations in it a great multitude of which no men can number Rev 7 9 (4) enriched by the best of earth and creation, (5) its citizens are all first born-ie the choicest the first born thus had a double portion and were superior in rank Gen 49 3 The term first-born is applied also to inferior things Job calls worms the first born of death 18 13 as death is called by the Arabs the mother of sultures

Content -: Tru 6 8

Arab —Content lies in three things—satisfied with what is given—no reliance on what is in men's hands acquirecting in flod's decrees

acquiescing in God's decrees

Hebrew — Who is rich? He who is content with what he

Tumul —Though the river is full to overflowing, a dog laps
—4 e aund the greatest abundance one enjoys
only what is required

Tukeram -Trees are carried away by the flood, while rushes

Christ drank a Bitter Cup -Mar 26 39.

The master of a feast appointed to each of his guests his particular cup, Jer 25 15 This cap denoted Chirst's intense sufferings, Mat 20 22, he sweat blood, wine mixed with bitter ingredients was given to malefactors before being put to death, to render them insensible to the acute print of hanging on a cross Christ refused to drink the latter cup Babylon is represented, Jer 51 7, as a golden cup in the hands of Jehovah—1e, to give pain, the cup of salvation Ps 16 13, denoted the 197 from the river of Gods pleasure, Ps 36 S, the cup of the wine of Gods wrath, Rev 14 10, was the vengenies of God apportioned to each.

Joseph's cup was that out of which he drink, and which was taken from Benjamin's sack, Gen. 44 12, and the cup which our Lord gave to his disciples at the Last Supper was one out of which they drank the wine "The enp of salvation' is an expression taken from the enstom of the Jews of making a feast after presenting their thank offerings, when the priests and offerers ate and drank together Among other rites, the master of the feast took a cup of wine in his hand and solemnly blessed God for it and for the mercy which was at that time acknowledged, and then gave it to all the guests of which every one drank in his turn. Christ, suffering on behalf of sinners in the hour of his a ony, prayed, "O' iny Father, if it be possible let this cup I as from Me Mat. 26 39 When afflictions are the result of God's vindictive justice, then cup" has a more awful sense and the wicked are often threatened with the dregs which is the most uniteasant part of the liquor, Isa 51 17

Japon - 1 good medicine tastes bitter
Telugu - Are there sweet diseases and delicious medicines?

Holl is the Blackness of Darkness .- Mar. 22, 13.

Heaven is compared to a banquet in which, amid blazing lights, chosen guests sit down; no night there; but hell is the cellar outside all in darkness; this implies terror as in Egypt, Ex. 10. 21; separation from good people, they stumble and wander; evil deeds in secret are called chambers of imagery, Ez. S. 12.

Some fires have light but are dark. Hell is the blackness of darkness, Jude 13; in earth there is some light; in hell none natural, artificial, or spiritual; in earth some comfort, in hell none. The Egyptian darkness might be felt, Ex. 2. 22, but was only for a time.

Death-bed Repentance, or making Swords when the War comes.—Lviz 12 20.

Persian.—Barley at the foot of a steep ascent is useless
—i.e., You have starved yoor horse, so that he
has become thin and weak, it will be to no purpose to feed him when you come to a steep
ascent—i.e., Preparation for an enterprise should
be made beforeband.

Russian.—When he was drowning he promised an axe; when he was rescued he gave only the handle.

Oriental.—The wise know how to quit the world before the world quits them.

Turk.—He who at eighty begins to learn music can hear bimself at the judgment day.

Arab.—While the autidote is coming the snake-bitten man dies.

Kurd.—When the ben dies her eyes are fixed on the dunghill.

Guerati.—When thirsty to dig for water.

Telugu.—Three causes of transient repentance—viz., the pains of travel, the effects of preaching, and the sight of death. China —It is too late to pull the rein when the horse is on the edge of the precipice —It is too late to stop the leak when the vessel is in the midst of the river.

Turk -We die as we hve.

Sin as a Debt Blotted out -Acrs 3 19

Chand writes, "to extinguish fire, remove disease and pay debts are of use as they increase if they remain." Sinners are debtors, the money duty to God, Gal 5 3, Rom. 8 12, 14, 27

The weeked are bad debtors in six points -

- I Unconcerned about the debt, so Cam who slew his brother, Gen 4 7, Mat. 18 24, Luke 16 I
 - 2 Wasteful about saving up, so the produgal son.
- 3 Love not to ac the credulor or settle recounts, who is God say the wicked
- 4 Afrud of the bailiff, so Cam afrud of every one he met, Gen 4 13, 14, Adam hid himself, Gen 3 8, so belix, Acts 24 25
- 5 Dilatory, so the debter who ads a suspense, Mat 18 20, so excuses for the supper, I the 14 18
- 6 Unable to pay, Rom. 3 19, hence punishment, 2 kings 4 1 Death will arrest. Lock 8 8

God forgives the Debt now by

- 1 Staying the process Job 33 19 21, 24
- 2 Cinciling the boad Col 2 14, the hundwriting against us he abolishes the oll covenant. Heb 8 13 sins cast into the depths of the sec. Mic 7, 19
 - 3 Acquirtance written on the conscience Rom 8 6

The Dew of God's Providence -Hes. 14 5

The dew arising from the mosture evaporated by the san in the day, and falling by most refreshes the parched

earth, and often supplies the want of run. The short-lived character of the form of godliness, without the power, is compared to early dew exhaled soon by the sun, Hos 6 4. The love of brethren is compared to the dew, Ps 133 3. Gods Word is said to drop as rain, and distil as dew, Deut 32 2. Gods influences are likened to a cloud of dew in the heat of harvest, Isa. 18 4. The refreshing, vivifying influence of Gods spirit is in this text compared to the silent but powerful dew as the dew of herbs, Isa 26 10

Providence like the dew in seven points -

I Dew comes from above, from the air, not from the clouds, "drops down,' so Christ promised to send from above the Comforter, John 14 16 Every good gift is from above. Jas 1 17

2 Dew as the result of the sun's enfluence. The sun evaporates the water which the cold makes to descend, hence the brighter the sky the more dewy the night, so Clinist shed down the Spirit. The sun must withdraw for the dew to fall, so Clinist said he must go but the Spirit will abude John 14 16

3 Dew falls from a calm unclouded sty Wind or a cloud will dissipate it, Christ, the Sun of Righteonsness, dispels the clouds of unbelief If we walk in the light we have followeling with God, when the mind is so clouded by passion the dew of the Holy Spirit does not fall

4 The does descrit is silent and imperceptible, run falls in torrents Dew is seen only by its crystal drops, Job 38 28, 2 Sain, 17 12 The dow like gravitation is known by its effects. The Lingdom of God cometh not by observation. The still small voice alone is heard t Kings 19 11 12 Conversion is no change taking place in the mind, hence the Spirits influence is compared to the wind, John 3 2, we cannot see it or tell whence it comes, but we know it by its efficient.

5 The dew's influence is all perrading. Where dashing run will not enter dew will, it rests on blades of grass, the traveller's head is filled with dew, so under Christs influence. All pritake, it pervades each. All things are become new, the dry bones live, E2el. 37 3

6 Dev often comous, always sensonable. In Israel once for 3½ years there were no dew—how lamentable were things, 2 Sain 1 21. The Spirit in the latter day is to be poured on young and old. When the weather is liottest the dew is heariest, so Stephen when stoned, saw heaven opened Acts 7 55, so John, lumished to Patinos was in the Spirit and saw wonderful visious Per 1 to Innumerable are the drops of dew, such are Gots graces.

7 The dems effects are most obvious and salutary I gypt would be almost unmhabitable, were it not for the dews, the dew of heaven was promised to Ishmael When the ground is parched the dew gives new life . so the letter killeth but the Spirit gives life 2 Cor 3 6 The sun hardens the soil The growth of plants from the dew is often wonderful, so the believer strikes his roots deep in the Tock of Ages and in humility bends towards the dust but the refreshing sheltering branches shoot up in beauty, the flowers and leaves from the dewdrags look as pearls so beautiful are they -so the robes of rightcourness A fragrant smell arises in the morning from the dew on flowers, so Christ is the savour of sweet continent ' Awake, O north win !,' dead souls are naucous Fruitfulness and moistur, are necessary to the growth of tlants the dew of heaven and fatness of the earth are conjounced to the fruits of the Spirit, the richte us I ring forth fruit in old age are we with red God is no married with gates God will open the windows of heaven Mal a 11

EASTERN PROVERBS AND EMBLEMS 202

The Spiritual Lafe mounting on Eagle's Wings ls 40 30, 31

Spiritual life lile the eagle in eight points -

I The eagle is the king of birds as the hon is of heasts, so the samts are the excellent in the earth, P- 16 2, 3, more excellent than their neighbours, of whom the world was not worthy, Heh 11 38 Believers are sons of God and of royal blood, Rev 1 6, while the wicked feed on the wind, or husks, Hos 12 1, the righteous have spiritual

manna and angels as attendants

2 Long and quid sighted, Joh 39 29, hence a min is called engle eyed. The eagle can look at the sun, or see from above fish in the water, so believers behold the glory of God with open face, 2 Cor 3 18, and as the secrets of the Lord are with them that fear him. Ps 25 14, Gen 18 17, they see the end of the wicked, 2 Sum 14 20 3 Smift they have long wings, hence Solomon says. ' Riches make themselves wings, and ily away like an eagle Ps 23 5 David, lamenting the death of Saul and Joanthan says. They as friends were stronger than hous and switter than eagles, 2 Sam 1 23 Actuchadnemar come as an eagle against the temple Job com ares life to au eagle, 9 26, Lz. 17 2-10, Res 14 6, home. Nebuchadnezzar is represented as a great engle, with great wings and long feathers—ir, having various nations in his empire, and took the highest tranch of a cedar The I omans are called eagles Deut. 28 49 The 1 morer of the righteous swiftly reaches beaven

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The Angelic Encampment -Ps 34 7

Angels are said to be full of eyes, before and behind, Rev 4 6, to denote their knowledge of the past and future, I Pet I 12 Angels are called a host, Gen 32 I, commanded by Christ, the Captain of Silvation, they protect the sunts, they slumber not like some watchmen, are called holy watchers, Dan 4 13, the figure of Cherubinn, an order of angels, had four faces—that of a man, representing their majesty, prudence, and beauty, that of a lion, their strength and courage, that of, an oz, their putience and diligence, and that of an eagle, their quick vision and continued vigour

The great Mogul at Agra used to have an encampment several miles in circumference, accommodating many thousand solders, it was soon broken up, and removed to another place. The angels' encampment has many millions of troops in number, Dan 7 5-14. Christ on the Cross said he could call to his aid twelvo legions of angels, or 80,000. Those angels are encamped, and are powerful, they brole the iron gites, Acts 12 10, caused earthquakes, Mat. 28 2, destroyed 185,000. Assyrians in one night, killed all the first-born in Egypt mone night, they are orderly, Michael and his angels fought with the devil, Rev. 12 7-9. They smote Herod for his pride, Acts 12 23, Balvam for his covetousness, Sodom for its sin, Gen 10 11.

Example -t Per 2 21

China —The best cure for drunkenness is when sober to observe the drunken man

Arab —The mistakes of a learned man are like a shipwrich, which wrecks many others with it Buque —Corruption begins from the head—i.e. from the

chiefs

The Great Family of Behavers.—Ers. 3. 14

God is our father the Church our mother, all the faithful are our brethren. The many millions of angels in heaven are comprehended within this fumily is well as the saints upon earth. As faithful people are our brethren it must the we advice of Joseph to his brethren see that ye fall not out by the way, Gen. 45–24. In our journey through life we are under so many trials and efficients that it is both foolish and wicked for the faithful to add to one anothers troubles by strife and enviring hy quarrellings and dispinings. Frond people are a hamed of their poor relations, but we must not be ashamed to own the poorest child in the family of God who perhaps after a laborious life of faith and patience will be our superior in the kingdom of heaven.

A family is a re ting place from worldly cares, so is the family whose father is God, Chr., the elder brother or head Col I T, the Holy Spirit the guide and all true believers members.

Russian —Away from our native country even a crow is dear

Basque — Blood boils without fire—s.e injury done to one s relations

China —A powerful man regards no burden, a tradesman no detance, to a learned man no country is foreign and a fine speaker finds no enemy, Ech. 2, 10

Eph. 2 19

Malay — Will a man put out his salt in the rain?—i.e., a man exposing the faults of his family

man expoung the faults of his family

Basque — The big fish hives on the little ones

Spanish — The wrath of brothers is the wrath of devils

Satan the Father of Lies.-Jone 8 44

Jesus Christ is the true light, but the devil is the prince

of dariness the god of this world who blinds men s eyes that they may not see the truth 2 Cor 4 4. The

EASTERN PROVERBS AND EMBLEMS 206

Saviour is a shepherd who gives his life for the sheep, but the devil is a lion who goes about seeking what he may devour, I Pet. 5 5 The one is a lamb, meek and harmless, the other a serpent, full of devices and more subtle than any heast of the field The one ruses men to life, the other was a murderer from the beginning The one is our advocate with the Tather, suffering and pleading for the pardon of our suns, the other is the accuser of the brethren, first tempting them to fall into sin, and then accusing them that they may fall under the judgment of God Jesus Christ is the truth and the devil is the father of hes And lastly, Jesus Christ is the true God worshipped by all believers, and the devil is the false god worshipped under a variety of names The children of the devil are like the devil, as the young viper is like

the old one Judas, the traitor, was hence called a devil, John 6 70. as God is called the father of mercies, so is the devil of hes, he was first an angel of hight, and then by his lies induced one third of the angels to rebel against God, he told lies to Eve in the garden, Gen 3 6, and to Christ in the desert. The devils are also compared to birds of prey for their piercing eye, sudden pouncing, residence in the air, Eph 2 2, yet Satan was once called the son of the morning, Is 14 12 The Danes call hes the devil a daughters

Spanish - When the devil says his prayers he is about to

cheat—se, an angel of light

Afghan—She herself commits the sin and curses Satan for it And .- He gives advice such as the cat gave to the mouse or the devil to men

Keep the Foot in God's House -- Ecc. 5 :

This text means take heed to your ways in Gods house. See that ye walk circumspectly. As in walking we take as much care as we can to keep our feet from stumbling, so, in going to the house of God, we must take care about the state of our minds When Moses saw the Angel of the Lord in the hurning bush, the voice of God said to him "Put off thy shoes from off thy feet, for the place whereon thou standest is holy ground," Ex 3 5, and when Joshua saw the same Angel, he said. 'Loose thy shoe from off thy foot, for the place whereon thou standest is holy,' Josh 5 15 In both these instances it is believed that the Lord Jesus Christ took human form in appearance, before he really took our nature, and died to redeem us, and, by commanding the removal of the shoe from the foot, he showed that nothing which was defiled could acceptably appear in his mesence So Jacob in the desert, Gen. 28 17

Look before you leap He that hastens with his feet sinneth Prov 19 2, John 18 10 Chanal says, 'A prudent man moves with one foot, but does not move the other till he considers where he goes to The Philistines were punished for touching the ark, I Sam. 6 19 a beast that touched Smar was to be killed, Heb 12 20 Nebuchadnezzar was chastised for using at a feast the vessels of the temple, Dan 5 23 The secretice of fools is an offering without obedience Christ flogged those that bought and sold in the temple, John 2 15

Chinese - Destroy all passion when you light Buddha s lamp Malabar - Sport not with a king, nor with fire, water and elephants

I'cman -Observances void of purity of heart to what end are they? to what is the preparation of food without cleansing the vessel? Mat 15 8

Malalar — Elephants will fall down if the fact slide
Russian — Set a fool to worship and he will break his neck
Persian — What has a dog to do in a temple?

Tumul -A cat that lives in the temple fears not the gods -1.c , familiarity breeds contempt ____

God's Name on the Behever's Forehead -Per 2º 4 5 " The Vishnuvites have the tilul, or forehead mark, a

longitudinal line marked in vermilion, the Sirites a parallel line of a turment colour The Athenians marked an onl on their captives' forehead, rdolaters put on such

the mark of their god as Jupiter's thunderbolt. Neptunes trident The forehead is the most conspicuous part, the countenance being the index of the mind, and implies an open confession, as Paul was a chosen vessel to bear

Christ's name before the Gentiles, Acts of 15, 16 was a custom of ancient date in Asia to mark servants

on the forcherd, hence in Ezek 9 4, the Angel sets a mark on the forcheads of the men who cry for the abominations of the time The Jews were forbidden to brand the forchead, Lev 19 28 Only the High Priest boto on it a plate of gold on which the name of God was written Paul said, I bear on my body the marks of the Lord

Jesus - Le, the scars of the stripes he received, Gal 6 17 Behevers have Gods mark in regeneration, and sancti fleation impressed on them 1 Pet. 2 9, the name is Jehovali Zech 14 20, written not with and, but with

the Spirit of the Living God, 2 Cor 3 3

foundation is out of sight, so Christ must be strong to bear the superstructure, earthquakes cannot destroy it

2. Have a regular and orderly erection, the rule of architecture applied to its building, so Israel's Church was "according to the pattern shown in the mount," Heb 8 5. Sin breaks up the harmous of society, grace unites in a church, "God is not the author of confusion" "That he might gather together in one all things" On the regularity of a building depends much of its strength, so "the unity of the spirit in the bond of peace," how symmetrical was Solomon's temple, so the spiritual one, 'the whole building fitly framed'

3 Be composed of many stones Every stone has its place, though there be many, some are polished, as James. Cephas, John "pillars," some of these are hidden, some form the common yet all are on the foundation. Some houses are of turf, or layers of brick, or sandstone, or murble, but God's houses are of lively stone, I Pet 2 4. mctures, statues, sometimes seem alire, but here the stones are living-1c, active

4 Undergo a great transformation Polished statuary and fine buildings are originally from the quarry, so believers were encrusted with fleshly lusts, sunk in the mire

of spiritual corruption, so Paul the blasphemer preached the faith he once destroyed, "Look unto the rock whence ve were hewn"

5 Have a sluful architect in their transformation. Christ is such. Hely 3 4 Stones are angetire to raise themselves from the quarry, affolding and masons are required, so in Solomon's temple, Jews, Canarmites, Tyrrans, were employed, Cyrus was subsequently God's cervant for its rebuilding Ez. 5 13, in the scaffolding of Solomon's temple no noise of axe or hammer was heard 6 Be cemented in the strongest way Their position unites

stones but the best union is cement, the whole body composed of that which every joint supplieth Eph 4 6, love is the bond of perfectness, Col. 3. 14 Earthquakes may

split the building without breaking the cement, "who shall separate." Rom 8 35

7 Be formed into a complete habitation, rast in extent, and ornamental, "a fount for cleansing, illuminated by the seven spirits of God, it has a throne of grace Heb 4 6

Malabar —The foundation for a thatched and for a tiled house will be laid the same way

Persian —A little water is sufficient for clay already moistened—ie, little instruction will suffice for him who has got a foundation by previous study

God the Fountain of Living Waters -Jen. 2, 13.

Water is essential for life as well as for health, it is continually applied in Holy Scripture to represent the necessity of divine grace, and thus a well or spring of water becomes an emblem of the eternal source of all spiritual blessings, and of salvation itself. The blood of our blessed Saviour by which his people are washed from the defilements of sin is called a fountain opened to the house of David, and to all the inhabitants of Jerusalem, for sin and for uncleanness Zech. 13 in The quedening and refresheining influences of the Holy Spart, are in like manner compared by our Lord Hinself to rivers of living water, John 7 38, God declaring Himself 'a fountain of living waters sets Hinself forth is the source of all temporal and spiritual good

With what eager longing must the pilgrims crossing the desert look forward to their repose on the favoured spot, where a perpetual spring creates a little island of verdure or cass in the midst of the burning plain!

Gol is called The Fountain of Jirmy Waters, —i c, waters always moving flowing and in action, the constant sujly of all the comfort and relief we can possibly nicel, in contrast to dead or stagment waters, which constantly send forth a noisone smell.

The sun has not the less light for filling the air with light. A fountun has not the less for filling the lesser vessels. There is in Christ the fulness of a fountain. The overflowing fountain pours out water abundantly, and yet remains full. God is such an overflowing fountain, he fills all, and yet remains full. As the worth and value of many pieces of silver is in one piece of gold, so all the petty excellences scattered abroad in the creature are united in God.

God is like a fountain in eight points -

(1) The source of rivers, so God of life, natural and spiritual Rev 21 6, (2) yields chindantly God is an ocean of goodness, (3) powrs freely into low places, Jus 4 6, so the founts of the Grages, rising in the snows of Gragoti flow into the Grages valley, (4) free to all Is 54, 1, (5) clear inverse have sediment in them, (6) pleasant refreshes the garden of the Church, water makes vectation sping up, even in the sandy deserts, (7) constant tanks dry up often in hot weather Abriham's servants dried up the well, but this is a fountum sealed ngainst filth, Cant 4, 12, (8) often hidden yet known by its waters. Christ's fountain was opened on the cross when his side was pieced and when he swent blood, the diving their was a monument of its efficiency.

Raghuransa —The roads leading to perfection, which vary according to the different revealed systems, all end in Thee (God), as the waves of the Ganges flow to the ocean

Bhagarat Gila -On God all this universe is woven, as gems on a string

The Fowler of Souls -Ern, 6 11

We sometimes see a flattering of wings among the griss on a bank which shows that some poor bird is taken in the saire and is vainly struggling to be free, but the snare was set so skilfully that the bird could see nothing of its danger, but flew into it unawares

There is an enemy who is ever setting snates in our publi—Satan, and the snares are those many false reasonings and vain seductions by which he misleads to their ruin such as are unwary and unstable. To one he says, "Stolen waters are sweet, and bread eaten in secret is pleasant," Pr 9 17 Satan tried to sift Peter like whert Luke 22 31, against some he sends fiery darts, Eph. 6 16, with others he wrestles, Eph 6 17 Satan as a fowler is crafty, appears in disguise as an angel of light, 2 Cor 11 14, cruel, hunts and persecutes God's people, who are like the dove before the hawk He is also for his destructiveness called the great Drigon, Rev 20 2

Person — He is put into a sack with a bear—i ε, in the hands of one too strong for him

Person — The devil does not spoil his own house, Mat
12 26

Christ a Friend.-John 15 15

Christ's friendship differs from earthly friendship in five points —

True friendship implies sympathy such Job's friends showed not, but Christ is touched with a feeling of our infirmities Heb 4 15 Union can two walk together unless they be agreed? Said and Jonathan had their hearts kint, I Sun 18 1, so Christ to his people, Eph 2 14-16 Prov 27 17 Love the offspring of desire, Christ loves to the end and has peculiar knowledge, the fuel for this love John 10 27, but the love of Christ passes knowledge Intercourse "disence regretted Christ was a great friend to Luxius and the Bethamy family Christ is said to sup with the behever, Rov 3 20 John 1 lay on Christ's boson John 13 23 Secrets are made

Lnown, so Abraham, the friend of God, found, Gen 18.
17, Prov 27 6, faithful are the wounds of a friend.

Christ's friendship is nover broken up—formed with meni persons—Christ forsiles not in adversity, and even lays down his life—no king a friend to a beggar, Christ the companion of publicans and sumers—no time or circumstances change it—always able as well as willing, as shown in Dorcis and Lazurus's case, Acts 9 38-41, John 11

Persian - Those false friends whom you see are like flies around the aweetmests

Naladayur — I riendship with the mean, like the shadow of morning, will continually decrease

Christ the first Fruits of them that Slept -1 Con. 15 20

The first fruits of the harvest were the pledge of the whole, such was Christs resurrection of ours, or as the swallow and hudding of flowers are of spring, when the body which called the worm its sister shall shine as the sun. The first fruits, like the first born, were esteemed the most raduable, hence the Cranauties caused their first born to pass through the fire, in order to appease the anger of their dettees, one of the lings of Moch, when in danger from enemies offered up his eldest son, 2 kings 3 27. Cain brought to God the first fruits of the ground, as Abel did the firstlines of the flock. Gen. 4 4, the Jews always did so. Num. 18 12.

Affliction's Furnace -13, 48 10

There are two furnaces, one of sanctified affliction, as legypt was to the Jews, Deut 4 20, t Pet 1 6, 7, the hery furnace injured not the three Hebrew children Dan. 3 25, the other of unsanctified like Nehuchadnezzars fiery furnace which consumed the evil Dan 3 22, the former shike a pruning knife which improves the plant the latter like a chopper that cuts it off Vail 13 42–50

God's afflicted people are compared to silver The receious metals are first taken out of the earth. They are then unpure—mixed with other substances and in this state they are called ores. In order to refine them they are put into a furnace and exposed to great heat. But this does not unpure them, it only takes from them what is impure and leaves the gold or the silver bright beautiful and clear. The refiner watches the metals all the time they are in the fire, and when he finds that they are so clear and pure that he can see his own free reflected in them he takes them out of the furnace and uses them

Afflictions of righteous and will all differ in four points -

for the purposes he intended

In Malacht 3 3 God compares the afflictions with which he tries his people to the furnace into which the gold and silver are cast to be refined and purified God loves and values his people. He calls them his treasure" his jewels. But his the gold and edver, they have that in them which is impure—sin. And this sin must be taken away God's people must be made pure and holy before he can have pleasure in them and use them for his service or take them to adorn his glorious home in heaven. And how does God purify them? Sin must be taken away by Christ and the heart must be made clean by the Holy Spirit God has many ways of working all this in his people and one way is by affliction Like the refiner he puts his precious gold and silver into the fur nace—the furnace of affliction He sends sorrow and pain and sickness upon them And why? Not to hurt them no but just for the same reason that the refiner puts his metals into the fire to molt to soften to purify them And then like the refiner God watches over them. He does not let them suffer more or longer than is right, and when he has made them what he intended by putting them into the furnace he takes them from it What God desires is to see his own image his own likeness reflected in his people

A silver coin or medal is generally stamped with the image of the sovereign, this can be done only when the metal is soft, and it is made soft by the heat of the fire So Gods people should bear the likeness of Christ, their King, stamped upon them in their conduct, and God sends affliction to soften their bearts, that they may more easily receive that holy impression, and so become more and more like Jesus

Sanskrit —A had man, gold, a drum, a woman, a had horse, stalks of sugar cane, sesamum seed, and Sudras,

should be beaten to improve their qualities

Atmabodh —After mortifying the body, the pure spirit is
discerned by reason, as rice is separated from the
husk by beating it

Bengal -The crocodile on the water and the tiger on land both strive to hreak my neck

Tunul -Though worn by attrition, the sandal wood loses not its savour

China -Clouds pass, but the rains remain.

Sanskrit —A crane's meditation—ie, seem to be meditating, when they are ready to pounce on the fish Sanskrit—He who is wise is strong, the foolish have no strength

Sanskrit — Fools learn by the past—se, experience a dear school

The Church a Garden enclosed -Cant 4. 17

The Church like a garden in scien points -

Paradise means a heautiful garden, to which Christ refers, Luke 23 43, Babylon had hanging gardens on the roofs of the houses

As the waste wilderness is the emblem of the world, so a choice garden is set forth as an image of Gods Church, as is also a unequal Mat 20 1-16 A garden is a place enclosed out of the common weste ground, and set part for special culture and fruitfulness. Its site is chosen for advantage of soil and shelter, as well as for that ahundant supply of water, which is so needful for the health and produce of its plants. Care is ever taken to

screen it from every rude blast, to maintain or improve the natural goodness of the ground, and to make the water flow in such channels as may conduct it most easily to the several plots and borders In laying out a garden, it is divided and arranged according to some wellordered pattern, and he, who is set "to dress it and to keep it," is ever careful both to remove whatever is common and unsightly, and to fill every nook and angle with the choicest flowers, and the most useful and delicious fruits The owner of the gaiden delights to come into it when the tender shoots are first showing themselves above the ground, or when it is in all the pride of summer beauty or autumnal frutfulness, Rev. I 13 Its sunny stillness and repose invite to peacoful meditation. Its exact order, its smooth lawns, its many-coloured borders, cool shades, and clear waters are soothing to the eye that is wearied with the glare and confusion of the clowded marts, while the soft breeze that whispers among the fruits and flowers is laden with the most grateful fragrance.

It is thus that God has chosen out of the world a Church, or "peculiar people," to he his own portion and inheritance He fences and protects it from the enemies that seek its ruin, he is a wall of fire, and sets in it the choicest plants, to bear those fruits and flowers which are of price in his sight. So Abriliam gave the flower of futh, Moses of meekness, Peter of boldness, Paul of zeal. Gal 5, 22 It is the Paradise of his beloved Son, who is the second Adam, and whose care it is to remove from it the weeds of sin and selfishness, and to preserve it in that godly order, and that blessed unity, which makes it the image upon earth, not only of the heavenly peace, but even of the Doxue Unity utself. Was Welly Spirit is the fountain in the midst of the garden which nourishes and refreshes the plants, and is also the gentle breath which bears the frigrance of its flowers to Him who is pleased to receive graciously what in itself is unworthy of

being offered to Him He sets His scrrants to tend and cherish the various plants on which He is pleased to set such store, and to see, when He shall come into His gurden, that there be nothing there to offend those eyes which are too pure to behold iniquity. Whatever resembles the fruits of the evil world must be rooted out, whatever is useful nad lovely must be planted and fostered

Faith more Pregious than Gold.—1 Per 1 7

In Rev 3 18, Divine Grace which stands the fiery trial, is called gold faith in the text is not mere knowledge

Faith like gold in ten points -

I Scarce so the grace of God.

2 Searched after, men go to deep mines for gold or to California, so search the Scriptures John 5 30

3 Tried in fire, to distinguish it from filso metal, sometimes a touchstone used so God's word like faith is tried by fire, so Abraham three times Job six times

- 4 Prenous in its nature hence faith called lively, effectual 1 Thess. 1 3, faith precious as bought with Christs blood wrought by Gold Spirit object of is Christ, unites to Gold eye of the soul, unfergued working by love Gal 5 6, holy, procured by Christs blood, Col. 2 12, its fruits, Heb. 11, Tuth made a river go luck caused a man to give half of his goods to the Icor Luke 19 8, and people to burn had books. Acts 19 19
- 5 The Chief Metal Bubylon called the golden city, Is 14 4, the skull called the golden bowl Lcc. 12 6
- 6 Week in little compared with brass so with faith 7 Weighty and firm so faith in indversity Heb 11
 - 8 Sile lid used in crowns Babylon had a golden
- cup Rev 17 4

 9 From for result as the ressels in Solomon's temple, so samts are collen candlesticks Lev 1 20

10 Duralle, waster not in fire, so the three Helrew children. Dan 3

Chinese -- True gold fears not the fire.

The Righteeus Green in their Bedily Tabernacle 2 Cor. 5 4

The rightcom groun from six causes -

Creation itself grouns, being under a curse for sin, Roai. 8 22 The soul dwells in the body as in a tent which is easily taken down, being made of freil materials that flood or fire soon destroys, the body soon returns to dust.

The soul's dirk cottage battered and decayed

Lets in new light through chinks which time has made. Few care to emanant a tent, as they are but a short time in it, it is crazy and leaky in bad weather, so discuse

makes the body

It is better to groun for a while in this tabernicle than for ever under God's vengeance, the terrs from grouning God puts in his bottle Ps 56 8. This grouning arises from the burthen of the body, which hinders the soul rising on eagles wings, from Salan's temptations. I Pet 1 6, had company 2 Pet 2 7, affections, Ps 42 7, inducting sin, Rom 7 24

Naladiyar -The soul carries the skin bar-the body.

The Right Hand of God dashes in Pieces his Enemies Ex. 15 6

His right hand in the text imports a signal display of his Alinghty power his love, mercy, or wrath in relation to the exalted station of Christ It imports the highest power, authority glory, and dignity. Ilymas the sorcerer was struck blind by God's hand Acts 13 11 Hand denotes strength, thus Ishmaels hand as an Arab robber was against every man, Gen 16 12 Christ sits at the Father's right hand-ic, the sent of power, Mark 14 62 The hollow of his hand denotes his easy com prehension, protection, and support of all things God's arms, hands, fingers, denote Almighty power manifested in acts of sovereignty, justice, and grace God is called the head of Christ, to him, as man and mediator, he is the undoubted superior, and it is his to support, rule, and direct him, as such His countenance and face, when represented as set against any, denote the manifestation of his indignation and wrath, in other circumstances, they signify the discovery of his glory and grace God's eyes import his knowledge, his care, and regard, but sometimes the di.play of his wrath. His cars denote his perfect knowledge, his exact observation and favoumble regard. His nostrils and nose signify his anger, his approbation, and his exact judgment His mouth and lips denote his will, authority and wrath His back imports his anger and disregard. His bovels are his most ardent love, his tender mercy, and unbounded compassion His bosom imports secrecy, safety, eminent nearness, amazing intimacy, and endeared love His feet are the less glorious manifestations of his presence, the exercise of his power and providence, for the rehef of his people and overthrow of bis enemies

Pilate washed his hands in Christ's case to denote that his power was used innocently. Mat. 27 24 Persons were consecrated by the imposition of hands to denote spiritual power imparted Gen 48 14

Russian - God is an old worker of miracles

Scetasvatare Upanished -Without hands or feet, God grasps and moves, without eyes he sees, without ears he hears, he knows whatever is knowable, but no one knows him

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The Soul thirsts for God like a Hart.-Ps 42. 1.

Prayer compared to the importantic friend at midnight, Luke 11. 5-8, the importantic valow, Luke 18 5, urestling Jacob, Gen 32. 21-32, called pointing out of the heart, Ps 62 8, drawing near to God, Heb 10. 22; looking up, Ps 5, 3, vailing as a servant.

The deer are accustomed to gather themselves at noon to the cool soltude and refreshing brook, and are often seen rechning in groups upon the mossy bank, or quenching their thirst in the shallow stream. Sometimes the hunters scare them from their nook, and chase them over the open brow above the woods under the sultry sun. Panting with the heat and exertion, they make for their favourite haunt and the quiet brook. From some change of purpose, the pursuers discontinued the chase, and the frightened and exhausted creatures are suffered to plunge into the copses, and find their way to the shades for which they longed. How eager must have been their draught, when they reached the brook -how grateful and refreshing the plunge into the flood, and the rest amidst the moss and fern! Such is the soul in the desert of this world thursting for the true amrita, or

Urdu —The thirsty person goes to the well, not the well to
him The thirsty is most eager for water

Persian —When one is thirsty, one thousand pearls are

not worth one drop of water

waters of life, flowing from God's throne

Turk -It is the squalling child that gets the milk

Badaga -Do we give milk to the cat that cries, or to the cat that does not cry?

China —Even the ripest fruit does not drop into one's mouth We must knock that it might be opened Russian —Pray to God, but continue to row to the shore

We must watch, as well as pro-

Talmud -Should man not go after wisdom? wisdom will not come to him

Sunskrit - The king is the strength of the weak, crying is the strength of children What six proverbs illustrate the thirst of prayer?

Trdu—Hunger is the best sauce and fatigue the best pillow

The Heavenly Home.-Jon 14. 2

Heaven unlike a good earthly home in three points -

Heaven is represented under the emblems of "a better country," "a paradise" without any serpent, "a city" paved with gold, "a palace," but "home" is an embler familiar to all—all cun understand the "futlic's house."

Allusion in the text to the temple of Jerusalem where God dwelt, I Kings 8 10, 11, with many chimbers for priests and Levites Kings palaces have many rooms The Vatican, the Pope's residence, has 4,000 chambers

In this world we are only pulgrims, heaven is our home

поще

Heaven lile a good earthly home in six points -

- 1 Place of birth—earliest recollections early recollections, like the tamarind roots are not easily pulled up, eling to the memory, so heaven to the behaver, he is "born from above". The heavenly Jerusalem is the mother of us all, "light from heaven first illumined him," hence he seeks the things above, his religious affections fixed on an unseen world.
- 2 Residence of our best friends, our family, and the old servants attract us to it, so hewen the residence of the Father of mercies, of "Clinst, our eldest bother," the spirits of just men made perfect, "our younger brethren," besides ministering spirits No family contentions there, the Father of lights there without variableness Jas 1 17
- 3 Source of sectlest comforts the child found in clothes and education, the producal son thought of his fither's house, Luke 15 17, so the Christian has bread from heaven and the wester of life, they shall go no more out. 'the lamb shall feed them'

- 4 Scourty a father's house a sure refuge, "no plague comes migh our dwelling," Ps 91, "no lion shall be there" "Under the shadow of the wings of the Almighty"
- 5 Habitation to which a right is claimed, the child considers the father's things "ours," my father, your fither. Though here we may not have where to lay our head, there is heaven, "a building of God"
- 6 Free of care children have no anxiety to provide for the family, "they shall enter into peace" They shall sit down with Abraham, Isanc, and Jacob, Mat 8 11
- The earthly father's house often desolate after years, but Christ the "same yesterdry and for ever" Larthly abode a shifting one, small in tents, heaven has many minisons the "palace of the great king," 'if children, then heirs.' David sud, "Though father or mother forsaks me," believers, though here they may wander in dens and caves, Heb II, 'shall sit with Christ on his throne,' 'as one whom his mother comforted, so will God' ' For,et thy father's boase.'—e, the earthly

The Righteons are God's Husbandry -1 Cor. 3 o

The righteous God's husbandry in twelve points -

The relation of Christ to his Church is pointed out in the lible under a variety of pleasing images, such as of a building jevels, friends (see Parable of Vinejard, Mat. 21 33), here it is under that of a well managed farm

i Believers are God's special property Ground in commonage is not well cultivated, it must become the propert of some person to be attended to, so the Lord's portion is his people, purchased from the waste of this world of a price if not according to the intrinsic value, yet according to the interest taken by the purchaser

2 Metal out, separated Boundaries for farms are necessary, so the boundaries of the visible and invisible

 cliurch of the church and the world— I have chosen you out of the world

- 3 Fineed and protected A stone may be a landmark or n furrow may be a line of division, but a fence is necessary to prevent trespass "My beloved had a garden, he fenced it Church discipline and laws are a fence, so is God's providence "Hast thou not set a fence mound Job's A garden enclosed is my sister Come out from among them and be separate
 - 4 Subject to a spiritual cultivation. The fruits of righteousness are the great object. Many improvements of late have been made in agriculture, so it is necessary to improve in spiritual husbandry. God says. What could I have done inore for my vineyard than I have done?
 - 5 An adequate band of labourers is provided Labourers are necessary for a farm, among the Jews a whole tribe was set upart for this spiritual work, God give some apostles and some propliets, ho finds becomes idle in the market, sees and thrusts them out, he that puts his hand to the plough and looks back is not fit for the king down of God.
 - 6 Sutable instrue ents we furnished Mans hand could do little without the spade and plough God's word is the plough to not out weeds. The fallow ground of the heart must be ploughed up. Weeds must he destrojed, and the light must enter, the word of God is sharper than a two-edged sword, the ploughshare of connuction treaks up the fallow soil, such were those who were pricked to the heart when Peter preched Acts 2 .7
 - The peaceble fruits of righteousness rending the heuri not the grunnit. The matiock of the Irw from Sinu will bruk very hard soil is 7 25 50 the humaer of God's word. Jer 23 29 Affliction destroys the weeds of corruntion.
 - 7 The soil is approved and enriched Drinning for some manure for other soils is necessary, as the field

becomes fertile from 1100d and bones, so the blood of atonement purpos the conscience from dead works God gives a heart of flesh

8 I'le soil rust be sorn with heavenly seed Without this seed vice will spring up, awarg requires bood seed, good soil and a good season, no good seed of itself John

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o The crop must be watched and dressel Seed must be pressed into the soil and protected from vermin and cattle the cron is sometimes over luxuriant

10 He soil must be realered I gypt was watered by the foot to convey water in rivulets. Blessed are they that sow beside all waters floods on the dry ground

11 Fruit is expected hence the waiting for the latter The harvest of the earth will be gathered in by Cod then the toy of harvest home Is 9 3

12 Low lands are riore fertile than high Rain descends

on the valley and remains Jer 17 8

Ir nt was sought on the fig tree three years Luke 13 7 hence Christ cursed it. The husbandmen that would net cultivate were destroyed Mark 12 9 The seven Churches of Asia had their hedges broken down God is the sole propiletor and cannot be dispossessed. He is never neary and never grows old Is 40 28 he can male bad trees good and sends rain

The Inconse of Prayer -- Pry 5 8

Prayer like incense in five zouits -

Inceuse was made from the gum extracted from the burk of a tree leing used in sacrifices it was brought as a present to the Infant Saviour Mat 2 11 It was symbol of prayer as it ascended so did Cornelius's prayer Acts 10 4 Ps 141 2 was made pure from the gum of a tree in Arabra was purifying removing the smell from the burning flesh and blood of the sacrifices, whs fragrant, Ex. 30 34, pleasant, so when Hannah prayed she was no more sad, I Sam I 18

The 24 elders are represented, Rev 5 8, 8 3, 4, as having an harp and a cup full of incense, which is the privers of the saints Damel hazarded his life to offer this incense. Dan 6 10

Prayer is compared to knocking Luke 11 5-8, to wrestling, Gen. 32 24, to an importunate widow, Luke 18 1-8

Arabic — Prayer is the pillar of religion Acts 10 4
Arabic — Prayer comes not in answer to the cat's prayer
Afghan — To say bismillah (in God's name) brings a blessing, but not in jackal hunting

Begotten to an Unfading Inheritance -1 Prr 1 4

Heaven is the inheritance of those who, hy the new birth, belong to the Church of the first born, who get the blessing of the spiritual birthright. In an inheritance the hears are (1) heads of the house, the prop of the family, believers are soint heirs with Christ who is the heir of all things 2 The heir must be qualified to manage the estate properly, so behevers are made purtakers of the divine nature, 2 Pet. 1 4, the proud God knoweth afar off, Ps 138 6 (3) The estate is in proportion to the wealth of the donor God is Lord of all. (4) An inheritance is future, but this is kept in herven, and as certain as money in a good bank . here the hears have little, but are like the Jews in the wilderness who had no house, yet called God their dwelling place Ps. 90 1 God's promises are a heritage, Ps 119 II

The Inheritance of the righteous differs from an earthly inheritance in fice points -

Larthly inheritances are small, subject to law suits limited in duration, unsatisfying common to the wicked

and good, often pillaged or wasted as the produgal son did

Justico.

Pushtu —The mouth cats the food, and the eyes bear the

Pushtu — She commits the sin, and blames Satan for it
Pushtu — The oxen cat up the crops, and they cut off the
car of the donker.

Christ has the Keys of Death and Hell-Rev 1 18

When a person is put into office, he is often intrusted with keys, thus a juilor has the keys of a prison Ancient keys were often made of wood, and, to be strong, they were made very large, so that they were carried on the shoulder, and, in the east, the carrying of a key on any great occasion was a mark of a person's holding some office of rank and power. Thus it is said of Jesus. 'And the government shall be upon his shoulder,' Is 9 6, that is, he shall have power as one that carries the key to mark his juthority.

Silence was represented by the Greeks as a golden key on the tongue Authority to explain the law and the prophets was given among the Jews by the delivery of a key, in the case of one rabbi after his death they put his key and his tablets into his coffin because he did not describe to have a son to whom he might leave the ensume of his office.

Christ and to Peter I will give unto thee the Keys of the Kingdom of Heaven Mat. 16 10, as stewards of a great family, especially of the royal household, born a key, probably a golden one in token of their office, the plurase of giving a person the key naturally grew into an expression of rusing him to great power, Is. 22 22, Pev 3 7 This was with peculiar propriety applicable to ministers, the stewards of the mystines of God, I Cor 4 I The Bible is the key of knowledge, Luke 11 52 Peters opening the kingdom of heaven, as being the first that preached it both to the Jews and to the Gentiles may be considered as an illustration of this promise, as also the power lives of binding and loosing

promise, as also the power tren of binding and 1008ing

Jesus Christ declares he who believes on lum shall

neversee death—i.e. Spiritual death. The Danes say 'A

golden ket opens evert door except that of heaven

Tulmud -A man knowing law, but without God's fear, is a man having the key of the inner, but not of

the outer chamber

Arabic - Patience is the key to jov, peintence to pardon,

modesty to tranquility

Atmabodk Prakanka —Without knowledge resembling fire
ior cooking, no liberation

The Righteons are Kings

The righteous like kings in six points -

Death is called in the Bible the king of terrors Job 18 14 as the alligator is called a king Job 41 34

Believers are like kings occupied with high things Ph. 3.20, shall rule the kingdoms of this world when they become the kingdom of God Pet 11 15, Dan 9 27, highly honoured, high born Christians born from above, I John 3 1 well attended angels their servants Heb 1 14, croused 2 Tim 5 8

 Chanal says a learned man and a Ling are not on an equality, the king is honoured only in his own country, the learned everywhere.

Christ is called king of kings while the cburch is styled his daughter all glorious within Ps 45 13 Christ is the only be otten son the treasures of wisdom are hid in him I Cor I 24, he was proclaimed by a star and by the angels singing to the sleepherds, his pilace was the heaven of hervens angels his attendants

and ambassadors, all are his subjects even the winds obey him while rulers like Cyrus and Nebuchadnezzar, norl out his will

Christ's Kingdom Immovable -Her 12 28

Parable of Marriage Feast Mat 22 1-14, Parable of the Great Supper, In he 14 16-21

Christ's friends are heirs of a kingdom but not of this sworld where everything is so uncertain Christ said lus kingdom was not of this world John 18

Christ's kinj lom differs from earthly Lingdoms in five noints —

I its throne is stable a throno is a great object of lumini ambition jet like a lightne jields somest to the stem Job 12 21, such are earthly kingdoms but in leaves the Lord reigneth. Clinist once took the form of a servant but he is now he hill exalted ruling with the ancient of days God the latter he has an evenlasting

dominion Drn 4 34
2 Its constitution unalterable—ie these fundamental
ordinances which determine the form of government
Clinists is an absolute monarchy but it is the rule of
absolute wisdom goodness and truth, a change of earthly
government upsets mens minds but Christs kingdom is

things are yours—the true equality—all raised to be kings and priests

4. Its prosperity imperishable, wealth takes wings, all the old empires have perished, weather and disease blast the best expectations, but to the behever all things shall work together for good, the poor of this world are not in faith.

5 Its duration eternal Dan 7 14, Egypt, Babylon, Greece, Rome, all perished. Darud's stem burned in the rubbish of a carpenters sbop, but Christ's Iingdom is eternal, not supported by buman mubition or an arm of flesh 'The kingdom of this world will become the Lingdom of our God." Christ will be "King of kings," Ps. 145 10

Who knocks at the Door of the Heart? Rev 3, 20.

The Produgal Son, Lule 15 17-19 — The Varriage Supper, Lule 14 16

Gods ways are not as our ways, with man the inferior waits on the superior, in the text the great God waits on the lukewarm Loodiceans The door is the heart, this is barred by nature against Christ through vile lusts and wastern and he without

passions, and by unbelief

Christ continues to knock by his word, Heb 4 12, by
his Spirit, by his Providence

China — Men will be no more virtuous without exhortation

China — Vien will be no more virtuous without exhortation than a bell sound without being struck

. Telugu - Unless the child crics, even the mother will not give it suck.

Christ the Lamb of God.-Jone 1 29.

Christ was like a lamb in four points -

(1) Harmless, Heb. 7 26, John 21 15, he was surrounded by wolves, by Sutan a roams; hon, and by Herod

a for, (2) meel, bore the wrongs of spitting on and scourging when led to the slaughter, Heb 12 3, (3) contented, Christ had not where to 113 his head, Mat. 8 2, (4) used an scerifice, Rev 12 11, Christ like the scapegoat bore our sins away into the wilderness, so the Assamedh, or horse sacrifice of the Hindus, was designed to typify a sacrificial purpose. An hypocritical power is compared to a lamb with two horns, but speaking as a drigon, Rev 13 11 In the millennum the lamb is to dwell, with the wolf, Is 11 6, 65 25

The Spiritual Legacy -Lune 22 29

These words were spolen by Christ previous to his Crucifixion, giving to his disciples high honour in the next world his legacy. A legacy is a proof of friendship a sign that death does not dissolve it so Christ, eighteen hundred years ago in an upper room eating his Last Supper gave this proof, the next day he was to hang on a Cross, he sealed thus legacy by breaking bread and drinking wine

Christ's legacy differs from a common legacy in six points —

This Legacy is—(1) in the Bible, we are to search the Scriptines as the miner scanches for gold or as people examine a will immediately after the death of the testator, (2) Elemal, some are left things acquired by fraud or force, and therefore disputed, this property does not corrupt the possessor, i Pet I 4, (3) The legatess are runed sinners, blessed are the poor in spirit, Mat. 5, (4) Ratified by a seal, haptesm and the Lords Supper, the Sunday is the memorial of it, (5) Unconditional, no debt or mortgages intailed, Boaza kinsman wished Naonis property, but not without the condition of marrying I uth so Moses rejected the treasures of Egypt when the condition implied forfating the repreach of Chirist, (6)

Enough for all, when the division is small, quarrels are upt to unse, as in Abraham's, Isano's, and David's families but this kingdom is boundless, many mansions in the Father's House.

Who comes as the Lightning?-Mar 24. 7

Christ's second coming compared to a bridegroom, Mat 27—13, a supper, Rev 19 G-9, a restitution, Acts 2 J-1 We are to want for it, Rom, 8 19-22, to hasten to it, 2 Pet 3 12 The Virgin's ery was at midnight, Mat 25 G at midnight the first born of Egypt died, Ex 12 29 at midnight 185,000 Assyrans were smitter.

The sudden flash, which brings so near to us the thought of an awful power that might consume us in a moment should remaind us of Christs coming. He came at first in great humility, and many years passed by before he manifested forth his glory, that his disciples should behave on him But when he shall come again, he will be seen "in the clouds of heaven." "Every eye shall see him, and they also who pierced him. From one end of heaven to the other, his presence like lightning will be made manifest and his coming will be as sudden as it will be terrible to the wicked. The heavens shall pass away. 2 Pet 3 o

At Christ sfirst coming He was a babe, a servant, his forerunner, John a fakir in the desert, fishermen his attendants, acted as a mediator, spat on derided.

At His second coming He will be King of kings, the trump of the archangel shall sound, angels, archangel,

his attendants, Judge and Lord of all

Christ's coming is also computed Pev 3 3, to a thief in the might. The thief comes to destroy, so in the day of the Lord, the wicked shall be cut sunder, Mat. 24 37. The thirf comes with averagons, so Christ comes in flames of fire, 2 Thes. 5 7-8, and he comes averagetedly when men are at case and askep, like as in the days of Noali, Mat. 24 37, all will be fright and confusion, they will call on the rocks to cover them. Rev 6 16, 17. The thief comes with violat antent, Christ, on the other hand, to punish injustice, and deliver his people, the thicks coming may be prevented, but the day of the Lord vall come, 2 Pct. 3 10 The thief injures a few; Christ evecutes judgment on all

Telugu —If the third said beforehand that he was coming,
I would have secured witnesses.

Tulmud — The owl and the hen wasted together for the morning "The light is of use to me," said the

hen, "but of what use to you?"

Russian —Prepare for death, but neglect not to sow

Christ the Lily of the Valley .- Carr 2 1

Christ is compared to a lily among thorns, like a lily he is fragrant, Gen. S 21, white and pure, Rev 19 8, fruitful, not destroyed by the snow of persecution, beautiful, like a lily among thorns Soil compares an annable youth to a white lily in a bed of narcessuses

The simple beauty of the libes drew on them their Creator's approving notice, when in the days of his flesh, he went in and out among men, and was himself canable of being soothed by the works which he made so fair and pleasant for the children of men Those sweet and lovely flowers were then as unreprovable in his sight as in the day when he first "saw that they were good" Man for whose delight and solace they were made, was now sinful and fallen, but the haudiwork of God in these his humbler creatures, was still such as he could behold with complacency 'They toil not, neither do they spin." the bright clothing, which it is so pleasant to behold is furnished for them without any task imposed on them of painful labour, and they close their flowers at night without any anxious care, lest the kindly shower or the genial sun should fail them on the morrow, Mat. 6 28

Our Saviour does not mean to discourage the toils of honest industry and wise foresight, or obedience to the law which is laid on all of us, "Six days shalt thou labour," but he means, that in these innocent "flowers of the field," we should see an emblem of those who are "without carefulness," and who, having diligently done whatever their hands find to do," are enabled to trust God for the result.

Buddhagosha —The righteous shines amongst the ignorant as the likes in a heap of rubbish

Looking to Jesus -Her. 12 2

As the wear; traveller at night looks for the morning star, so is Christ's advent regarded. The wicked have to look for a fearful judgment day, believers for Christ's coming in the clouds. Phil. 3, 20

A man's looks often indicate his frame of mind, the eye is a mirror of the passions of the soul, it expresses has the tongue joy, and grief, thus the look of a dying husband on his surviving wife or of a drawning man wishing aid.

Looking to Jesus implies—(1) distinct knowledge, Hos 4 5, (2) eagerness for relief, Ps 123 2, Jonah 2 4, (3) humble dependence. (4) affection

This looking implies likeness, 2 Cor 3 18 A cat may look at a king, but the looking does not change her. In this looking we are to look off from other things we are not to let the plough stand to catch a mouse

Panchatantra —The lost, the dead, and the past the wise mourn not over

Person —One s eyes are more delighted at seeing the faces of friends, than by beholding a garden or a parterre

Meekness

Tanul — Are there say snakes who will not hate those who tread on them?

Arabic -Mild speech enchains the heart

Syriac — He who gives not wood to the fire prevents

burning

Innul — A loving disposition is a river without a ripple
Proboth Chandroday — The equanimity of rational men is
steady as the clery unruffled occan, so that they,
hear with reproach from persons whose eyebrows,
gathered up in black anger, present a fearful
appearance, and whose eyes are red as the setting

sun
Turk -- Have the sweetness of the lamb, the force of the
hon, and the sagacity of the elephant

China -Stir not a fire with a sword-ie, provoke not a fool

Syriac - Shut your doors, and ye will not fear enemies-

Turk -Tread not on a sleeping anake

Church Membership -Rou 12 4, 5

The text refers to the different offices and qualifications of Christians See the Fable of the Belly and Members

The Church is called the body of Christ and He is the head Fph 1 22 which implies superiority and sympathy, I Cor 11 3, when the head is cut off the body, in one minute life cesses

Christ the Head who is in heaven is also dwelling by his Spirit in all his members so as to make them one with him and with each other by an union which is closer than that of pirent and child. If we are the body of Christ them we have the confect of knowning that Christ is our life. He is to our soils what the living I rinciple is to our bodies. Being our Head, he is our connellor and guide in all difficulties and auxieties. Being our the lie is our strength in all assaults of Stain in

all trials and temptations. So that it is not our own strength nor our own wisdom that we depend upon, but the strength and wisdom of Christ. As 'the inembers of Christ we shall regard both our souls and bodies with a more solemn and reverential feeling, and shall fear above all things to defile by any wifed sin what is his and not our own.

The Church lile the boly in four points -

That is scarcely to be called a member of our body which is of no us, to the body, nor can he be called a true member of Christ who is of no use to the Church (which is Christ's body) according to the calling in life which God has appointed for him. The apostle says "There are many members in one body, and all have not the same office. All have some office, but all have not the same office And thus in Christ's body overy member is appointed to some useful office, some work of faith and labour of love, in the daily duties of his various callings No two members are appointed to the same office, but all have some service or other assigned to them. The services of some are more honourable than the occupations of the other, but there is no member of Christ that is not called to serve God in some course of useful and dutiful obedience. The eye cannot say to the hand, "I have no need of thee nor again the head to the feet. I have no need of you. any member could sever itself from the rest in a proud independence it would utterly perish. The members have the same care one of another The little brook, which waters a few fields, fulfils the office assigned to it by Providence as truly as the mighty river which hears on its bosom the commerce of a nation

Japan —The back and the belly are not interchangeable

Tumul —Who would wish to cut off the band because by

mistake it struck the eye?

Person — The hands do not perform the business of the heart, but the heart performs that of the hands

Bengal -Are the five fingers equal in length?

Tunul -The head is the chief member of the body, though

the others may be larger
Waley -If the right thigh be pinched, pain will also be felt

in the left
Hebreic -All the fingers are not equal

Turk — Two hands are made for the service of a single

Urdu — Sometimes a boat on a waggon (carrying on shore), and sometimes a waggon on a boat (in crossing a river) Individuals of different rank can help.

each other
Urds —Is the flesh separate from the nail?

Persian — One roof and two winds—i e, persons of oppo-

site tempers living together Persian —The knife does not cut off its own liandle

Who are Spiritual Morchants -Prov 3 13, 14

The rightcons as americal merchants in seven points -

Some supposed in Paul's time that gain was godliness, this is not true yet godliness with contentment is great gain 1 Tim 4 S

The rightens is a good merchant, Mat 13 45
Must be diligent Heb 6 11, punctual Ecc 9 10,
regular in correspondence like the importunate widow,
Luke 18 1, useful Clinistrius are the salt of the earth,
but losses at times occur from storms robbers. His
articles of trade are the gold of Gods love Pev 3 18,
the pearls of Christ's blessings Mat. 13 45, the oil and
wine of Gods spirit Ps. 23 5, the spices of graces,
Cant. 3 6 His acquial is Christs offices as prophet
priest and king, the port he trades to is a distant one,
Is 33 17, a rich one, a royal one all made kings and
priests there, a heavenly, Ph 3 20, his profits are
sansfying enduring Jas 4 13 The spiritual merchant
deals not in adulterated articles, is sure of his profit, he
has arms of defence, Eph. 6 11

"Mahabhara' -- Amass that wealth which has nothing to fear from kings or thieres, and which does not desert thee in duath

The Church compared to the Moon .- CINT 6 10

The Church is called a pillar, I Tim. 3 15, illustrated by the parables of the Tares and Wheat, the Net, the Mustard Seed

The moon receives her brightness from the sun Sho is dark herself and reflects his hight. One half of her orh is always illuminated therewith—a circle of beautiful splendour, but the whole of that circle is not always visible, sometimes hit a thread like portion thereof, and sometimes it is entirely hidden from the eyes. The moon is not in dickness, with we see not her light, her face still looks towards the sun, and is bright with his brightness, but we are so placed not to have the full view thereof.

Such is the Church, it is dark itself, but reflects the light of its Lord. For the graces of Christ beheld by faith produce like graces in the soul.

The Church life the moon in sien points -

(1) Receives light from the sun, Christ is the Sun of Righteousness, Mal. 4 2. (2) Dispenses and reflects whit she receives Mat 5 14, (3) Gives hight at night, so Clinistians in this dirth world, (4) Though fair has spots Jud 12. (5) Sometimes full, sometimes wanting, the Charch now in prosperity again persecuted, but the wicked have reserved for them the blackness of darkness, 2 Pet 2 17, (6) Afore the earth so Christians Ph 3 20; (7) Acts by winsen influence, like the moon on the tides and weather

Rabbins -Be rather the tail of a hon than the head of a fox, Ps S4 10

Bengal -The moon mocks the thieves

Conghalese - Like the moon shining in the desert Polish - Life is like the moon-now darl , now full.

The Hely Spirit's Influence like Oil -Pr 23 5 The Holy Spirit lile oil in fire points -

High priests and kings were appointed to office by anointing with oil, in this way Saul was mide king, I Sam 10 I Christ was anointed to heal the brokenhearted, Luke 4 18, hence his name Cyrus, though a herthen was called God's anomited Is 45 I

The Holy Spirit's influence is like oil in its effects, in -softening, hard tumours are mollified so the swellings of pride , healing, draws the bad humours out, so the wounded traveller had oil poured into his wounds, Luke 10 34, the sick were anomited with oil, Jas 5 14, refreshing used in banquets, and called the oil of joy , made a person active, hence wrestlers and warriors used it for their limbs, makes the face to shine, Stephons face shone like that of an angel, Acts 6 15

Christ's name is compared to ointment poured forth in its presousness, Mat 26 7, fragrance Brotherly love 28 compared Ps 123 2, to oil in its qualities of softening making supple fractant, healing mecious, noured

forth

Phariseeism or Straining at a Gnat while Swallowing a Camel -Mar 23 24

The Phansees urged the murder of Christ yet refused to take the money as the price of blood Mat. 26 65 The Budhists strain water to prevent their swallowing insects Christ called their prido and hypocrisy leaven, as being sour and nenetrating

Tamul -A terrible ascetic, an atrocious cheat Bengal -Scentcd oil on the head, the body, so filthy as to

drive away sleep China -- Water under the grass

China — The mouth of a Baddha, the heart of a snake Badaga — If he is in the wilderness, he is a robber. If he comes to the village, he wishes to be a gurn— ε ε, a religious teacher, Mat. 23, 4-7, 14.

Veman —His forehead is that of a worshipper, his mouth that of a wolf, and his heart that of a roaming demon is he so shameless as to say he has learnt

of the divinity?

Japan —To clothe a wolf in priest's clothes

Tamul —He tells hes by thousands, and builds a temple

Who is the Great Physician ?-Mar 9, 12

Christ went about healing all manner of diseases and spiritual maladies, he said the whole have no need of a physician, but those who are sick

Christ a good physician in ten points -

- I Good natural qualifications Christ has infinite intelligence, "all things are naked to his eyes," Heb 4 13, he has infinite power, we are his workmanship His heart is tender, a High Priest touched with a feeling of our infirmities. A merry and feeling heart does good like a medicine particularly so with a physician, but Christ has sympathy, as he suffered being tempted.
- 2 Training A doctor must know the structure of the body the symptoms of disorders, and the properties of medicines Christ partook of flesh and blood Heb 2 14
- 3 Author...d by competent authority, Christ called of God as was Auton, lifted up vs a serpent in the wilderness The Lord anointed him to bind up the broken herited, Luke 4 18, his miracles were his duploma, John 5 36, 37.
- 4 Efficient matterns provided he sent his word, and healed them, I's 107 20 to be spiritually minded is life and peace. These medicines are not dear or

difficult to procure, the word can be received into the heart by simple faith, all can come to his dispensary, he varies his medicine according to the disease

- 5 Emerience Christ has had 6,000 years' practice ever since it was said the seed of the women shall bruise the serpent's head Age does not unpur his skill, he saves to the uttermost, even in Heaven the song is worthy the lumb, cholera baffles doctors but Christ searches the rems and checks all diseases, he can make Paul's thorn in the fiesh contribute to his lumility
- 6 Attentive Comes at all times without being asked, and watches the crisis
- 7 Generous to the moor Christ tales no fees, says buy without money or price, Is 55 1, Christ is the poor man's doctor, he healed the woman who had spent all her monoy on doctors Luke 8 43

8 Perseneres Christ makes the dry bones live Iz 37 A, he has the brand plucked from the hurning

- o Successful Christ said come all that labour Adam's rebellion, North's drunkenness Manasseh's tyranny were cured, even death is cured Is 25 8 The Persians say of ordinary physicians-when fate arrives the phy sician is a fool
 - 10 Accessible Christ is always so, he never sleeps
 - Christ differs from earthly physicians in nine points -
 - (1) Sometimes decented kill sometimes instead of curing, (2) require to be sent for Luke 19 10, (3) clarge for services Is 55 1, (4) make few sacrifices for their patients Christ gave his blood, (5) cannot raise the dead , (6) sometimes impatient , (7) visit only one patient at a time, (8) subject to disease themselves, Heb 2 17.
 - (o) their medicines lose their virtue by long keeping Talmud -A doctor at a distance is blind.

Bengali -He who has had the ringworm I nows what it really is

Tamul - Parth in medicine makes it effectual Japan - No medicine for lovesickness and a fool Tanul —Is there any medicine for a bad temper?

Russian —A golden bed cannot cure the sick.

Tanul—The friendship of the doctor ends at the threshold.

Telugn—Are you to osk the bullock before you put on the nack-saddle?

Urdu —The barber washes everyone's feet, but thinks it beneath him to wash his own

Tamul —He who has killed 1,000 persons is half a doctor Urdu —There is no physic for falso ideas

Who are Pilgrims on Earth?-lies it ii. 13

Moses gave his son the name of Gershom (the stranger), to signify he was not in his own land, though it gove him shelter when treated with neglect by his own countrymen, and driven away from a royal court, Ex 2 22

The Jevs' journey in the descrt—a type of the Christian pilgrimage in ten points —

- I A journey from a house of bondage, the Jews worked in hot weather in Egypt, a land like a furnace, and were deprived of their children, so the righteous were slaves to Satan, and their offspring were heirs to misery, serving divers lusts, I Pet. 2 11 God says to them, as the angel did to Lot, "Escape for thy life, look not back," Gen. 19 17.
 - 2 Å journey through a dangerous desolate wilderness, hunger, fiery serpents, burning sand, finity rock, a land of drought, of the shadow of death Deut. 8 15, 50 is this world, no food for the soul, temptations for the trail of faith, storms, quicksands of affliction, the enemies of the Christian are fear, Prov 22 13, unbelief, sloth, 1 Tim 5, 13, covetousness, Mat. 16, 24, presumption

3 A journey to a land of Promise the Jews in the wilderness saw this not, yet they had God's word for it,

the stones were iron, a land of fountains flowing with milk and honey, Deut. 8 3, so the Patriarchs were not mindful of that country from whence they came out, ILO 11 15

4 A long and roundabout journey The Jews might have reached Canaan in one month instead of forty years, but thereby their trial and punishment were intended, Deut 8 2, so Christians have a variety of experience, joy, and sorrow, rest will be therefore more sweet

5 Rely on a heavenly guide coming up from the wilderness lenning on the beloved Cint. 3 8, underneath are the evcrlasting arms, Deut. 33 27 A journey under Dirium Government, the Jews were few in Egypt yet lings were reproved for their subo, they multiplied in slavery, in Babylon God was with the Jews, but in the desert there was the pullar of cloud by day, of fire by night, they had angels food, their garmonts and shoes wixed not old, so Christ is with his Church to the end of the world, Mat 28 20, as an eagle over her young ones, Deut 32 11, they mount up with wings as cagles Is 40 31, there we various pretended ways but Christ is the true one

6 A journey with a happy termination, Jordan crossed, each sat under his vino and fig tree so a rest for God's people Is 35 10, all journeys in this world not certain of success

7 Enter by the straight way—of religious conviction their foot on the fiesh their eye on the cross

8 Their Provision on the way bread from heaven

9 Persecrance—of all that came out of Egypt few entered Canaan so Lots wife with regard to Sodom like man putting lus hand to the plough and looking back, Luke 9 62

10 In motion always but towards home, Gen. 47 9

Afghan —To every one his home is hashmir — 1 e, very good

Badaga —A single coal burns not well, a single traveller finds the way heavy

Ramayan — As a man going to another village stays outside, and next day leaving that ahode proceeds on his journey, so home and property are only men's resting places

Providence Rescues from a Herrible Pit-Ps 40 2

. This text alludes to the custom of digging pits to catch wild beasts and covering them with straw or dust, or such like things that they might not be discerned. The P almist in this as in some other passages of his writings, menus by digging a pit to express the mis chievous designs of the wicked who in trying to do him harm by their subtlety, treated him as men did wild beasts which they endeatoured to catch. Joseph was cast into a pit by his envious brethren where they would have left him to perish if Judah had not interposed on his behalf Gen 37 26

Pit also signifies the grate, and the Psalmist expresses the desput he should be in if God alighted him lie should become as a dead man lost and undone. Nothing is so prinful to a grecious soul as the want of God's favour and the sense of his displeasure. His displeasure throwns are worse thru death and the grave. 'Pit also means trouble Despondency of spirit under the sense of God's withdrawings and prevailing doubts and fears about our eternal state are the unto a horrible pit and miry chy. David found humself sinking more and more into inward dis just and perplexity of spirit out of which he could not work hirself.

Atonement a Propinsion Inrough Faith in Christ. 1 on 3.2,

Chris's death as an atonement was typific l by the Pisch I Lat l Lx. 12, the smile of the root Ex. 17 6,

our sins are imputed to Christ, as Adam's were to us, Hom 5.12-21; in I ngland, when a wom in is married, her husbrind is responsible for her debts; the Church is Christ's bride, and he pays her debts, so David was kind to the house of Saul for Jonathan's sale

The atonement was also typified by sucrificing the firstlings of the flock, Gen 4 4, by Israe, about to be offered, Gen, 22 2, by the mercy seat not approached without blood, the scapegort was type, Let 16 21. The atonement is a ceasing out stains, Ps. 51, 2, a passing by, Mic. 7, 18, scattering a cloud that hides the sin, removing sin far away, Ps. 103, 12, healing, Ps. 30, 2. The brazen serpent which cured the Jews bitten by the snakes on their looking at it typified the eye of faith looking on Christ, curing the soul bitten by the screent—sin

If the mercies of God be not leadstones to draw us to heaven, they will be milistenes to sink us to perdition, the wicked are no better for mercies, as the Dead Sea or occan is no sweeter from the rivers of fresh water that

flow in.

Death Rest to the Righteous -Jon 7 3, 3 17-19

Rest spiritual differs from worldly rest in four points -

The saints are weary of battling with their three great enemies—the world, the flesh, and the devil, hke Job, 2 Pet 2 8 Paul wished to depart and be with Christ On Jewish monuments is this inscription "Rest in peace in Eden." This rest is not the rest of a stone, but is a change to a better state, not like the rest of Jonah in the whales belly. How strong was Job's wish for rest when he had to clean his burning boils with a potsherd 2 8, his flesh was clad with worms, 7 4, 5, has breath was corrupt, his bones cleaved to his skin, his friends knew him not, 10 14

The righteous ought not to be in death like a child compelled by the rod to give up play, but like one who,

 tried of play, wishes to go to bed, or like a serman who only waits for a favourible wind to raise his anchor, 2 Thess. 1 6, 7.

How faithfully does the labourer exert his strength, that he may honestly earn the hire for which he has undertaken to bear the burden and heat of the day ! Now and then he looks wastfully at the lengthening shadows, and notices how far the sun has gone down in the heavens Job 7, 2 Most welcome to him will be the honr of rest and payment, but he does not suffer himself to suspend his work until the time agreed upon is come The time for rest will come when the time for work is over. Thus is man set upon the earth to work the work of God for an appointed season, and thus faithfully should he spend himself, and be spent in the service of his gracious Maker He owes to his Maker every faculty of soul and body, and that gracious Being has promised to all who serve him truly a rich reward when the day of life is over The reward, indeed, will be of grace and not of debt, for at best we are unprofitable servants, who have done only what it was our duty to do And which of us has done even so much?

On the other hand, the grave to the worled is a slaughter-house, death like a wolf feeds on them, like sheep they are laid in the grave where their beauty consumes, while the upright shall have dominion over them in the morning of the Resurrection Ps 49 14, Prov 7 22

Telugu —The man who has crossed a river and reached the short, cares no longer for the hide sewn hoat, why should the man who has attained happiness trouble himself about the body? 2 Cor 5 I, Phil 3 12

Urdu -- When I die, I shall get a good nap

Atmobadia - History crossed the sea of fascination, and having killed the grants, Inclination, Aversion, the wise shall, married to Peace, enjoy repose of soul.

He sparing the Rod hates his Son -Pa 13 24

The bee sucks sweet hone, out of the latterest herb if So God will by afflictions teach his children to suck sweet knowledge, sweet obeditine, out of all the latter afflictions and trials he excresses them with, that scouring and rubbing which frets others, shall make them shine the brighter, that weight which crushes and keeps others under, shall but make them, like the primitree, grow better and higher. Stars shine brightest in the dirkest might, torches give the best light when besten, grapes yield most wine when most pressed, spices sinell sweetest when pounded, vines are the better for bleeding, gold looks the brighter for scouring, the jumper smells sweetest in the fire.

Joseph's advancement might have been fatal to him, had he not been previously prepared for it by a long course of suffering. We should have looked upon him with concern, had we seen him in bonds and known his innocence. But God who had a far more indulgent and tender compassion for him, left him in a condition from which we would have delivered him Gen. 37 23-36, 39 20, 21 23. So with the Israelites in the wilderness and Gods love in subjecting them to such trials in it, Dent. 8 3-6, 15, 19.

It, Dett. 8 3-0, 15, 19

Froud Notechadnezzur became humble after his awful punishment, Dan. 4 34-37

So with Jehoshaphat—
God destroyed his fleet to disengage him from his con mexion with wicked Ahaziah, 2 Chron 20 35-37, and it seems to have had this effect, I Kings 22 49

It is a mercy to have that taken from us that takes us from God. The people of Judah were sent into captarity to Babylon for their good Jer 24 5-7, and in this, as appears from Ezra, Liza 9 10 and from Nehemah, Neh 9, the effect was good. Paul's thorn in the flesh was sent to preserve him from pride, 2 Cor 12 7, these examples show that the gem cannot be polished without

friction, nor man perfected without adversity, that affliction is an angel of mercy sent to lead us out of Sodom; that the way of the Cross is the royal way to the Crown, and that the waters, which drowned the world, only lifted up the ark.

Who shall see God?-Mar 5 2

Our knowledge of God in heaven is expressed by seeing in four words -

The Hindus express by darshan the privilege after a long pignings of seeing had. Knowing God is explained by the emblem of seeing, because sight is (1) the dearest of the other senses, as light is given, so our knowledge comes from God, (2) the sense most unitersally exercised, (3) plansing, Eoc 11 7, seeing a friend is very different from hearing about him, the eye is the window of the soul, (4) the most comprehensive the eye is never satisfied with seeing

Dirt loves not a sunbeam, nor the impure to see God, Gon. 3 8, 4 14 Moses saw God through Christ, Num. 22 8, so did Jacob, Gen. 32 30 Beheters while pure walk in the light of Gods countenance, like the moon dark when away from the sun, bright when facing it

Sins like Searlet made White as Snow -Is I 18

Scarlet is obtained from the eggs of an insect found on the leaves of the oal in Spuin, being bright is used for clothing, Saul's daughters were it, 2 Sim 124. Retther dow, ruin, washing, nor long wear can remove the searlet die, it is the fastest colour, so with sin the stain is not removed by ordinary means, a searlet thread was fastened to the scapegort on the day of atonement, white, on the other hand, was the emblem of purity, liev i, i.i., hence the Nararenes, a sect of the Jews, were said to be purer than snow, Lim. 4.7

Who are the Scaled Ones?-2 Tim 2 19

The Holy Spirit like a seal in three points -

The ancient Helirews were seals in rings on their fingers, and in bracelets on their arms. The wicked queen Jezebel wrote the condemnation of Nalioth, whose death she plotted to get his vineyard for her husband Ahab, and sent it to the elders of Israel, signed with his seal, it Kings 21 8

So the ambitious Haman sealed the decree of Ling Ahasuerus against the Jews with the Ling's seal, Esth 3 12, 8 8, it is afterwards stated that the king took off his ring, which he had taken from Human, and gave it to Mordecan. The seal was a mark to prove that things were genuine, as in the above cases it showed that the royal authority was granted for the purposes named within , at other times, it was a pledge for fulfilling terms agreed on between two parties, and also to secure anvthing by closing it up So God, when he seals us by his Holy Spirit, marks his image upon us God is holy, and we cannot be marked with his sent unless we are made holy too When the Holy Spirit so seals us, he also secures us to the day of redemption, as a thin, is shut up from harm by being scaled up, in this way men scal up then writings and treasures, marking them with their own seal, that none may break in and steal them

The Jews used to write on the head of a corpse with ink, "May he be in the bundle of hite, Jehovah the Lord, this was called seeling the dead. The scal makes impressions like itself, so the believer is changed into the same image 2 Cor 3 18, the sraz must be soft to receive the impression, Heb 10 16, so the heart, the wicked liave stony hearts, the things are secured, so believers scaled on their forehead, Rev. 7 3, they are a fountain scaled—i.c., secund against wether, sand, beasts Cant. 4 12, the sans of the wicked are scaled up

in a bag—ie, not forgotten, but the seal of the Holy Spirit on the believer is God's image

The Woman's Seed bruises the Serpent's Head, Grs 3 15.

In the Iceland Mythology the Deity is said to have bruised the Serpent's head, so among the Hindus Krishna 'trumples on the Serpent's head, who bites his heel.

Jesus Christ was the seed of the woman—ie, born of the Virgin Mary, he destroyed the Serpent's—ie, Satan's head, or power, the head of the Serpent is the seat of life Satan is the old Serpent, Rev 12 9

Satan is like a scrpent in fire points -

- 1. Subtle, hes in wait in holes to catch his prey, so the Egyptians behaved to the Babylonians
- 2 Poisonous, Deut. 32 24, yet Paul by Divine and shook off a viner, Acts 28 8
- 3 Watches opportunity to sting, so Ahab could not sleep on account of Naboth's vineyard.
 - 4 Feeds on dust, Satan's food, sin
 - 5 Fair in appearance, 2 Cor 11.14

Self-respect.

Arabic —He who makes himself bran is pecked by hens.

Syriac —Cut your vine with your own hand, not with the hand of others

Who are Servants of Christ?-2 Tor 2 24.

The Jews land a class of house servants, as the Hindus land, who were slaves sold for debt or by their parents, but among the Jews they were set fac on the seventh year, unless they had "with their own consent their ears bored with an aw!, and fustend to the deopports. The devil's children are like them—bond slaves of sin Behevers were slaves to the world, the flesh, and the devil, but are redeemed by Christ, who freed them from hereditry bondage. Christians, though servants, as the sons of a long by regeneration, have a lugh dignity in the court of heaven, such a servant was Joshua to Moses, Elisha to Elijah. Moses was the servant of the Lord, Jos. 1.2.

Christians are like good servants of Christ heing appointed, Is 40 10, obedient, Iuko 22, 27, trusted, Gen. 41 42, delight in work, act according to orders, Ix 25-40, expect trages, render an account, Mat 18 23

Angels, though far higher in rank, power, and intellect than any kings of earth, jet act as servants. They took charge of a beggar's soul, when only the dogs attended to his body, these angels are called servants, Heb I 14, they proclumed their Master's will to Lot, Gen. 18, to Elijah, 2 Kings I 3, to Daniel, 9 21, opposed God's enemies, so Michael fought with the dragon, Rev. 12 9, executed God's judgments in Egypt, Ex. 12 23, hinded the Sodomites, Gen. 19 11, and smote a king, Acts 12 23, defending the godly, they hold the four winds, Rev 7 1-3, they protected Elislia, 2 Kings 6 17, were guides, and carried Lazarus into Ahraham's bosom, will be the reapers in the day of judgment, Mit 24 31

The Shield of Faith.-Eru 6 16

As the soul is the life of the body, faith is the life of the soul, and Christ the life of faith. Faith is the master wheel that sets the other wheels in motion. Faith is also compared to gold tried in the fire, I Pet 1 7

A sheld was made of hides, or even gold, so as to be proof against fiery darts, it was large, so as to defend the vital parts, and movable to protect the head, arms, and chest. A shield made of iron warded off darts and sword cuts, so fath, spiritual assaults, 2 Kings 6 15 Abriham's servant committed him-elf in trust, Gen 24, so Moses, Ex. 33 15, Ruth 1, 16. Paul in prison, Acts 16 25

Telugu -Like a gadfly on a tiger's side

Affliction refines as the Fire does Silver -Mar. 3 2

Affliction like refining silver in eleven points -

This simile is taken from the refiners, who in their crucible separate by fire the dress from the ore, so believers have the fiery trial of trouble, 1 Cor 3 13

- 1 A refiner's work as to try and refine metals, so affliction tries people's graces, Is, 48 10
- ² The metal before refinement 13 full of dross, Mat 15 19 Job 25 4, so we are by nature sinners
- 3 The metal is not pluable before refinement, so our will is stubborn, Job said, God makes my heart soft, Job 23
- 16, Jer 9 7.

 4 More fire required to hasten the worl, so in heavi-
- ness through manifold temptation, r Pet 4 12

 5 The dross removed makes the metal, though less in
- 5 The dross removed makes the metal, though less in quantity, yet of more value Is 13 12
- 6 Refining required several times, so silver seven times refined. God has many modes of refining—fires, floods storm, disease, Ps. 37 20
- 7. The fire is not for wasting the metal, but for purifying it chastened for our profit, Heb 12 2
 - 8 Fine vessels made by this process 2 Tim 2 20
- 9 The refiner refines but a little at a time, God, however refines a kingdom. Alloy is put in to make metal phable, but the Holy Spirit is the hammer of Gods word
 - 10 The metal is not left in the fire after purifying
 - II The refiner uses fuel, so the wicked are Gods

fuel to refine the good, such were Pharach, Bubylon made a burnt mountain, Jer 51. 25, the great captains, Rev. 6 17.

Tamul —Though gold be put into the fire to be refined, its bue is not lost

Canarese — Sandal wood in burning gives off perfumes; so the afflictions of the good, Heb 12 11.

Tumul -Rape seed and sugar cane are profitable when

Raghuransa — Iron by rust becomes soft, why not the soulby grief? 2 Cor 7.10

Polish —He who does not understand how to pray, learns it when he goes to sea.

Chinese —Though the screen be tern, its form is still preserved Though the good man be in want, his virtue still remains

Afghan —Though the cloud be black, white water falls from 11—11c, "a siyer lining to the cloud"

What are the Doed sown for ?-1 Con 15 4°

The Resurrection is called a morning, Ps. 49, 14, after the might of hife, it makes things manifest, its sun comes out and joy arises. Wonderful is the progress of the seed from its first to its second hife, for it has two lives. During its first hife, it grows, and ripens in the plant which bears it, and then falls away to the earth out of which it grew. But it has a second hife after its resurrection from the earth, from whence it springs up with a life of its own, and with a new body. From every seed grows a plant of the same kind with that which hore the seed. God gretch to every seed it some body.

The Word of God teaches us to expect two lives The one is our present earthly life which we have of our parents, the other is the life which we shall have after we have been buried Our body will be a spiritual one, not an animal one, as now, having carnal appetites and desires For es the seed is not quiet nead except it die, so

we cannot obtun eternal hie, but by the way of death The grave is as the furrow of the field in which the seed is sown, and as the sunshine of the spring ruses the seed to life, so shall the Sun of Righteousness return to ruse all those who are buried in the earth. The time is coming when they that are in their graves shall hear fins voice, and come forth, as Lazarus came forth from the tomb when Jesus called him. The good seed of wheat and other grain is gathered for use, and laid up in the harn, as the righteous, when they die are gathered to their fathers, but the evil seeds of the thistic are blown about by the winds, and scattered over the face of the earth.

Our bodies every seven years change every particle, so the seed in the durkness of the ground decomposes, driving its new body from earth, water, and air, until it becomes like the banyan or cotton tree, so the body in the grave may be like a worm, but it will become like a butterfly. Seeds in Egyptiun mummers have germinated after a thousand years. We cast our nee seed into muddy waters, it sinks but soon a plentful nee harvest appears.

Katha Upanishad —Like corn a mortal ripens, like corn he is produced again

Who is the Morning Star P-Rzv 22 16.

Angels are called morning stars, as being made in the morning of creation Job 38 7. The dawn saud in the Vedas "to be born in the eastern quarter of the firmament, displaying a banner of light bringing health to human habitations, many taited, angels as the morning star beautiful, so Stephens face when dying like an angel a Acts 6 (5), Sann was called Lucifer—cc, on angel of light.

The morning star called the day star, arising in the hearts, 2 Pet. 1 9, the King of Assyria is so called, Is, 14, 12, as Labylon was the first of kingdoms,

Christ life the Morning Star in nine points -

- Solul light, twinkles not, fixed in its orb, so no intermission in Christ, his spiritual light the "arme yesterday, to-day, and for ever, Heb. 13 8, so Christ will never leave, Heb. 13 5, Mat. 28, 20
- 2 Harbinger of the sim, so when the day spring came, people that sat in darkness saw the light, Mat 4 16, forcumer of the morning of the resurrection, I's 49 11, 4 the might of life is far spent, the day of resurrection is at hand, Rom 13 11, 12
 - 3 Ornaments the heavens, beautiful to see, so is Clinist above Mores, Pe. 47 1, David in his day said I shall be satisfied when I awake after his likences, Pe. 17 15, Paul said I have a desire to depart, Ph. 1 23
 - 4 Guides mariners, when they have lest the polar star, so Christ, the light of life warns against the rocks and shoals of the world, the flesh and the devil, in the account of life
 - 5 Most useful in wintry darlness, so are Christ's offices, now of prophet priest and king in this dark world
 - G A star of the first magnitude, John, Peter, James were stars but Christ, though the offspring of David was
 - the brightness of the Father's glory, Heb I 3
 7 Terrible to theers, indicating the departure of darkness so Satan, at the dawn of redemption attempted Christs destruction in the temple, Mat. 4 5, Jews said, let us kill the heir Mrt. 21 38, the Jews led Christ to the brow of the lill Luke 4 29, so the devils thought he was come to terment them before the time, Mat. 8 29.
 - 8 The same as the evening star so Christ is the Alpha and Omega the author and finisher of our salvation, Rev I 8, Heb 12 2
 - 9 Clouds hunder not uts course, so Christ will come and will not tarry, Heb 10 37, Galileo said, men may imprison me for beheving the earth moves, but it moves

'It's hard to kick against the pricks, Acts 9 5, the blood of the martyrs was the seed of the Church.

The morning star is created, Christ made the heavens, Ps 102 25, is of a fiery red colour Christ is meek, a mild hight, the morning star and sun are different, Christ is both. The morning star gives hight only by night, Christ is an everlisting light, Is 60 20, the morning star enlightens only this world, Christ both worlds. The morning star shall be dissolved, Christ hever, Heb 13 8

The Storm of God's Wrath,-Is 75 4.

The wrath of God wreaks itself by various agencies, Deut 28 22, hervon is represented as our Father's house, a marriage feast the household of God, while earth is stormy, but Christ is a hiding place from the wind. Earthquakes have destroyed cities, as Lisbon, so the blast of the Prince of the Power of the Air blew down Eden, hence David wished for the wings of a dove, when assailed by storm of calumny, Ps. 55 6, so many mule shipwired. of faith

Gods wrath compared to a winepress, Rev 14 19, to wiping out as a dish as God did Jerusalem, 2 Kings 21 12

Gods storm is of God's scading, as in Jonah's case, Jonah I 4, hall showers destroyed the Amorites, wind buried the Egyptians like lead in the sea Ex. 15 10, branstone was rained on Sodom, Gen. 19 24, so Tophet was ordained of old, Is 30 33

The sunner first raised it, Is 17 15

Storms are of fearful violence, Ps 107 27, in a storm ships mount up to heaven and stagger like a drunken man, so the great day of wrath is come and who will be able to stand? Rev 6 17.

Aerial storms are fierce but short,

Who are Strangers on Earth?

The righteous lile strangers on earth in five points -

A traveller sat by a well in a wilderness, he had been expelled from his country because he took the part of slaves aguinst their royal oppressors. He quenched his thirst and showed his politeness to several maidens, and procuring drink for their flocks, invited to their house, he spent forty years there in seclusion as a shepheral. A son was born to him, named Gershom or the stringer, the fathers name was Moses

David, though a king acknowledged he was a stringer on earth, I Chron 29 15, saints are entirens of the New Jerusalem, Rich 12 22, being born from above, they have a now fatherland, they therefore repose as though they rejoised not, I Cor 7 30, they abstrin from fleshly lusts, I Pet. 2 11, take joyfully the spoiling of their goods, 2 Cor 4 8, 9, fall not out with their companions on this way, Gen 45 24 Abraham left his country because it was adolatrous, Josh 21 2, 3 The patriarchs haved in tents to show ther were strangers

The righteous are strangers on earth as to—(1) place, heaven is their home as they are born enew, the earth to them is like a wilderness with its brackish water, burning sands, fierce storms such as are in Central Asia, (2) the people, worldly people have the devil as their father, believers in God bear the image of the heavenly, (3) employment, while one does the works of the flesh, the other does those of the Spirit, minding the one thing needful, their God is not their belly, (4) manners, believers are clothed with lumility, roll not sin as a sweet morsel under their tongue, they have put off the old man, (5) language, believers talk of subjects which are sealed to the world &c, they have little intercourse with worldly people

Believers as pilgrims or travellers finding no rest for

, their soul on earth, carefully consider the cost, the difficulty, the danger, of their journey to Heaven, wisely they put on the light, the new, the defensive, and never worn out garments of salvation, and take to them the whole armour of God, for their safety against foes Wisely they receive Jesus and his fulness as their gold, their treasure, to bear their expenses on the way They receive his father for their companion. his Spirit to be their guide, his word to be their director and compass; his love, his power, and promises for their supporting staff Carefully they ask for the good well beaten old way of holmess, and continue walking therein, sweetly they drink out of its wells of salvation and refresh themselves, but do not tarry in the inns of ordinances built close at hand! Now their duty is pleasant and easy, anon it is rugged and difficult. Now, they enjoy tho fine weather of peace and prospenty , clear views of Jesus and his countenance, wide prospects of his loveliness and love, clear discoveries of the vanity of this world, of the happiness of their present, and of the glory of then future state, anon they are distressed with cold winters of trouble storms of temptation, dark nights of sin and disorder, that they know not what to do, or whither to go How oft fearfully pinched for provision How oft the wells of promises seem dry, and mns of ordinances are found empty! How oft exposed to the gazing ridicule, and malice of carn'd men! How oft by Satan and their lusts harassed and robbed of their grace or its evidence! How oft tempted like Lots wife to turn buck! But through every tribulation they push forward to the city, the celestial kingdom of God. and with so much more cheerfulness, if they enjoy the company of emment saints, they go from strength to strength till they appear before God in Zion They are called strangers and sojourners with God on earth. How strange to carnal men is their state of union and com mumon with Christ! How strange their birth from s

above! Their having God their father' Christ their ' husband! Glorified sunts their principal people! In what strange what celestial country, are their portion, their inheritance, their hopes their affections, their thoughts their desires! With what strange role of divine righteourness implanted grace and Gospel holmess are they decked! What strange armour of God they lave put on! How strangely they speak the spiritual language of prayer and praise! Pour out their hearts, behave as becomes the high calling of God! Walk with Tather, Son and Holy Glost whom the world see and know not! I ced on the strange provision of Jesus person, righteousness and benefits! How imployed in the unknown labour of numbering their days, of considering their latter end, of ploughing up the fallow ground of their heart, of sowing to themselves in rightcourness, of buying without money and without piece, of denying and loathing themselves, of warring with principalities nowers and spiritual wickedness, of renouncing the profit pleasure, and honour of this world, of extracting good from evil and sweet out of bitter, of loving their enemies, and rendering them blessing for cursing

The Sun of Righteousness with Healing on his Wings

In the Vedas the sun is called my diffuser deep quivering life bestowing golden handed the eye of the universe the soul of all that moves

In Judea every morning about sunnise a fresh breeze blows from the sea across the land, from its utility in purifying the infected air it is called the doctor, this salubrious breeze which attends the rising of the sun may be considered the wings of the sun. So Christ is the one mediator the sun of our system, he is the eye of the world gives light to all drives away gloom, like the sun he operates differently hardens clay and

coftens wax, eclipses the light of the stars by his own Flowers as the tulip and mangold open to the solar so do believers hearts to Christ's, beams

Sick or delicate people generally feel worse during maint when the sun cerses to slume, the morning dawn often revives them after a bad mght. All the candles in the world put together could not give a light equal to that of day, which can come only from the sun, so with human intelligence compared to Christ.

The sun shines on all penetrates deeply exhales the actions vapours from the earth cheers by its light valed sometimes by clouds it soon disperses them and the light of the stars grows pule before it

The sun is the source of light and beauty without it all is gloom and dulness. David calls it God's taker nucle, in Chaldea they worshipped the sun, we are to use it however, to lead us unto God as our rock as an amblem of Cod's unchangeableness and of his being the foundation of inexhausthile overflowing benevolence as the sun is a type of God's effulgence and energy so the term Sun of Pa_olicousness is jecularly applicable to Clinist.

Christ is life the sun in four points -

1 The sun is the centre of the planets has attraction is an advanantime chinn which bringing on notiting keeps the I lanets in their place so Christ is the head of the Church Pph 5 23 Look not to yoursches but to Christ. Thirty planets with orbits millions of miles in diameter some performing their resolution in a century move round this sun, so Christ is the heal of all principalities and of nucles I th 1 21.

the same yesterday, to day, and for ever, but the sun has spots, in the Spiritual Sun there is no darkness, I John I 5 The sun, however, shall wax old as a garment, not so Christ Heb I 12 The sun was stopped by

Joshua, not so the Sun of Righteousness, various mys from the sun concentrate in the rainbow, so God's attributes blended in Christ's—nighteousness and peaco have kissed each other, Ps 135 10 Christ seen of angels, received into glory the gize of Intelligences in other regions of creation

3 The sum as the source of light, heat, beauty in Christ is the true light, John 1 7, the day spring from on light Light reveals things as a ray does particles of dust so the publican found Lulo 18 13 The sun's light awakens life in the spring so in Ezchicles valley of dry bones the breath of life, Ez 37

4 The sun's rising is gradual but punctual, so Christ illuminated first the Jews then the heathen

Atmaboda Prakasika —Knowledge overcomes ignorance as sunlight darkness

Rig Veda — The dawn, the breath and life of all that breathes and lives, awaking day by day mynads of prostante eleopers as from death, causing the birds to flutter from their nests, and rousing men to ply with busy feet their daily duties

Katha Upanishad—As the sun the eye of the whole world, is not sulled by the defects of external objects, so the inner soul of all beings is not sulled by the misery of the world

The Sword of the Spirit -Ers 6 17, Rec 4, 17

There are two words of God one written on paper the Bible the other written by the Spint on the heart Clinst is also called the word of God as being the Eternal Son

God's revelition is compared to-a letter from the father

of mercies to his children at school—a banquet where all are invited—a prism which only glistens when in the light—a portrait of an absent friend—a storchouse of spiritual weapons—a telescope revealing the glories of the upper world. Divid compares it to silver tried in a furnace of earth seven times refined, Ps. 12. 6.

Heavenly Treasures in Earthen Vessels,-2 Con. 4. 7.

The body is compared to an earthen vessel, as being brittle, leaky, mean, of little value, yet it has the souls treasure in it, as the Bengalis say—"like fine rice in a torn bag"

Treasure in eurthen vessels may refer to the lamps which were concealed in Gideon's pitchers till they were broken, when he alarmed the army of the Midamtes while asleep in their camp, Judg 7 16 So the Gospel is put into eurthen vessels, and proves a glorious light to some, while it is hidden to others Christ says lay not up treasures on earth, Mat. 6 19, or in an earthen house easily dig through hy robbers

The Gospel is a treasure, for the reception of it into our learts makes us "rich in faith," presents to us "the unscardiable riches of Christ," and teaches us to lay up for curselves "durable riches and righteousness'. The dying believer, though ever so rich in this world, losse everything at last which he has in it, but, if he has Christ for his portion, he is nicher than all the world he chaves behind him, for everything belonging to the world must perish—moth and rust consume them—but nothing can deprive us of this treasure, "for who shall separate us from the love of Christ?"

Bengal —Even in sweet mangoes worms breed Bengal —Families and witer descend—i.e., decay Tamul — A crooked pot will hold sugar Aurd —The camel carries sugar, cats thoras Sanskrit —A diamond is trodden under foot, and glass is worn on the head, even in that stage glass is glass and a gem n gem

Mahabhard - Neither mother, nor children, nor kinsmen, nor dear famihar friends follow a man in death, ho departs olone - Tho deeds olone which he has done ore ha fellow-trivellers

Man rovivos not as a Treo -Jos 14. 7, 12

The Romans made trees a symbol of death, planted those in buriel places, from whose roots no germs arise, such as the pune, cyprus Min does not revive to return from death to the scenes of his earthly occupations, not so a tree Night comes, but so does the morning, with firsh frigrance glittering with dew Winter ravages, but the embryo blossom survives and spring comes When the treal of the tree is cut down, it dies not altogether, life remains within, but man cut down does not spring up ogain

China -- Withered trees in spring burst forth afresh, but man cannot be twice young

Japan -Flowers on n dead tree

Japan -The flower returns not to the branch

Who walks with God?-Gzh 5 22

Spiritual lile material nathing in five points -

Communion with God is represented by going upthrough the wilderness, learning on the Beloved, Cant. 8 5, with hope and earnest desire to obtain the better country

Walking refers to religious conduct. Thus, Encode walked with God, and he was not, Gen 5 24, Noah walked before God Gen 6 9, Josiah after the Lord, Kings 23 3, belieters walk in the spint Gal 5 25, the Churches, after Pauls conversion walked in the conforts

of the Holy Ghost, Acts 9 31; Nebuchadnezzar condemned those that walked in pride, Dan. 4 37.

Walking implies—(1) Life, the believer has a resurrection from the death of sin, Gal. 5.24; (2) Light, to see the road; (3) Motion, not mere knowing, but doing, I Kings 11.38, (4) Progress, steady, like an elephant, not by jerks as a goat goes; Paul forgot the things behind in pressing on, Phil. 3 13, (5) Perseverance, so. Hezekiah on his death-bed, z Kings, 20.3; (6) a Road, the old pith trodden by Abel, and marked out by sacrifices; (7) an Object, through the wilderness to the heavenly Canaan; erromispectly, "like a cat on a wall covered with bottles."

Walking in noble company is a great privilege for an inferior, Christians were slaves to Satan, converted, they walk with God as their Father. Thus did Lnoch walk with God, and he was not, for God took him, Gen. 5, 22.

The Holy Spirit like Water.—Rev 22 1

The Gospel is the ministration of the Spirit; hence the Spirit with his gifts is often compared to water, as Christ said to the woman of Samaria, John 4 14

The Holy Spirit like water in nine points -

1. Water comes from the ocean and clouds and returns to them; so the Holy Spirit the Comforter comes from the Father the Ocean of Raing, John 15 26

2 Cleanses the soul from sm, 1 Cor 6 11, John 15.3; so Christ's blood through the Eternal Spirit, Heb 13, 14, 1 Pet. 1. 22

3. Cools; so evil desires cooled by the Holy Spirit, 1 John 1-7, Smil's lust of blood was cooled, Acts 9-20, but Dives legged for water to cool his tongme, Luke 16, 24

4. Fructifice, man naturally is as the wild heath in the desert from drought, not like griss kept green. Zarcheus

the publican on his conversion, cried out, "The half of my goods I give to the poor," Linke 19 8, so those who lud their money at the Apostles' feet, Acts 4 37.

5 Softens, Ps 65 10 Water softens and prepares the earth for the plough Saul so fierce, cried out, "What wilt thou have me to do," Acts 9 6 Three

thousand were pracked to the heart, Acts 2. 37.
6 Quenches thurst. The desires of the soul are only satisfied by the Holy Spirit

7 Accessible to all, cheap, Is 55 1 Ho every one athurst come to the river of water of life, Rev. 22. 7.

8 Extinguishes fire, so the fire of passion and of pride is extinguished. Too much earthy water may surfeit, it may become muddy. The Romans symbolized diseases by muddy waters. One of their punishments was to throw a criminal into a lake of muddy water. Many go long distances to get good water, but the Spiritual Water is in the reach of all. The water of punishments manipulation among the Jews was mingled with the ashes of the red heifer being spirikled by a brinch of hyssop on the unclean purty and he was purified, Ex. 12 22 Good will spirikle clean water on the wicked.

9 Penetrates easily, so the Spirit is poured out, floods on the dry ground, Joel 2 28, Is 44 3

The Way to Heaven.-Jone 14 6.

The way to heaven differs from earthly ways in nine points -

The Hundus call panth or way the line of doctrine of any sect followed in order to attain to multi or deliverance from sin. Way signifies the chief means to an end, and is applied to the Scripture, Ps 119 27, to Gods coursels to tooks works. This spiritual way is—(1) any to find Is 35 8, (2) dean, no mud of sin, (3) near out of repair. Christ the same now as Good years ago,

(4) no lion or wild heasts on, (5) costly, the blood of Christ made it, (6) not lonely, many behevers on it, Heb 12 I, (7) no toll, all may come, (8) wide, Christ sends out to the highways and hedges, Mat. 22 9 The way to the cities of refuge was forty eight feet wide The map of the Bible shows this pith, (9) the end pleasant—Heaven.

The veil that was hung before the Holy of Holies, and which none might pass through, but the high priest once a year, signified to us that there was no direct way to Heaven under the law "By the law is the knowledge of sin," not the means of deliverance from the power or punishment of sin And by the rending of the veil at the tune of our Saviour's death was signified that a way was henceforth opened to the pentient unto life eternal, even by the blood of Jesus Christ In the pussage— "I am the way, the truth, and the life, our Lord meant, "I am the way to Heaven. He had just before told his disciples, that he was soon going to leave them, and to prepare a place for them, meaning that he was going to Heaven, and there they should follow, and be happy with him for ever But his disciples did not quite understand him, and when he said, "Whither I go ye know, and the way ye know. Thomas rephed, 'Lord, we know hot whither thou goest, and how can we know the way?' Christ meant, that he was going to Heaven, and that there was no getting there but through him, just as a way leads to a place, or, in other words, we must follow him and he will show us the way, for hke him we must have holy lives like him we must pass through the grave like him our bodies must rise agun.

Japan —A road of 1,000 miles begins with one step Urdu —Who leaves the highway for a byepath will soon loss his way

Person -Travel the highway though it be roundabout

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Christ a Woll of Water - John 4, 14, Zech 13 1

These words were uttered by Christ when wearied and thursty in the heat of the day, he drank well water received from a Samaritan woman-a pariali Wells were greatly valued in deserts, hence the march of caravans was regulated by the wells, Ex 15 27, Lot's and Abraham's herdsmen strove about the possession of a well, Gen 26 15 But wells often dry up, or are filled up with sand Christ the same always the wicked are compared to wells without water, 2 Pet 2 17 See Fountam, p 38.

The Hely Spirit's Influence like the Wind -Jour 3 5 8

The Holy Spirit's influence life usual in six points -

We see not the wind itself, but we see what it does, whether when the forest is bowed by some mighty tempest, as in a cyclone, or when the corn waves under the gentle braze, soft as the dew, and the flowers of the garden give out their fragrance as they tremble at its softest touch

It is thus with God's Holy Spirit It is my sterious in its coming and in its influence. Unseen itself, it is seen in its effects. The mighty change which the world has undergone, since first the doctrine of the Cross was preached by peasants of Judea, with no laman aid to support them, is the work of the unseen but ever present Spirit, by which the false philosophics and vain superstitions have fallen before the truth, as Dagon before the ark, I Sam 5 2

The Holy Spirit tile the wind in six points -

The nend is-(1) invisible, though its effects are seen in cyclones when it trivels at 120 miles an hour, so the Spirits influence in conversion, (2) comes at God's command, he gathers the winds in his fist Prov. 30 4, (3) purifies, drives had vapours away, so grice dous evil passions; (4) practices, passes through a large city and over hundreds of intles; (5) rarious, the north wind percing, the south wind warming; so the Holy Spitit rebukes some, comforts others, tempests destroy big ships and large trees; (6) sets in motion; we cannot sail across the ocean of life without the wind of the Spirit. Providence has his way in the sea, and he flies on the wings of the wind, Ps. 18, 10.

Almabadha Prahanta.—The Spirit is in contact with matter
without being contaminated by it, just as the
crystal permits the colour of the cloth to be seen
through it without being in any way defiled

by it.

Christ's Yoke easy end his Burthen light.—Max ii :8-30.

Asses or oxen are yoked or harnessed to a cart, sometimes this yoko is heavy, and the burthen of the eart falls on the neck, which becomes chifed, the animal is, however, the property of the owner, who does what he likes Men are under the yoke of Satan, they are slives, and Christ comes with the ransom money Bullocks often, though well-fed, do not like to submit to the yoke, and kick against it, Jer 31 18, but must at last subunit, so the sinner must bridle his tongue and passions—he must

Reconcile the casy yoke with the narrow way?

not be stiff necked.

QUESTIONS ON THE EMBLEMS.

Between the afflictions of the righteons and the wicked four noints of difference

Affliction is compared to eleven different objects Horz like an anchor in three points

Gon's any differs from man's arm in three points What eight animals are the wicked compared to?

What three birds teach men lessons?

To what two birds are the righteous compared?

The lody is like what the Arabs are fond of, and in three nomis. The Chuncu like the body in four points

Gon as a builder differs from earthly builders in five noints

The WICKED like captices in four points

The number like little children in six points Christ's second coming compared to five different things

MORTIFYING THE PLESH like Crucifizion in three points, Chrui and his work compared to fifteen objects

Courage of the righteous compared to what entered?

DEATH of the righteous like a shock of corn in eight points

The HEAVENLY CITY differs from an earthly city in five points.

The WICKED like dross in six points Conscience compared to five different objects

DEATH of the righteous and wicked compared to twelve different

The DEVIL compared to what five assemble? The Holy Strait like dew in seven points

The meek like a dore in four points Wicked like dogs in ten points Double minded like what three objects PRAYING is like mounting on eagle's wings in nine points Exty is compared to what is often seen in a Apopulat

Parrit compared to what four objects ? The FICKLE compared to wist the sluggard does not see

Gop like a father in ten points

Gon like a fountain in eight points

CHRIST'S PRIENDSHIP differs from earthly friendship in five points

The Church like a garden in seven points TRUTH a gardle in seven points

The WICKED like goals in four points

FAITH like gold in ten points HEARERS, not doers, compared to what vain people like

HEAVEY compared to seven things

The HEAVENLY horse differs from the earthly one in three points

The HIGHTEOUS like God's husbandry in ten points

HUMILITY like four objects

HOLINESS compared to seven things

The Holy Spirit compared to mine objects

House, to what part of a, 13 Christ compared?

Hopes of the world like what is found in a dirty house

Horns of the wicked compared to four objects

The IGYORANT compared to fifteen objects

EARTHLY INHERITANCE differs from the beavenly inheritance in six points

PRAYER like successe in five points

What Exsect teaches man a lesson?

The IDLE compared to four things

Gon's PROPLE his genele in mino points

Gon differs from earthly judges in four points.

The SPIRITUAL KINGDOM differs from an earthly Lingdom in mino points

The atcurrors like lings in six points.

CHRIST's second coming like lightning in three points

Chaisr's axeaer duffers from a common legacy in four points

CHRIST like a lamb in four points

Sin like leprosy in thirteen points

Live is compared to a thing you do not see at night. Life is compared to a thing you do not see in summer

Lufe is compared to what thieves are foud of

MERCHENT, the righteous, a spiritual, in seven points

Gon's Wond like sull in three points

This World like sight in four points

OLD AGE compared to seven things

Holy Syratt's influence I ke oil in four points PARDON OF SIN compared to three things

PRAYER compared to five objects

PROVIDENCE compared to three things The Rightrory l'le the pale fre in fire points.

The Lightreous like a polyton in nine points Hant like a prisse in six poin's.

CHRIST differed from other physicians in nine points

PUNCTUALITY taught by what bird?

SIN like a poisonous serpent in five points God's Punishment compared to eight objects

The Spiritual differs from the worldly race in six points

God's INFLUENCE like rain in seven points.

The RESURRECTION like what four objects

Rest spiritual differs from worldly rest in four points

RICHES compared to a certain bird

The river of God's Grace differs from an earthly river in nine points

CHRIST like a rock in ten points

TVIL PASSIONS like the sea in eight points Gon's Wond like seed in twelve points

The RIGHTEOUS like soldiers in twelve points

The RIGHTEOUS strangers on earth in five points

AFFLICTION like refined silver in ten points. The RIGHTFOUS are servants in six points.

The Rightzous like sheep in ten points

The STATER'S HEAFT a stone in four points

STORM of God's wrath differs from earthly storms in four points

The RIGHTEOUS shall be like stars in five points

CHRIST like the saw in four points
DEATH of the righteons like sleep in four points.

PROVIDENCE like a good shepherd in five points

The Rightzous like something very valuable got from the sea. The Hour Spirit like a seal in three points

Time like to what five objects?

The Tougue like to what five objects?

Wicken like thorns in six points

RIGHTEOUS like what four trees? Tile RIGHTEOUS are watchmen in seven points.

The War to heaven differs from earlily ways in nine respects

Stinitual like insternal walking in five points. The Hota Stinix like water in nine points

The Wonth like a wilderness in eight points.
The Horr Spierr like wind in six points.

Words and Drans compared to five objects Conscience like a worse in three points

Max like a corn in five points Wicked like what is often seen in het countries

World a Pleast nes brief I ke what grows of itself World compared to a thing found chiefly with the poor

SCRIPTURE SIMILES ILLUSTRATIVE OF TEXTS.

Adoption, Believers have received the spirit of	Roze \$ 15
Arm of flesh, be trusting in, cursed .	Jer 16 5
Bride of Christ, the Church the	Rec 21 9
Blood, wee unto him that builds a town with	Hab 2 12
Ness Term should be Come to the with	
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